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VOLUME. LXIV—NO. 150. SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1905—SIXTEEN PAGES. ☆ ☆ PRICE TWO CENTS.

MERICA INVITED TO WORLD'S STAGE

...ish Premier Declares That United States Should Play a Large Part in Europe's Politics.

...E CANNOT BE IGNORED

...assador Reid Given Notable Welcome to England at the Pilgrim Club Dinner.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 23.—The banquet of the ...rim club tonight welcoming Ambassador Reid proved the occasion of great international significance. Not only was it a ...ticeable tribute to the new ambassador, ...ttended in by one of the most distinguished companies that ever gathered in London, but it gained almost historic importance from Prime Minister Balfour's solemn declaration that America's duty to civilization and the cause of peace must soon impel her to abandon her traditional policy of isolation and to accept her rightful responsibilities in the family of nations.

His words constituted almost an invitation for the United States to enter into a treaty or alliance with Great Britain for safeguarding the world's peace. They were interpreted, at least, by the distinguished Anglo-American assembly, which received them with a great demonstration of enthusiasm, as well as many visiting Americans.

Premier Balfour's Speech.

Premier Balfour proposed the toast of the evening. After a high personal compliment to Ambassador Reid, he said:

"Commercial traditions have indicated the desire of the United States to keep themselves as little entangled as may be in the complex political relations of the old world on this side of the Atlantic. I doubt whether, in its absolute extreme form, that doctrine is likely to be permanently maintained. So great a nation as that Mr. Reid, represent, owing so much to and giving so much to the civilization of Europe, sharing its learning and ...ding its science, can hardly expect to ...ain to share all these things and yet ...o part whatever in the political life ...ich is an inseparable element of them.

"It is almost as inconceivable that the United States should remain in that ideal state as that some vast planet, suddenly ...ded into the solar system, should ...se its perturbing influence on other ...

"I do not think either America or Europe will regard this inevitable contingency with ...ther feeling than gratification, and, so ... we of Great Britain are concerned, ... pride."

Mr. Balfour then referred to the efforts made by President Roosevelt to bring about peace between Japan and Russia, and continued:

"In this great crisis the United States had the great advantage of not having been so entangled in any of the complicated relations which embarrass the western powers. President Roosevelt had taken the right step, and used exactly the right means of ...ducting negotiations which every man in ...reat Britain and every man in the civilized ...rld desired should end in the termination ... the war.

Ambassador Reid's Reply.

Ambassador Reid, who was personally known to most of those present, received an enthusiastic reception on rising to reply, the company singing "America" and "He's a Jolly Good Fellow." Mr. Reid said:

"Words fail me for proper acknowledgment of the too kind things you have been pleased to say and the too generous manner in which they have been received. Nor can I trust myself to tell you how much I value the still greater compliment implied in the meeting of this extraordinary and representative company, which stands, as I well know, for so much of what both of our countries hold in the highest honor.

"I must confess that such occasions tend to promote sober humility. I have never listened to these too highly confident anticipations without an eager prayer that ...ne so little warranted might not be wholly disappointed, just as heretofore I have never received recognition of any bit of official work without wondering how a generous public could rate my work so far above its real worth.

"With all my heart I thank you. With all my poor ability I shall try to do my duty. I shall not equal my distinguished predecessors in winning your plaudits. What American in this generation can? But in one thing I shall not surpass me, in pride alike in the country which sends me and in the country which receives me, as well as in the profound conviction that what is in a large way for the real interest of one will generally be found in the long run to be in the real interest of both, and that common institutions, character, and aspirations must make our ...ng advances lie henceforth in parallel ...

Two Nations Are Friends.

"Now, as to this business which one bears a very hand, the great duty of the American ambassador—the business of laboring at home and out of season with the sole thought and aim of bringing about friendly relations between the two countries. A great dinner after dinner orator recently began a charming speech by a protest that his toast was the most absurd ever committed by the ...ence of man. He would be too daring a ...gitimer who should attempt either in that ... anything to imitate Lord Rosebery.

"But still, perhaps, I might be permitted to say to you, too, that it would be less ... kind if at this date and after all that ... gone before, you should expect from me ... evening a long speech on the expediency ... necessity of friendly relations between the ... countries.

"Now, if ever, is surely the time when one ... not weary you by saying at length such ... undisputed thing in such a solemn way. ... course, we ought to be on good terms. ... not? Let me put it a little differently. ... are on good terms. Why not? What ...ionable reason is there now why the two ...at branches of the English speaking family ... should not be as they are, actually enjoying ... friendly relations? We are told that it ... our duty to bring these about. That is ... normal state. That has been increasingly for a good many years their historical ... It is a thing which now comes naturally. ... opposite is what would be unnatural.

(Continued on page 6, column 2.)

EXTRA

5:30 A. M.

2,000 VICTIMS IN LODZ.

BLACK FIDAY FOR TOWN IN RUSSIAN POLAND.

Soldiers and Striking Workmen Fight in Streets All Day Long—Troops Take Barricades by Storm with Fearful Loss of Life—Entire City in Revolt Against Military Authority of the Czar—Martial Law Declared and City in Panic.

LODZ, Russian Poland, June 24, 6 a. m.—Yesterday, Black Friday, in Lodz, surpassed all the horrors of Red Sunday in St. Petersburg.

While it is not yet possible to ascertain the exact number of the victims, estimates place the killed and wounded as high as 2,000.

Sixty thousand striking workmen who defy the authority of the Czar fought all day with the soldiers.

The greatest loss of life was at the barricades. Fifteen of these barricades were erected in the streets and behind them the strikers, well armed, fired on the troops.

Martial law has been declared. The entire city is in a panic of fear.

Workmen openly proclaim the revolution and defy the authority of the czar.

SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1905.

THE WEATHER—

FORECAST—Fair Saturday, partly cloudy Sunday, slightly warmer, variable winds, mostly easterly. Sunrise, 4:17; sunset, 7:27.

CONDITIONS YESTERDAY.

Temperature, max. 62, min. 55, mean 58, normal for the day 72. Deficiency for 1905, 275. Precipitation for 24 hours to 7 p. m., 0. Deficiency for 1905, .30 inch. Wind, N. E., max. 31 miles an hour, at 12:30 a. m. Relative humidity, 7 a. m. 77%, 7 p. m. 85%.

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LOCAL.

Indictments in preparation charging officers of Illinois Brick company with conspiracy to force independent companies into trust. **Page 1.**

Republican caucus at close of primaries decided on judicial and sanitary slate. **Page 1.**

Federal warrants issued for heads of Continental Financing company; J. W. Lobb arrested; Henry Wulff, ex-state treasurer, not found. **Page 1.**

Trolley car held up in Winnetka and $65 and watch taken from passengers by masked men, who escaped. **Page 1.**

President Powell of merit board says civil service employes of city must not hold office and be active in political clubs. **Page 2.**

Supreme court upheld right of courts to punish violations of injunction without jury trial. **Page 2.**

Mayor Dunne intimated desire to discharge Fire Chief Campion. **Page 2.**

Lake Shore officials hope President Newman will rescind order making Twentieth Century twenty hour train again. **Page 3.**

TEAMSTERS' STRIKE.

Proposition to end strike will be submitted to vote of teamsters. **Page 2.**

FOREIGN.

British premier, in address welcoming Ambassador Reid to England, declared time had come for United States to abandon position of isolation and assume place in politics of the world her importance entitles her to. **Page 1.**

RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR.

President Roosevelt renewed efforts to hasten peace negotiations between Russia and Japan; both powers fencing for diplomatic advantage. **Page 6.**

WASHINGTON.

President Roosevelt emphasized faith in Assistant Secretary Loomis by appointing him envoy to receive Paul Jones' remains. **Page 5.**

Chinese boycott of American products hard blow to trade; Mongolian immigration really great benefit. **Page 8.**

DOMESTIC.

Benjamin H. Gaskill, Philadelphia broker, left diary confessing to brother that he had lived a dual life, committing immense forgeries when under influence of drink. **Page 4.**

Milwaukee grand jury will investigate graft in connection with Henry Hermann's defalcation; gambling evils and fraud in defeat of elevated franchise. **Page 4.**

B. H. Tallmadge of Chicago arrested at Roswell, N. M., on land fraud charge; brother declares it spite work. **Page 4.**

SPORTING.

Daly, veteran oarsman, found guilty of "improper conduct," and dismissed at Yale. **Page 10.**

White Sox defeated Boston champions in final game; score, 3 to 1. **Page 10.**

Rain prevented play by Selee's Fourth Nationals at St. Louis. **Page 10.**

Miss Young and Miss Duvell will meet in golf play at Edgewater today. **Page 10.**

Go Between won Thistle stakes at Sheepshead Bay. **Page 10.**

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
DOVER		Bluecher.
GLASGOW		Parisian.
LIVERPOOL	Sylvania	Republic.
LIVERPOOL	Winifredian	
NEW YORK	Carpathia	
NEW YORK	La Lorraine	
NEW YORK	Campania	
PLYMOUTH	Moltke	
QUEENSTOWN	Lucania	

REPUBLICANS PICK MEN TO NOMINATE

Caucus at Close of Uneventful Primaries Decides on the Judicial and Sanitary Slate.

M'CORMICK AT THE HEAD.

Alderman Will Be Put in Field in Convention Today for President of the Drainage Board.

JUDICIAL TICKET.

Judge Marcus Kavanagh.....First ward
Judge Joseph E. Gary.....Twenty-first ward
Judge W. M. McEwen....Twenty-seventh ward
Judge Farlin G. Ball.....Oak Park
Merritt W. Pinckney.....Seventh ward
Ben M. Smith.....Twenty-fifth ward

SANITARY TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT.
Ald. R. R. McCormick.Twenty-first ward, 3 years

FOR TRUSTEES.
Ald. H. F. Eidmann.Thirty-second ward, 3 years
Wallace Clark.....Sixth ward, 3 years
Adolf Bergman....Twenty-third ward, 3 years
George W. Paullin.....Evanston, 3 years
F. X. Cleidt.....Fourth ward, 1 year
*W. H. Baker.....Thirteenth ward
*Z. R. Carter.....Thirty-fourth ward
*Ald. Walter J. Raymer...Twenty-eighth ward

*Term not decided.

HOUR OF CONVENTIONS

Judicial.....
JUDICIAL.....12 O'CLOCK
SANITARY.....2 P. M.
PLACE..FIRST REGIMENT ARMORY, MICHIGAN AVENUE AND SIXTEENTH STREET.
CHAIRMAN.....JOHN F. SMULSKI
SECRETARY.....W. H. WEBER

For formal "ratification" the foregoing tickets will be submitted to the republican county and sanitary conventions today in the First regiment armory. The quietest, most uneventful primaries in the recent history of the party were followed last night by a unique party caucus, where the tickets were all except nominated.

Such doubt as exists with regard to the nominations was confined to the drainage ticket and to the places which are to be given the west side. When the caucus was over and the meeting of the executive committee was finished the party leaders were undecided with regard to two places—those given in the slate to Z. R. Carter and Ald. Walter Raymer.

Lorimer Leaders Hold Aloof.

The Lorimer leaders did not attend the gathering of committeemen. They met at Mr. Carter's residence early in the evening and until midnight were considering whether or not Mr. Carter should accept a place on the ticket. When the executive committee, meeting at county headquarters in Fifth avenue, adjourned nothing had been heard officially from this Lorimer conference. Adjournment was taken with the understanding that the southwest wards should present either Mr. Carter or some other candidate before the judicial convention is called to order at noon today.

At the "nominating caucus" Daniel Healy presented the name of John L. Dickhout of the Twelfth ward as another possibility from this section, and that he had done so was known to the Lorimer men, who were meeting with Mr. Carter.

The other uncertainty is caused by the attitude of the northwest wards toward Ald. Raymer. Without objecting to the candidate selected to represent the district, the other wards protest that the Twenty-eighth has more than its fair share of positions. It is the home of County Clerk Olson and of City Attorney Smulski. The other six wards in the combination insist the position on the sanitary ticket should go to one of the others. Three more candidates were presented to the meeting of the county central committee.

Northwest to Caucus Again.

As a result of this condition of affairs the northwest section is to caucus again this morning. It is announced that if a candidate standing as well as Ald. RRymer can be found there will be no objection to giving him the place. Otherwise Mr. Raymer will retain it. The other candidates are E. L. Williams of the Seventeenth, Herman E. Ott of the Twenty-seventh, and Ald. A. W. Beilfuss of the Fifteenth. "In case of Raymer being displaced it is not unlikely that Ald. Beilfuss will be nominated."

Ald. McCormick was chosen to head the ticket by so nearly the majority sentiment of the ticket framers that it is doubtful if the name of Ald. Frank I. Bennett will be submitted to the convention at all. The Seventh ward instructed for him at the primaries, but in the evening a caucus of Sixth ward delegates was held and Mr. Pinckney and Mr. Clark were indorsed, no mention being made of Ald. Bennett.

After the committee meeting it was said Mr. Bennett had requested that his name be not submitted to the convention.

Primaries Are Uneventful.

As soon as the primary polling places had closed at 7 p. m., after an eventless seven hours of voting, when less than 12,000 votes were cast, according to estimates, the members of the county committee assembled at the county headquarters, according to the call of Chairman Reddick.

The only contest reported was in the Seventh primary district of the Thirty-fourth, Lorimer's home district. E. T. Wells, 1258 Lawndale avenue, put up a delegate ticket against that of the regular republican organization, and charges the republican judges of election, Thomas Fitzgerald and V. Jellnoahy, with violating the law by neglecting to properly mark the ballots before depositing them in the box.

Shortly after 8 o'clock Mr. Reddick thumped his gavel on the table in the committee room, and, with doors wide open, called to order "the nominating caucus." There was none of the gumshoe flitting about of former sessions when the leaders of ward delegations chased their shadows mysteriously around the streets at midnight hunting for a hotel which no reporters could find.

Instead of assembling the chairmen of delegations, it was the county committee which was brought together. Mr. Reddick announced the plan of having names submitted for places on the ticket, and then Secretary Weber began the call of the wards, nominations for the judicial ticket first being asked.

First Clash in the Seventh.

Charles Wathier of the First ward presented the name of Judge Marcus Kavanagh for renomination. The Second, Third, Fourth,

(Continued on page 2, column 4.)

WHICH TRAIN WILL HE TAKE?

NORTH SHORE CAR HELD UP.

Two Masked Men Raid Trolley in True Wild West Fashion.

GET ABOARD AT WINNETKA.

Search Passengers, Take $65 and Woman's Watch and Escape

All the spectacular effects of a western train robbery were introduced to the passengers and crew of a Chicago and Milwaukee electric car when two masked bandits held it up in the sylvan precincts of Winnetka shortly before 10 o'clock last night.

One of the robbers signaled the car at the Winnetka station, eighteen miles north of Chicago, and it came to a stop. Then, with revolvers leveled, the men stepped on board. They ordered the motorman to proceed north a quarter of a mile to an even more secluded location, terrorized the four passengers and the conductor, and searched their pockets while they stood with hands up, and then backed away from the car, still leveling the revolvers, until a safe distance had been cleared, when they turned and fled.

Two Passengers Report Losses.

The two passengers who reported losses to the police, and whose names thus became known, were Miss Sarah McGaffee of Highland Park, who lost a gold watch and chain, and H. G. Crum of Winnetka, who lost $65.

A greater amount of booty could have been secured as easily from a more crowded car had the thieves selected a different hour for their efforts. Theatergoers and visitors to Chicago had not begun to arrive, and but few residents of the north shore usually occupied the north bound car at the time chosen by the robbers. The cars running south from Ravinia park contain more passengers at that hour.

Motorman Stops the Car.

The car was proceeding north at a high speed, when Motorman James Hanley saw two men standing at the Winnetka avenue crossing. One waved his arm as a signal to the motorman, who applied the brake. As the car neared the pair the motorman observed that both had turned their faces away, but he gave no heed to the matter until the car had approached within a few yards of them.

As the headlight fell on the men both wheeled about suddenly, and the street car employé saw that both were masked and each held a revolver in his right hand. Hanley seized the controller to send the car ahead at full speed, but his movement was anticipated by the men.

"Stop or we'll shoot," commanded the leader, and the motorman held the car still. The men leaped aboard quickly, one on the rear platform and one on the front platform. The latter pressed his weapon against Hanley's head.

"Keep on till I tell you to stop," he ordered.

Woman Tries to Escape.

As the speed was increased the other robber threw open the rear door and stepped inside, pointing the revolver at the four passengers. Conductor William Rudolph also faced the weapon. The curt order of the bandit that the passengers raise their hands was obeyed instantly by the four men, but Miss McGaffee cried out and tried to run from the car.

She was seized by the conductor, who feared she would injure herself in the leap from the moving car. Miss McGaffee then stood with the other passengers in the aisle of the car, which had been brought to a stop four blocks north of Winnetka avenue. Motorman Hanley then was forced inside the car by his captor and joined the frightened group.

Passengers Quickly Searched.

The passengers were searched rapidly by one of the men. A watch and chain were taken from Miss McGaffee, while $65 was secured from Mr. Crums. Small amounts were taken from the other victims, the exact sums not being stated to the police. The car men's pockets were not searched.

When the search had been completed the men backed to the rear platform, still watching the victims. As they stepped from the car a warning was given that they would kill any pursuers. From the car windows the passengers saw the men backing away slowly until they had reached the shadows of a clump of trees. Then they wheeled about and ran, quickly disappearing. Motorman Hanley followed for a short distance, but was urged to return by the passengers, and the car was hurried north.

Robbers Use Livery Rig.

Telephone notification of the robbery was sent to the police of the north shore suburbs and to Chicago. In Evanston the police soon decided that the men were the same who earlier in the day had rented a vehicle from the livery barn of J. L. Harvey, 831 Chicago avenue, Evanston. The rig was a stanhope drawn by a roan horse. Giving the name of J. H. Biddings, one of the pair had little difficulty in securing the vehicle. It was driven about the town during the day and was last seen going north. At 11 p. m. Policeman Edward Schubert of Evanston saw the stanhope and the men driving rapidly south in North Evanston.

The vehicle was not returned to the stable, but shortly before midnight Proprietor Harvey was called to the telephone in his home and informed that the stanhope could be found tied to a street lamp at Center street and Sheffield avenue in Chicago. He was told that the payment for it was in the possession of a bartender in a saloon owned by Mont Tennes on the corner, who would give it to him on demand. Before further inquiries could be made the informant left the telephone.

The rig was found in front of the saloon as described. The bartender denied any knowledge of the men. He said that shortly after 11 o'clock two men entered and gave him $5 to give to a man who would call later.

Police Have Good Description.

The Chicago police were notified to search for the men in the vicinity. The description given by the livery man coincides with that secured by the police from the victims of the bandits. The leader was described as being almost six feet in height and wearing a dark suit and black soft hat. His companion was six inches shorter, and attired in an ill fitting suit of coarse gray and wearing a light soft hat. The face of neither man could be seen under the heavy masks of cloth which concealed all but their chins.

Victim Talks of Robbery.

In speaking of the holdup Mr. Crum said:

"We stopped at the Winnetka avenue station, and two men boarded the car. Both were masked. One was much taller than the other. One approached me and demanded my money at the point of a revolver, which he held against my head. I gave him all I had—$65. After securing my money he stepped over to Miss McGaffee and robbed her of a gold watch and chain."

Miss McGaffee's statement was of similar purport.

ARREST ONE "GET RICH" MAN

Uncle Sam Lays Heavy Hand on "Financing" Co. Heads.

LOBB TAKEN INTO CUSTODY.

Warrant Also Issued for Henry Wulff, Ex-State Treasurer.

The United States authorities last evening laid a heavy hand on the officials of the Continental Financing company, which for a week has been under investigation by the attorney general of Illinois.

Federal warrants charging the use of the mails to defraud and also charging the operation of a lottery were issued for Henry Wulff, ex-state treasurer of Illinois, and for Justus W. Lobb, the two chief officers of the collapsed concern.

In the afternoon United States Deputy Marshal Coy went to Lobb's residence, 2372 North Forty-first court, Irving Park, and arrested the man.

Fails to Find Henry Wulff.

Later in the day the officer, accompanied by his prisoner, went out two miles farther to Jefferson Park in search of Wulff. They found he was not at home, his wife saying he had been away since last Monday. The authorities believe Wulff will appear today and give bond.

Lobb was taken before United States Commissioner Mark Foote, who also lives in Irving Park at 2355 North Forty-second avenue, but he was unable to furnish bail. Consequently the deputy marshal brought him into Chicago and he was placed in the county jail.

Is Result of an Investigation.

The issuance of warrants by Commissioner Foote and the arrest of Lobb came as a result of a thorough investigation of papers and books taken from the offices of the company, which are now under control of Gordon Ramsay, the attorney general's representative. Assistant District Attorney Robert Childs and Postoffice Inspectors Stuart and Ketcham made the inquiry on behalf of the federal government.

When the original complaints were made a report was sent to Washington recommending the issuance of a fraud order by the postal officials.

For some reason the order was not issued and the concern was allowed to continue until the state authorities became active.

Plan of Operations Disclosed.

Letters holding forth rich returns to subscribers were sent broadcast through the country asking for $5 monthly contributions. Thousands of these circulars were answered and as many subscribers were entered on the books of the company. The subscribers were to pay $5 a month for ten years, with the advantage of making a loan of $100, giving no security except a note, but they were to pay 3 per cent interest.

The scheme comes under the lottery section of the federal statutes because the person to receive the benefits of loans of $100 free was chosen by a system of tickets constituting a chance or lot. In determining who was the winner the mails were used in violation of law.

The penalty for the violation of the statutes under which Lobb was arrested is a fine of $1,800 or imprisonment for eighteen months.

DRAW TRUE BILLS FOR BRICK TRUST

Attorneys Prepare Indictments for Grand Jury to Vote on Monday or Tuesday.

CONSPIRACY THE CHARGE.

"Labor Fund" of $25,000 Discovered and Thought to Be Weapon Against Independents.

Indictments charging officials of the Illinois Brick company with conspiracy are in preparation and will be submitted to a vote of the grand jury. They are based on evidence that the company used a "labor fund" of $25,000 during the last year as a club to drive independent companies into the trust under penalty of strikes and other interference with their business. Union leaders will probably be indicted in the same connection.

Evidence pointing to the most sensational example of an alleged illegal combination between employers and unionists ever brought before a local jury was practically concluded yesterday and represents the climax of a searching investigation by the grand jury along every line of labor graft. Final testimony will be submitted today. The indictments, however, probably will not be submitted to a vote until Monday or Tuesday.

The jury was advised by State's Attorney Healy that there was not sufficient evidence against Sears, Roebuck & Co. for an indictment charging conspiracy against Montgomery Ward & Co., although some of the jurors wished to proceed in that direction, notwithstanding the absence of important links.

Books Show the "Labor Fund."

The books and other records of the Illinois Brick company are said to have furnished the evidence of the $25,000 labor fund. The clew to the alleged conspiracy is understood to have come from J. A. Weber, Henry Busse, and Charles Schanck of the National Brick company, a recently formed corporation with offices at 84 La Salle street. These men until last February were connected with the Illinois Brick company, but now are fighting the trust. Mr. Weber and Mr. Busse were both on the directory of the trust, and Mr. Weber was its vice president.

Which one of the ex-officials of the Illinois Brick company gave the hint is not definitely known, except to the jury. It is known, however, that Mr. Weber, as a member of the auditing committee, last February, made unwelcome inquiries regarding the $25,000 item and refused to sign a report approving it. Soon afterward he resigned from the company and took with him Mr. Busse and Mr. Schanck, who is traffic manager of the new, independent concern.

When President George C. Prussing of the Illinois Brick company heard last night of the contemplated action by the grand jury, he said he "was sorry." Asked concerning the $25,000 labor fund, he said it "spoke for itself."

Hard to Get the Evidence.

Link by link the grand jury in the last week has been forging the chain of evidence against the officials of the brick trust. It has taken skillful work by Assistant State's Attorney Fake to get the testimony. Witnesses were unwilling and evasive. The end was in sight, however, when that $25,000 fund was discovered.

None of the officials has given a satisfactory explanation as to the nature of this fund. From several entries it appears that the money was used for the purposes for which it was appropriated, but its specific object was not shown on the books.

Although the books of the company furnished the most effective ammunition against it, indictments could not have been considered had it not been for important evidence that had been found before. This evidence was furnished by a number of independent brick manufacturers. There are fifteen of them in Chicago, some of them having comparatively small concerns, others operating several yards and employing hundreds of men. From various sources—hints from John C. Driscoll and the manufacturers themselves—it became known to Assistant State's Attorney Fake that the independent concerns were being held up by their employés by threats of strikes. In some cases strikes actually were called, and could not be settled without the payment of hundreds of dollars to the brickmakers, loaders, teamsters, or their agents. It is a serious matter for a small brickyard to be shut down for several days during a rush season and to pay a penalty of several hundreds of dollars in addition.

Strike at Labahn Yard.

The first strike of this nature was called to the attention of the jury by J. W. Labahn of the Labahn Brick company last week. Its employés, to the number of 125, went out a year ago. Mr. Labahn had to settle with the union, and he told the jury that he had an idea that some one had been tampering with his men. Other independent brick manufacturers told similar stories.

Then Charles Hank, business agent of the Brick Makers' union, and other union men affected were called on to testify. They told the jury a plausible tale about a contract between the union and the manufacturers under which brickmakers and loaders were entitled to collect a penalty amounting to 24 cents for each thousand of brick over a certain size. This in itself often represented a good sized sum, but when, in a strike of several days, there was added to it wages for "waiting time" for yard men, teamsters, and other employés, the independent manufacturers had to go down deep into their pockets.

Brick Dies Changed Often.

The independents, while not denying the existence of the contract forbidding brick over a certain size, represented to the jury that the larger brick was generally caused by the grinding effect of the clay upon the brick dies, which, unless they were changed every day or two became too large. They were unable to understand, they said, why the stewards and yard bosses—union men—did not call attention of the manufacturers to the larger brick before any great number of them had accumulated, and why, instead of going on a strike, they did not ask for an arbitration of the point in controversy.

What impressed the assistant state's attorney and the jury more than anything else was the fact that the Illinois Brick company, composed of thirty-one smaller concerns, had not had one strike since its organization, 1900, although there appeared to be no perceptible difference between the size of its brick and that manufactured by

the independents. That was before the jury learned about the $25,000 labor fund.

Examination of the Books.

An unexpected move by the jury Wednesday afternoon resulted in a subpena duces tecum for the cash books, vouchers, and other records of the company. The books were brought into the jury room Thursday morning after President Prussing had given out a statement that he was willing to afford the jury every facility. At the same time Mr. Prussing denied that the company had anything to conceal.

The jury spent two days on the books and other records, aided by the auditor and the treasurer of the company, and supplied with the information furnished by former members of the company, succeeded finally in locating the appropriation of $25,000 for a labor fund.

The officials of the company, on the first day that they appeared before the jury, seemed sanguine that their books contained nothing that would indicate anything on which to base an indictment. They were in a different frame of mind yesterday. President Prussing, who was called before the jury for the second time, paced up and down outside the jury room in a nervous manner.

Mr. Weber was seated on a bench in the jury ante-room when Mr. Prussing came over to the Criminal Court building in response to a message to explain what the $25,000 had been appropriated for. Mr. Prussing nodded coldly to the former director of the Illinois Brick company, but did not address him.

Eli B. Felsenthal, one of the brick company's attorneys, bustled about in his energetic way and smiled pleasantly, but when he was asked for some kind of a statement he fled.

Gets Back Valued Paper.

W. M. Legnard, superintendent of the company, was another witness of equal reticence. He had a typewritten contract of some sort that he appeared to value highly. Assistant State's Attorney Fake carried it away and Legnard worried until he got it back.

Mr. Prussing was asked to make a statement. This was before it was generally known that the jury was going to vote on the indictments.

"This is a jury matter," said he. "When it is through, then—perhaps——"

He would not trust himself to speak further. Later he said in response to insistent inquiry:

"You know who is back of this thing," but would say no more.

Weber Objects to "Labor Fund."

Mr. Weber, when seen last night at his home, 2546 North Ashland avenue, was unwilling to discuss the case.

"I have given certain testimony to the grand jury," said he, "and am not at liberty to discuss it."

"Is it not a fact that you served on an auditing committee of the company last February, and that you saw a $25,000 appropriation for labor fund, and would not pass it?"

Mr. Weber declined to say anything more than that he was on such a committee and refused to sign the report.

It is known that Mr. Weber testified before the grand jury concerning this report, however, and there are strong reasons for believing that he told all about the $25,000 item. According to the evidence before the jury, this sum was not appropriated until the last year, when a change in the management took place, George C. Prussing becoming president in Feburary, 1904.

Mr. Weber and other members of the board of directors had more or less friction with Mr. Prussing, and last February, after the annual report was made, they resigned, declaring that they would not longer stand for "trust methods." Soon afterwards they started the National Brick company, the incorporation papers for which were just received this week.

Mr. Weber had been a director of the corporation since its organization five years ago, having formerly been a member of the independent brick manufacturing firm of Weber & Labahn. Mr. Weber was asked a day or two ago, when he first appeared as a witness before the grand jury, why he left the Illinois Brick company.

"The stock had changed to such an extent," said he, "that Mr. Busse and myself, who formerly held a controlling interest, found ourselves in much the position of employés. We could not stand for trust methods."

At the same time Mr. Weber made this significant statement:

"There is more graft and corrupt practice among Chicago employers than there is among labor people."

Disbursing of the Fund.

How the "labor fund" was disbursed is a question concerning which the grand jury is said to possess inadequate information. It is assumed that it was distributed among labor leaders and that Patrick J. McMahon, business agent of the brick teamsters, got considerable. Charles Hank is business agent of the brickmakers and has a good reputation, but it is considered almost impossible that there could have been a distribution among unionists employed in the brick yards without his having heard of it.

Testimony About Slugging.

Michael Donnelly, president of the Amalgamated Butcher Workmen, appeared before the jury during the day and told the details of the assault he suffered in September, 1903. He said he could not identify his assailants, although he had been told who they were. He gave instances of graft in which Driscoll and two members of his executive committee were mixed up. John Floresch and William Sterling were the committeemen and Driscoll offered them $75 a month each if they acted as spies. Floresch accepted a month's pay and it created a big scandal in the federation of labor.

Steve Sumner of the Milk Drivers' union gave some instances of slugging in which he did not participate. He said that union members had hired out to Frederick Buckminster, a detective, during the strike, and had been given "black jacks" and revolvers and sent out to kill people.

R. P. Moffatt, manager of the shipping department for Sears, Roebuck & Co., denied that the business of that firm had increased since the strike.

"On the contrary," said he, "business has fallen off."

STRIKE OF LATHERS LIKELY TO DELAY WORK ON SCHOOLS.

Board Will Insist on Completion of Work Regardless of Demands of the Union.

Strikes are likely to be called on two school buildings—the Altgeld and Copernicus schools—where structural work is now in progress, causing loss of time and delay the use of the buildings by pupils.

The board received notice on March 18 last that the erection of light iron furring had by mutual consent between the structural iron setters and the metal lathers been accorded to the lathers as their work, and since that date work of this kind ordered by the board has been placed in the lathers' specifications, but previously the furring work had been assigned to the structural iron setters in contracts for work in the Lake High school and the Altgeld and Copernicus schools. School Architect Perkins says the work on the Lake High school was done in accordance with the contract, when the promise was made by the board that satisfactory separation of the work would be made thereafter.

Mr. Perkins reported to the committee on buildings and grounds yesterday that the contractors—the South Halsted Street Iron works and the Union Foundry works—refused to employ lathers to do the work, and the lathers' union declines to allow other branches of the work to proceed unless the union's terms are complied with.

"If the contractors have not declined to finish the work," said Acting Chairman Thompson, "let them go ahead and finish it."

"Yes," said Trustee George Duddleston, "order them to finish the work and let the workmen strike. We can meet it when it comes."

The contractors will be ordered to proceed with the work."

Burnett's Extract of Vanilla
Its purity and strength preëminently superior.

TEAMSTERS WILL VOTE ON STRIKE.

Joint Council to Refer Peace Proposition to the "Rank and File."

PLAN OPPOSED BY SHEA.

Express and Truck Drivers Are Expected to Antagonize the Project.

A chance will be given for the "rank and file" of the teamsters to end the teamsters' strike next week. At the joint council meeting last night it was decided to submit to the men on strike the latest peace terms received from the employers.

President Shea again bitterly fought the "peace" move, arguing for hours that the conditions which the employers sought to impose were not honorable. In the end he acquiesced to the plan of leaving the decision of the question to the rank and file.

The three principal clauses in the proposition which the strikers will vote on are as follows:

The elimination of the express drivers from the strike settlement.

The maintaining of police and armed guards on the wagons after the strike is called off.

The right to wear a union button concealed.

There was little change in the new proposition which the peace committee of the teamsters laid before the council. In the main it was a replica of the proposition rejected three weeks ago by President Shea's committee.

Cork Rebuked by Council.

Harry Cork, chairman of the committee which obtained the peace proposal from John V. Farwell Jr. late in the afternoon, was rebuked by the joint council for returning to that body for advice. Cork's committee has full power to settle the strike. Its members, however, feared to act without first consulting the rank and file. They asked the council to call a strikers' convention for the purpose of having the men pass on the proposal.

If the sentiment in the council was indicative of that among the rank and file the peace terms will be vetoed. Loud and wild applause greeted President Shea when he declared that the teamsters never would consent to "hide the emblems of their organization." Shea, it was said, could effectually have blocked the plans of Cork and his committee had he so desired. After declaring himself dissatisfied with the conditions, however, he said he wished to have the proposition submitted to the men on strike for the purpose of learning the exact sentiment.

The chief opponents of the peace conditions, it is expected, will be the express drivers and the truck drivers. In these two organizations there are enough strikers to roll up a majority against the acceptance of the terms. The department store drivers and the coal teamsters, it is believed, will be less hostile to the proposition.

More Talk About Buttons.

Before night developments in the peace negotiations suddenly may bring the struggle to the verge of a settlement, or insure its prolongation for an indefinite time.

The peace committee conferred in the afternoon and evening with John V. Farwell Jr., representative of the associated employers. There were two meetings, and in both the button question, which has become the obstacle to peace, again was taken up.

Instead of forbidding absolutely the display of the button, the employers, it is said, have agreed to leave the matter to the discretion of each employer. Acting under this new understanding the members of the committee canvassed many of the strike bound firms with a view to ascertaining the attitude of each employer. What information they received was not made known.

Mr. Farwell said in the evening that should the committee of the teamsters take a position closely allied with his own views he would be prepared this morning to summon the action committee of the Employers' association. Mr. Farwell spoke with a tone of hope, but did not predict in words that he expected a favorable outcome to the conferences which so many times have failed on the verge of success.

"There has been no material change in the positions either of the employers or the men," he said. "We have not wished to haggle over the wording of the button clause, provided it conveys our ideas. As I understand it, however, it is now scarcely more than a dispute over the wearing of the union emblem."

Teamsters Have Secret Meeting.

When the teamsters' committee, which was composed of Chairman Harry Cork, John Sheridan, and Thomas Hesdon, left Mr. Farwell at 6 p. m., the peace envoys went into a conference with the full strike committee of the Teamsters' Joint council.

"We can report nothing except progress," said Edward L. Turley, secretary-treasurer of the international union, who is acting in conjunction with the committee. "If there were a chance for settling the strike we should not announce it, for we realize that on previous occasions peace has been sidetracked by premature publicity."

Six hundred bakery wagon drivers are asking their employers, members of the Merchant Bakers' association, for a renewal of last year's wage agreements. The officers of the union say that they are not in favor of taking any action which may precipitate a strike.

President Shea will act this afternoon as umpire in a baseball game between the rival nines of the express drivers and the department store drivers. The game will be played at the south side ball park, and the proceeds are to be donated to the fund for the benefit of the striking teamsters.

A large number of truck drivers are expected to attend the funeral tomorrow of Joseph Sleeting, a member of the union, who was killed by a policeman last Wednesday night. The funeral will be held from the residence, 91 Cleveland avenue.

COMPLAINT BUREAU KEPT BUSY.

It Starts Operation in City Hall and Sixty Persons Seek Information Before Noon.

The bureau of complaints and information was started at the city hall yesterday. By noon sixty persons had asked William Higgins, the clerk in charge, how to obtain a license, how to reach some street, or how to find some person.

In connection with the new bureau the commissioner of public works will start a campaign of education and publicity to induce property owners to pay compensation for sidewalk space.

"The list of sidewalk assessments will be printed and the greatest publicity will be given the movement, so that we can see what companies are paying for space and what companies do not," said the commissioner.

UNION ENJOINED FROM BOYCOTT

Eastern Hat Firm Secures Restraining Order Against California Labor Organizations.

San Francisco, Cal., June 23.—United States Circuit Judge Morrow has granted the application of Dietrich E. Loewe & Co. of Danbury, Conn., for a temporary injunction against the California State Federation of Labor and the San Francisco Labor council, which has been boycotting a local firm, jobbers in the hats manufactured by Loewe. The injunction pendente lite was granted on the ground that the unions had conspired not only to protect themselves but to destroy the property and ruin the business of the complainants.

Named for Assistant Prosecutor.

Bernard G. Matz of the Sixteenth ward was appointed assistant prosecuting attorney for the city yesterday to succeed K. B. Czarnecki, who was appointed as an assistant to Prosecutor Taylor a year ago by Mayor Harrison. Mr. Czarnecki was a candidate for alderman in the Sixteenth ward in the spring of 1904, running as an independent candidate against Ald. Stanley Kunz.

GIVES INJUNCTION POWER

SUPREME COURT SAYS VIOLATORS CAN BE PUNISHED.

Finds in Kellogg Switchboard Strike Case That Jury Trial Is Unnecessary in Punishing Contempt Cases—Fines Imposed on Pickets Now Must Be Paid—All Points Considered by Justices at Length Before Reaching Agreement.

The Supreme court holds, in a decision handed down last evening, that violations of injunctions may be punished without trial by jury.

The case is that of the Kellogg Switchboard and Supply company, which obtained from the Superior court an injunction against picketing or interference by strikers during the strike two years ago. John O'Brien and others were sentenced for violating the injunction.

The defendants took the case to the Appellate court, where the lower court was sustained and the Supreme court upholds the decision.

While this is the first time the Supreme court has been called on to review all the questions involved in contempt proceedings of this character, the defense was complete and it is believed that no possible ground was overlooked. No less than thirteen grounds for reversal were recited in the brief filed in the case of Attorney Edgar L. Masters and some of them appealed strongly to the court.

Case Considered Several Weeks.

It is known that several weeks were consumed in the consideration of the case before the opinion finally was prepared by Justice Wilkin, and several times there was danger of serious division in the court before the main issues were disposed of.

The importance and far reaching consequences of these cases are fully appreciated," says Judge Wilkin. "We have endeavored to give material questions raised and discussed in argument due consideration, and have reached the conclusion that judgments of the Superior court were properly affirmed by the Appellate court."

One of the defenses was that some of the defendants had not been made parties to the injunction suit, and had not been served with notice of the injunction. Concerning this the court says:

"The fact that some of the defendants in error were not parties to the injunction and were not parties to the process is immaterial as long as it is made to appear that they had actual notice of the contents of the injunction. With the exception of Fisher and Brent, it is admitted that all knew of the injunction, and, in view of the prominent part which they took in the matter, it is unreasonable to suppose that they did not have knowledge of its existence."

Roby's 99 Year Suit Fails.

Edward Roby's effort to enjoin the city council from admitting in any way that the ninety-nine year acts are valid failed. The Supreme court affirmed the lower court in refusing him an injunction. The court says the ninety-nine year act may be settled when it is properly presented.

Roby filed a bill in the Circuit court of Cook county as a citizen and taxpayer, averring that certain companies are unlawfully occupying the streets of Chicago and annually collecting large sums of money illegally. He asks an injunction to prevent the city council from recognizing the validity of these acts in any dealing it might have with the railroad companies.

The injunction was refused in the lower court and the Supreme court affirms that action. Justice Hand in his opinion says:

"The city of Chicago has a law department, and for a court of chancery, upon a bill filed for that purpose, to undertake to determine at the suit of a taxpayer the defense which should be imposed in suits brought against the city would be to usurp the functions of the law department of the city, and would lead to hopeless and endless confusion."

Other Decisions.

After rehearing the Chicago school tax case the court affirms its former opinion, handed down at the last term, in which it is held that school lands are assessable.

In the case against R. Vincendeau of Chicago, sentenced to three months in jail for selling goods bearing counterfeit labels, the court upholds the constitutionality of the act of 1901 protecting associations, unions, and persons in labels and trade marks.

Judgment for $2,000 against John Alexander Dowie in favor of Samuel G. Pringle for libel was affirmed. In 1901 Pringle took issue with Dr. Dowie, and the suit was filed to recover for matter printed about plaintiff in Leaves of Healing.

VOTING MACHINE UPHELD BY THE SUPREME COURT.

Only Question Considered Meaning of Word "Ballot" and This Is Found to Be No Hindrance to New Method.

The voting machine is declared constitutional, and elections at which machines are used are held valid by the Supreme court of Illinois. This decision was rendered yesterday in the case of James D. Lynch of Chicago against William C. Malley and other election commissioners of Cook county. The only question before the court was the meaning of the word "ballot." Judge Wilkin, who wrote the opinion, says:

"It is unnecessary to inquire into the meaning of the term as used by literary writers, but it will be found, we think, that generally the word 'ballot' has been given the same meaning as that given it by courts. A ballot originally consisted of a little ball, bean, or grain of corn, or any other small article which could be concealed in the hand, so that others might not know how a voter cast his ballot.

"Later a slip of paper was substituted, and on it was printed or written the name of the candidate to be voted for, and out of this latter method grew our present elaborate Australian system. It is clear that any manner of voting that preserves the secrecy of the voting is voting by ballot. Unless it can be said that no other method of secret voting by ballot can be adopted than by the use of paper tickets, and that such paper tickets cannot be used by machine voting, the act of 1903 must be sustained as to its constitutionality."

SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS MEET

Eleventh International Convention Gathers at Toronto with More than 2,000 Delegates Present.

Toronto, Ont., June 23.—[Special.]—With more than 2,000 delegates present, representing all sections of the United States and Canada, the eleventh international Sunday school convention began its sessions here today. Practically no business has been transacted today excepting the naming of a committee to nominate convention officers. This committee is to report tomorrow morning, and it is expected that Justice J. J. Maclaren of this city will be made president.

Great interest centers on tomorrow's meetings. Then will come the report of the lesson committee, which, it is understood, will recommend, besides the usual uniform lessons, a special course for beginners, and another special course for advanced students. The latter was recommended at the Denver convention three years ago, but the project was then defeated. It is expected that it will go through at this meeting.

The executive committee is also to recommend a project for the erection in some large city of a fifteen story office building, to be the international Sunday school headquarters for North America.

FIND WEEPING GIRL IN PARK.

Police Take Hysterical Young Woman Home, Fearing She May Try to Kill Herself.

Lena B. Goodkin, 15 years old, was found in Jackson park last night weeping hysterically. When questioned by a park policeman she refused to speak, but continued to sob. A patrol wagon took the girl to her parents at 4818 Langley avenue. Her hysterical actions were attributed to a quarrel with a young man. The police feared that if left alone she would commit suicide.

REPUBLICANS PICK MEN TO NOMINATE.

Caucus at Close of Primaries Decides on Judicial and Sanitary Slate.

M'CORMICK AT THE HEAD.

Will Be Chosen In Convention Today for President of the Drainage Board.

(Continued from first page.)

Fifth, and Sixth wards "passed," and then W. N. Gemmill of the Seventh ward presented the name of Merritt W. Pinckney.

"The fifty-seven delegates of the ward have been instructed for Frank L. Bennett for president of the sanitary board," he began, but Reddick interrupted him.

"We are considering only judicial nominations," said the chairman.

The other wards passed until the Twenty-first was reached. Fred Busse, who should have recognized his cue to present the name of Judge Joseph Gary, was dreaming in his chair. Weber called the ward three times and still no reply came from the absent minded Mr. Busse. It happened, owing to the week's work which made this nominating caucus possible, that Reddick and every other committeeman in the room knew Busse had a candidate, if he would wake up. Reddick beat the table with his gavel to recall the north side leader to his sense of duty.

Busse came to with a start, heard the name of his ward called at last, but, to the surprise and consternation of the ticket framers, said "pass," and relapsed again.

"What!" exclaimed Reddick.

"Huh!" ejaculated Busse. "What! Oh! Yes! I present the name of Judge Joseph E. Gary."

Thereupon the plan proceeded along its well laid track without further hitches. James Pease "nominated" Ben M. Smith of the Twenty-fifth ward, John W. Houston presented the name of Judge William McEwen, and the fourth country district the name of Judge Farlin Q. Ball.

Sanitary Ticket Is Considered.

The sanitary ticket then was brought up and the wards called over again. Wathier gave the committee the name of George Bass from the First. Justice Wolf presented the name of Frank X. Cloidt as candidate for renomination at the board. The Sixth was called, but John R. Thompson had not reached the meeting, and there was no answer. Wallace Clark should have been named by the ward, but the call went to the Seventh, and Mr. Gemmill presented Ald. Frank I. Bennett again for president of the board.

Then Congressman Mann arose and announced that there appeared to be a mistake made in not having Mr. Clark's name presented, and if no "rules of procedure" barred him from that service he would name Mr. Clark. The congressman was accepted as a sponsor.

There were no other responses until the Twelfth ward was called. Daniel Healy got up.

"Did you intend to give the Twelfth ward a candidate?" he inquired, mildly, possibly sarcastically. "Well, if you did I want to name John L. Dickhout."

Call of the Wards Continues.

Mr. Reddick took Mr. Healy's mild sarcasm as a matter of course, and the Thirteenth ward was called, and Homer K. Galpin named W. H. Baker for renomination. Congressman Knopf presented Ald. Beilfuss from the Fifteenth ward, and Isadore Himes the name of another northwest candidate, E. I. Williams. Edward Smejkal "nominated" W. G. Hermann of the Nineteenth.

When the Twenty-first ward was called Busse was waiting for it. He named Ald. R. R. McCormick for president of the board. Charles Andrews presented Adolf Bergman from the Twenty-third, John W. Houston named Herman E. Ott of the Twenty-seventh, and Justice Olaf Severson, Ald. Raymer.

Ald. Eidmann's name was given by Charles Vall of the Thirty-second, and that of Stephen A. Foster of the Thirty-third by H. L. Lucas. George W. Paulin of Evanston was named by the Sixth country district.

Only Three Tasks Left to Committee.

The committeemen had only three tasks to do. Every detail of the two tickets had been settled except the places to be given the northwest and southwest wards and the distribution of terms to be made among the candidates.

For an hour the committee remained in session hoping to hear from the Lorimer conference regarding Mr. Carter's decision. At this meeting Mr. Lorimer, Mr. Carter, James Monaghan, Joseph Bidwill, and John A. Cooke were present.

The only word received from the Lorimer conference was in the shape of a query whether Dickhout's name had been presented by Healy. The questioner was informed that it had been, but he was unable to say what Mr. Carter's decision would be.

Dr. Dowie Manifests Interest.

This point, along with the northwest one, was passed over until today, and the committee took up the question of terms. While the effort was being made to divide the candidates into five, three, and one year classes, Dr. John Alexander Dowie called up from Zion City, asking for Gov. Deneen. He was told the governor had returned to Springfield. Then he asked for "the chairman," and West went to the telephone.

Dr. Dowie said that he hoped a way would be found to renominate Judge Gary.

"We have just decided to renominate him," said Mr. West, politely giving freshness to tidings which have been old for four weeks. Dr. Dowie expressed himself as relieved, adding that he had met Judge Gary in Michigan and considered him an ornament to the bench.

Committee Splits the Terms.

With the sanction and blessing of Zion City, the committee went back to work to split up the terms. On the south side Ald. Eidmann was given the five year term, Mr. Clark the three year, and Mr. Cloidt the one year. On the north side Mr. McCormick, as candidate for president, got the five year, Mr. Paullin the three year, and Mr. Bergman the one year. Nothing could be done with the west side candidates, and this question was allowed to go over with the others, which are to be settled this morning.

For chairman of both conventions John F. Smulski was chosen, with W. H. Weber as secretary and the following assistants: Judicial convention, George Woods, Twenty-third ward, B. F. Kleeman, Thirty-third ward, R. J. McDonald, Second ward, Mathias Miller, Twenty-ninth ward; sanitary convention, George Woods, E. J. McCarthy, Twelfth ward, Walter Page, Thirty-first ward, G. T. Kelly, Evanston, H. E. Stager, Sixth ward.

Resolutions Committees Are Chosen.

The resolutions committee for the sanitary convention will be composed of Congressman Madden, Fred A. Busse, D. A. Campbell, Congressman Lorimer, I. H. Himes, John J. Hanberg, and Roy O. West. The platform has been prepared by Congressman Madden and abstracts of it have been published. It will censure the city government for neglect in failing to complete the intercepting sewers, thus continuing the pollution of the water supply. It will recommend the development of additional water power in the sanitary canal for municipal lighting, and will recommend that this power be sold to the city at a reasonable price. It will declare in favor of the development of the Calumet and Evanston districts newly annexed to the sanitary district. It also will declare in favor of a deep waterway to the gulf, and will ask that the federal government be memorialized to aid the plan.

For the judicial convention the resolutions committee is composed of Congressman Madden, John R. Thompson, James Pease, O. F. Severson, N. B. Judah, William Busse, and E. J. Brundage.

TOO ACTIVE IN POLITICS.

CIVIL SERVICE EMPLOYES MUST REFORM, SAYS POWELL.

President of Merit Board Declares the City Workers Should Not Hold Office in Ward Clubs or Take Part in Active Campaigning—As Result of Solon Case a More Stringent Rule May Be Enacted Formally and Enforced.

Civil service employés of the city must curtail their political activities, says President Powell of the civil service commission. Following the disclosures made in the Solon hearing it is possible that the commission may draft a more stringent rule against permitting politics to interfere with the duties of employés.

Many employés and bureau heads in the city hall occupy official positions in their ward organizations, and should the commission indorse the stand taken by President Powell it will mean that they will have to resign political offices or their city positions.

Some Employes Go Too Far.

"There has been considerable criticism regarding the position of the commission in the Solon case," President Powell declared. "The line may be drawn tighter and the interference in politics and through politicians by the city employés must stop. It is going a little too far when an employé uses his position to cause the transfer of a policeman who has done no harm but to do his duty too well in prosecuting some friend of a politician.

"I do not mean that city employés should be prohibited from belonging to ward organizations or taking part in politics at all. I think there is nothing amiss in contributing their share to the legitimate expenses of the organization, if they do it voluntarily. But that is where their political activity should cease. I do not believe that they should hold any office in the ward organizations or take any active part in the collection of funds or in campaigning."

The joint opinion of the commission will probably be given Monday. Commissioner Powell has informed his colleagues of his attitude and it is now necessary for the three commissioners to unite upon a policy to be pursued.

Dunne Indorses Boulevard Link.

Mayor Dunne indorsed the plans to link the boulevards of the north and south sides by connecting Michigan avenue with the Lake Shore drive, and steps will be taken at once to secure the condemnation of the property which will have to be vacated for the improvement.

ADHERES TO TRACTION PLAN.

Mayor Insists on Building Lines Without Waiting to Complete Negotiations with Companies.

Mayor Dunne made it plain yesterday he is going ahead with his plans for the "100 mile municipal street car system," providing, of course, the council does not interfere with him.

It is understood that the first move of the mayor in this direction will be to discharge Elon J. Arnold, who has been acting as engineer for the committee, and select some other adviser. Mr. Arnold was too closely connected with the Harrison "coup" to suit him. E. L. Dupont of Detroit, whom Tom Johnson of Cleveland brought here last week, is talked about for Mr. Arnold's place, but Mr. Dupont is a railway builder and not an engineer. That, however, may make no difference.

"It is a mistake to say the city has abandoned negotiations with the traction companies," the mayor said yesterday. "There is no reason why they cannot be continued. At the same time, however, the city should go ahead with its plans for its own municipal system."

W. W. Gurley, for the Union Traction company, expressed the situation in this manner:

"The attitude of the companies is not due to a desire to balk the city, but to the bald fact that the principal asset of the companies is their rights under the 'ninety-nine year acts.' We are willing to resume negotiations as soon as the mayor will agree to postpone the valuation of our franchise rights until the Supreme court decides exactly what those rights are. Meanwhile we will keep our lines and improve them as much as we can, but we cannot invest the millions which will be needed for a thorough rehabilitation."

TEAM GUARDS CATCH ROBBERS.

One of Two Victims Unconscious When Rescued by Policemen Miller and Fair.

Policemen Miller and Fair, who were guarding a lumber wagon, arrested Richard Pyne and Martin McGinty last evening at Thirty-fifth street and the river, where they were trying to rob Charles E. Dunn and George Milne, both of Harmony, Minn., who had come to buy a carload of lumber. Milne was unconscious when rescued by the policemen.

Edward Dawson, 2543 Michigan avenue, fought with Edward Williams, colored, who, he says, tried to rob him at Twentieth street and Michigan avenue, and later caused his arrest.

Three armed men attacked Charles Shaw, 159 Paulina street, while he was walking in Madison street near Throop, and robbed him of a gold watch and $60. They also beat Shaw severely.

Jacob Jacobson, a boy who said he lived at 34 Waller street, was arrested while attempting to snatch a purse from Miss Viola Kennedy, a stenographer employed in the Old Colony building. On the way to the station the police saw the boy throw away a small diamond, which they think he had stolen. The police believe the boy is responsible for several complaints of purse snatching in the south side.

John Martin, who says his home is in San Francisco, Cal., is under arrest on a charge of stealing a diamond while examining some gems in the jewelry store of L. H. Schafer & Co., in the Columbus Memorial building.

The store of L. Ebeele, 454 North Clark street, was robbed of furs valued at $800 by burglars, who broke through a rear door.

SAVANT'S VIEW IS ACCEPTED.

Chicago Pathologists Generally Agree with Sterling's New Theory of Internal Secretions.

The "new theory" of disease advanced by Prof. Sterling in a recent lecture before the College of Physicians in London, as reported yesterday in a cable message to Chicago, aroused the interest of local pathologists and physiologists. The contention of Prof. Sterling that each organ of the body produces a chemical substance which excites other organs into action was generally conceded.

"It has been accepted generally by medical authorities for some time that various organs pour into the blood certain secretions which affect the whole body," said Dr. Ralph W. Webster. "As Prof. Sterling says, some of these have already been isolated; others are known only theoretically."

Dr. W. A. Evans of the Columbus laboratories said that the theory advanced by the London physician is practically a restatement of the doctrine of internal secretions.

"One exemplification of the doctrine," said Dr. G. E. Amadon, "is the chemical reaction of food, affected by secretions of the stomach, in exciting the pancreas to action. The thyroid gland of the neck also has a secretion which is considered indispensable to the general welfare of the body."

According to Prof. Sterling, if the appropriate secretion is lacking, a link in the body's functions is broken and the whole body is thrown out of gear, as seen when disease affecting one organ causes general incapacity.

GENERAL MILES NOT TO WED.

Emphatically Denies Report of Approaching Marriage to Mrs. Huidekoper or Any One.

Boston, Mass., June 23.—[Special.]—Gen. Miles, when asked today as to the rumor that he was to marry Mrs. R. S. Huidekoper, a wealthy widow of Philadelphia, emphatically denied it. "I am not going to marry this lady or any other," said he.

MAYOR DUNNE IS AGAINST CAMPION

Intimates Desire to Discharge Fire Chief, but Outlines No Action.

FOR TWO PLATOON SYSTEM

Receives Union Firemen and Gets Petition for Retention of Marshal.

Mayor Dunne intimated yesterday a desire to discharge Fire Chief Campion. Whether he will or not is another story. He showed plainly enough his sympathies were with the officers of the Firemen's association, who are clamoring for the two platoon system, but at the same time he acknowledged there were difficulties in the way which must be taken into consideration.

Fire department matters took up most of the mayor's private working day. In the early afternoon a delegation of firemen appeared with a petition for the retention of Chief Campion. It was signed by 1,004 members of the department of all ranks.

Then appeared President Henry Bassett of the Firemen's association with two more firemen, Quinn O'Brien as their lawyer, and the Rev. H. W. Carwardine as the special pleader. Clarence S. Darrow was in the room at the same time, but the mayor said he was not a participant in the proceedings. The callers wanted the two platoon system and incidentally the official scalp of Chief Campion because he was opposed to it. Some personal friends of the mayor talked to him between times, arguing in favor of the chief.

Mayor Talks of Fire Situation.

Talking of the matter afterward, the mayor said he had listened to both sides, and would not pretend to come to a decision for some time. Asked as to what Lieut. Bassett and his friends had said to him, he replied:

"They said they had nothing against Chief Campion personally, but were fighting him because he is opposed to the two platoon system. They also alleged he had been tyrannical toward them because they had advocated the system.

"Mr. Darrow was here on other business. He did not come in with the protesting firemen. He took some part in the discussion, but it was as an outsider," said the mayor.

Then, in speaking of the petition filed by the members of the department asking for the retention of Chief Campion, the mayor remarked:

"I am informed that a number of the signatures were obtained under duress; that firemen signed the petition because they were told they had to."

"How many?" was asked.

"Well, I have at least two letters from firemen declaring their only reason for signing the petition was because they were afraid of what would happen to them if they did not. They wrote they were not in sympathy with it."

Two Platoon Plan Is Considered.

The mayor's attention was drawn to the fact that in the recent investigation of the loan shark evil in the city hall, while almost a majority of the police department was implicated, there were only seven firemen on the books of the money lenders.

"I suppose," said the mayor, "it was because the firemen were cooped up in the houses and could not get out to run into debt. But is that a reason why the firemen should not have more liberty?"

"Have you considered the cost of the two platoon system?"

"Yes; that is a matter which will have to be taken into consideration," said the mayor.

"Have you considered that the experiment was tried in New York and abandoned?"

"That is another matter which must be taken into consideration."

Petition for Chief's Retention.

The petition of the firemen asking for the retention of the chief, read: "In order to show our high appreciation of our chief, John Campion, we trust you will retain him as our official head and do hereby present this request you so do."

Eighteen members of the fire department, including captains and pipemen, were in the delegation which presented the petition. Owen Shevlin of engine company No. 62, West Pullman, was the spokesman.

"We are men with families," said one of the committee members. "We love life as well as any men that ever lived. We are willing to trust our lives to Campion. That is it in a nut shell. No influence except the first law of nature, self-preservation, could have prompted us to take this step. We know Campion is the man to trust."

John T. Connery, Henry Gibbons, William Quinlan, Thomas E. Webb, and P. L. Mc-Ardle, all leading members of the Knights of Columbus, the only fraternal society to which the mayor belongs, also called to protest against the removal of the chief.

The consideration of the charges against the officers of the Firemen's association was postponed by the civil service commission, because of lack of time to consider them.

Allows Mrs. Rogers Companions.

Windsor, Vt., June 23.—Mrs. Mary N. Rogers, who was to have been hanged today for the murder of her husband, has been released from solitary confinement and permitted to mingle with the other women prisoners at the state prison. This privilege was a result of the action of the United States Circuit court yesterday in granting an appeal to the Supreme court.

This Afternoon

Our Savings Department is open until

4 O'Clock,

One Dollar Starts a Saving Account.

Central Trust Company of Illinois

Capital.....$2,000,000
Surplus.....$ 500,000

Southwest Corner
Dearborn and Monroe Streets.

SHORT LINE
TO
LEWIS AND CLARK EXPOSITION
Portland, Ore., June 1st to Oct. 15th, 1905
VIA THE
Union Pacific

This route gives you 200 miles along the beautiful Columbia River, a trip to *Portland and the Northwest without change*, and a chance to visit

YELLOWSTONE PARK
JUNE 1st TO SEPTEMBER 15th, 1905
returning from Portland via
CALIFORNIA
Inquire of
W. G. NEIMYER, General Agent,
185 Jackson Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Mollan's
INCORPORATED
NEW
Confectionery Shop
38 MADISON STREET.
Heyworth Building, 2 doors east of Carson, Pirie, Scott.

Where tired shoppers like to meet and rest, and chat—and eat the
DELICIOUS CONFECTIONS, ICE CREAMS AND ICES
made fresh at our factory every day.
A SWEET TEMPTER—
Pure Cream Caramels, 30c a box

WANT DENEEN TO ARBITRATE DIFFERENCES WITH OPERATORS.

Illinois Miners Ask That Governor Be Allowed to Settle Questions—Will Accede to Board of Five.

Springfield, Ill., June 23.—[Special.]—Gov. Charles S. Deneen will be called upon to act as arbitrator in the present controversy between the United Mineworkers of Illinois and the Illinois Coal Operators' association if the present plan to arbitrate, made by the executive board today at a secret meeting, is agreed to by the operators. The point to be settled is whether or not the miners have violated their agreement in securing the passage of the shot firers' law.

After naming Gov. Deneen as the arbitrator the miners make the further declaration that in the event he is not satisfactory a board of five shall be chosen to return an opinion before July 15.

Resolutions were mailed to the officials of the Operators' association and a meeting of the executive board of that body will be called some time next week.

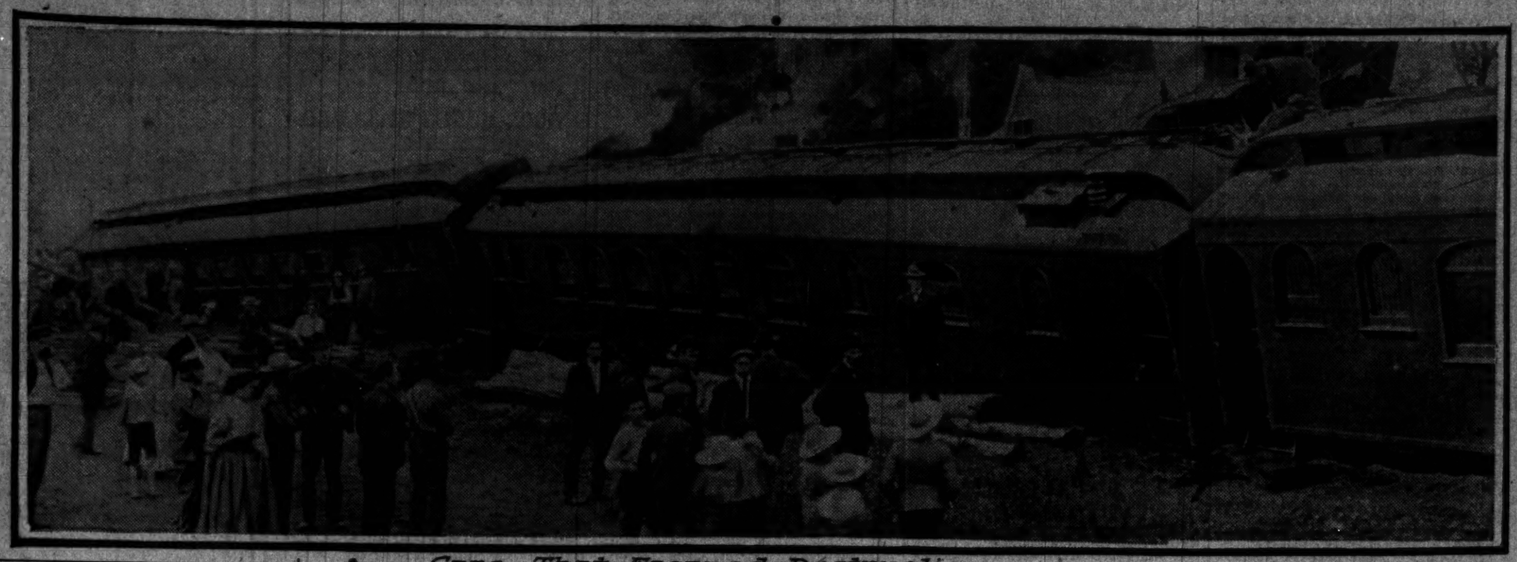
The executive board of miners will meet again on Saturday and will hold another session on Monday, when it is expected that President John Mitchell will be present to confer with them. Officials of the miners' organization deny that they have been influenced by President Mitchell in making the proposal to arbitrate.

OUTING SUIT BARGAINS
"AUGUST DISCTS. IN JUNE—
WHEN YOU WANT THE CLOTHES."
BRISK SELLING
With Assortments of Sizes and Fabrics Still Complete.
FOREMAN CORRECT SUMMER **CLOTHES**
AT FLAT **25%** DISCOUNT
Garments worthy the Foreman name, "READY-TO-WALK-OUT-IN."
Height of style at the height of the season at a saving you might expect late in the summer with fag-end stocks, broken sizes and many disappointments. Take it now on
OUTING SUITS OF CLASS
and the highest grade
COOL BUSINESS SUITS
$9, $11.25, $13.50, up to **$22.50**
for suits hitherto sold at from $12 to $30.
Same discount on FOREMAN TROUSERS, regularly $3.50 to $8.
COOL FANCY VESTS: Exclusive designs, correct styles, 25% off usual prices, which are $2.50 to $6.
The FOREMAN GUARANTY—"Money back without argument" backs every garment in this sale.

Quality
FOREMAN
"The QUALITY-CLOTHES-STORE."
"Worth a visit for its own sake"
92-94-96 WASHINGTON St.
Adjoining Title and Trust Bldg.

Scenes of the Fatal Wreck of the Twentieth Century Limited.

[From photographs taken for THE TRIBUNE.]



Cars That Escaped Destruction.

Car In Which A Score Of People Were Killed.

BUY HYDES OFF WITH $5,000,000?

Equitable Directors Said to Have Paid Founder's Estate Fortune to Release Claims.

JEROME GETS INTO FIGHT.

Courts to Suspend Vacation So Criminal Prosecution May Be Pushed at Once.

New York, June 23.—[Special.]—The report of Francis Hendricks, state superintendent of insurance, of his investigation of the Equitable Life Assurance society does not say a word about what is regarded as the biggest single grafting scheme yet discovered therein.

This relates to the arrangement which the late Henry B. Hyde, founder of the society and owner of the stock control, made with himself, by which he is said to have received 1 per cent of all the premium moneys paid into the Equitable by its policy holders.

The total of the premiums in 1898 amounted to $39,271,421.59, and 1 per cent of this sum was $392,714.21. There was some objection to the system, and later, it is said, the elder Hyde made a change, by which he received a percentage of the premiums instead of a percentage of the surplus.

How much of the policy holders' money was diverted in this way from the treasury of the society to the pockets of the man who was paid an immense salary as its president, could not be learned.

Get $5,000,000 in a Lump?

In connection with this report it is stated that after the death of the elder Hyde, in 1899, certain members of his family refused the 1 per cent arrangement should be continued, the money to be paid to the estate. Since then the family would have received in the neighborhood of $2,500,000 had this arrangement been prolonged.

Instead of continuing the 1 per cent arrangement, however, a compromise is said to have been effected by which the Equitable made a cash payment to the estate of $5,000,000 and received a full release from the heirs to any claims they might have upon the percentage of the premiums.

It also is said that officers of the Equitable who were cognizant of this settlement agreed it wise to cover up all traces of the transaction, and, to prevent any revelation in the matter, raised the bookkeeping value of the assets of the company arbitrarily $5,000,000 to offset the cash payment.

Courts to Wait on Jerome.

District Attorney William Travers Jerome, who announced yesterday that he would investigate the society's affairs, has followed his announcement with a request today that the Court of General Sessions remain at work during the summer and suspend its vacation. The court complied immediately. Previously during the day he had made a similar arrangement with the Supreme court.

The action is taken in order to have the court available if the district attorney wishes to prosecute.

It is unusual, however, that most persons familiar with the case realize the district attorney would not have made the request if a definite plan of prosecution had not been decided on.

The district attorney's action will be along criminal lines, looking to the punishment of men who have robbed the Equitable policy holders, but in addition to this will be proceedings to be brought by the attorney general of the state, Julius M. Mayer.

The proceedings by the state will be brought to force the restitution of the money practically has been stolen, and to debar from responsible positions for this theft from further participation in any way in the affairs of the Equitable or any other insurance company.

Jerome Acts as Check.

It has been the wonder of the country that, in the light of the disclosures and extent of the various revelations concerning the methods on the inside of the Equitable, officers responsible have seemed to be content "to get away with it" merely by a change in the ownership of stock on the part of Mr. Hyde. But the wonder now has been voiced by Mr. Jerome and the attorney general.

The district attorney having put his hand to the plow with characteristic energy and intent, as is his custom, in preliminary explanation. He said today, in making his motion to suspend the court's vacation, that he had a letter from Gov. Higgins offering to place the evidence obtained by Superintendent of Insurance Hendricks at his disposal.

"It is my desire," he added, "to have that evidence, and it is my intention to go through it thoroughly. The widespread attention called to this matter makes it mandatory upon me to make an examination of the whole affair. I am not in a position to know at this time whether there has been a violation of the law, but it is my duty to find out. Before the governor addressed his letter to me I had the matter under consideration, having sent for a copy of the official report of the investigation.

Unusual Procedure by Governor.

"It is unusual for the governor to address such a letter as this to the district attorney, as it focuses public attention upon me. I have made arrangements with Justice Davy of the Criminal branch of the Supreme court, so that he will continue the June term of that court through the summer. The powers of the courts can, if necessary, be invoked."

That is District Attorney Jerome in an official capacity. William Travers Jerome, in a personal capacity, whose convictions undoubtedly are acting as a spur to his official instinct, has gone on record in the case in most outspoken fashion. At a dinner in his honor the night of June 15, given by the Merchants' Protective association, he said in a public speech:

"There is the recent exposure of the affairs of the Equitable Life Assurance society. In the case of the eminent gentlemen who governed its affairs I will admit the things they did were not criminal as defined in section 96 of the penal code, which has to do with larceny.

"I contend, however, that in a moral sense they should come within the purview of this section, and I defy them to distinguish their acts from the acts defined in it."

Attorney General's Plans.

The attorney general promises to be no less active. Discussing his course today, he said:

"Action will be taken as soon as it is practically possible, and it will not be a matter of weeks, but of days only, before we will be ready. Not only have I got to go over the Hendricks report, but the testimony which preceded that report, and on which the report is based."

He believed separate action would be taken, one for the restitution of funds forcefully elicited and another for the deportment proceedings against officers of the company. In commenting on this phase of the matter Mr. Mayer said:

"This is a novel action, and it is the first one in the history of the state of New York where debarment proceedings against officials of an insurance company will have been taken. Under the insurance law, the application of which has never yet been put in practice, the attorney general has power to debar officers of an insurance company who have been found derelict in their duty, and the debarment not only precludes them from holding positions as officers, but also debars them from acting as directors, not only in the company from which they have been debarred, but from any other insurance company doing business within the confines of the state, and the attorney general is the one to enforce the action."

Hyde Offers Assistance.

James H. Hyde, through his counsel, Samuel Untermeyer, has indicated to Mr. Mayer his willingness to facilitate the attorney general's proposed suit against "James H. Hyde and associates" for the return of the funds received by them in the syndicate's transactions of the society.

Mr. Hyde informed the attorney general that his counsel was instructed several weeks ago to begin a friendly suit against the society for the return of $63,233, his profit in the syndicate deal, which he already had turned over to Cashier Murray of the society as custodian pending the determination of the ownership of the fund.

In view of the fact that the attorney general was about to bring suit involving the same points, he felt such action would be entitled to a preference, and it could, therefore, be more speedily tried. Mr. Hyde said he was most anxious for an immediate determination of the question of the ownership of this fund, and if he is right, as he believes himself to be, relieve himself by the judgment of the court from the criticisms that have been leveled against him in the report of the superintendent, which he regards as most unjust and as based upon a total misapprehension of the law and facts.

Attorney General Mayer will avail himself of this offer to expedite this particular suit.

A number of agents who have worked under the management of Archibald C. Haines, a general agent for the Equitable in this city, resigned today. He called his men together, told them that business had been miserable since the publication of the company's affairs, and said he knew many of them could not afford to continue without doing any business. He added that in view of the present conditions if any of them wished to resign they could do so without the slightest hard feeling on his part.

NEW YORK MAN ARRESTED CHARGED WITH MASHING.

G. D. Richardson, Claiming to Be a Financial Editor, Accused of Accosting and Seizing Miss Elsie Witte.

G. D. Richardson, who claims to be "financial editor" of the New York Tribune, was arrested last evening for mashing. He was locked up at Central police station, where at first he gave the name of John Smith. According to the New York Tribune there is no such man in its employ.

It is alleged that Richardson accosted Elsie M. Witte, a stenographer, at Monroe street and Wabash avenue. The young woman screamed and Policeman Mulchay hurried to her assistance. Mulchay arrested Richardson, who became abusive.

At the station Richardson gave his age as 28 years and said that he was financial editor of a New York newspaper and that he came to Chicago on business for the paper.

Miss Witte told the police she was waiting for a car when Richardson approached her.

"He made several insulting remarks," said she, "and I became afraid and screamed. When I screamed he grappled with me and held my arms."

Richardson denied accosting the young woman.

"I came to Chicago on special work for the paper by which I am employed," said he. "I think it is an outrage to hold a man upon the bare statement of a woman."

CHILD SOLD INTO SLAVERY.

Armenian Girl Imported by Mr. and Mrs. George Obeid, 634 Western Avenue, Found by Officers.

Sold by her father and shipped to this country to work as a servant in the family of George Obeid, a Tripolitan—this is the story of Bertha Barout, a 13 year old Armenian girl. She was found yesterday bending over a washtub at the Obeid residence, 634 South Western avenue. She told her story to Truant Officer E. D. Rogers, through an interpretor. What the girl said was corroborated by Mrs. Obeid.

According to her story she came to Chicago four weeks ago. Her father, she says, received a sum of money for her from the father of Obeid, a wealthy Tripolitan. A few days later she was shipped to America in the care of a man named Aziz Atyek, an Armenian of Statington, Pa.

Mrs. Obeid is disappointed in the girl, as she expected an older one, but says they dare not offend her husband's father by sending her back.

Supt. Bodine believes the discovery of the child may lead to the unearthing of a system of traffic in child slaves. Supt. Bodine also said he had found that a number of Chicago families solve the servant girl problem by securing young girls from home finding institutions, making them do housework and failing to send them to school.

STABBED BY HIS STEPFATHER.

Edward Halpin Probably Mortally Wounded by John Wills, Who Is Placed Under Arrest.

Edward A. Halpin, 26 years old, 628 West Twelfth street, a molder, was stabbed and probably fatally wounded last evening by his stepfather, John Wills, in a quarrel in the latter's residence, 635 West Thirteenth street. Halpin was taken to the county hospital.

The police could not learn the exact cause of the quarrel, but Halpin said he was stabbed without provocation. He entered the house shortly after 8 o'clock in the evening and after conversing until nearly 10 o'clock started home. While he was walking through the kitchen toward the door he got into an argument with his stepfather. A struggle followed and Halpin said he was trying to run out the door when Wills stabbed him several times in the abdomen.

Neighbors who heard the commotion notified the Maxwell street police, and Sergeant Sullivan with Policemen Murray and Cronin hurried to the house in a patrol wagon. Wills was taken to the Maxwell street police station, where he will be held pending the outcome of Halpin's wounds. Halpin has one child. His wife died a short time ago.

TWO OIL OFFICIALS RESIGN.

Reorganization of Waters-Pierce Concern Is Said to Have Caused Their Action.

St. Louis, Mo., June 23.—Announcement was made tonight that President Andrew M. Finlay and Vice President R. B. Tinsley of the Waters-Pierce Oil company had resigned, and the corporation had been reorganized with Clay A. Pierce, son of H. Clay Pierce, as president. It is intimated that the reorganization is owing to the state's investigation.

ACCUSES A WEALTHY MAN

DOUGLAS SMITH CHARGED WITH DEFRAUDING A WOMAN.

Mrs. Mary A. Oliver Files Bill Asserting That He Won Her Confidence While She Was an Invalid and Secured $28,200 of Stock, Which He Refused to Make Accounting Of—Securities in Typewriter Company Founded by Her Divorced Husband.

Charges that Douglas Smith, president of the Liquozone company, member of the Union League club, defrauded an invalid woman out of stock worth $28,200 are made in a bill filed yesterday in the Circuit court.

Mrs. Mary A. Oliver, 2752 Hermitage avenue, is the complainant. She formerly was the wife of Thomas Oliver, inventor of the typewriting machine bearing his name. The stock in question is asserted to have been given her when Judge Clifford granted her a divorce on May 21, 1900. Mrs. Oliver asks that Mr. Smith make an accounting to her and pay whatever is due her.

Mr. Smith, who is now traveling in Europe, posed as Mrs. Oliver's friend, her bill alleges, when she was a helpless invalid, won her complete confidence, and then betrayed her. Mrs. Oliver asserts she has sought repeatedly to get an accounting from Mr. Smith, but always was repelled.

Attorney Defends Mr. Smith.

William C. Boyden of the law firm of Mats, Fisher & Boyden, said of Mrs. Oliver's bill:

"The matter is in the hands of Walter L. Fisher of our firm. I always have understood, both from Mr. Smith and Mr. Fisher, that there is absolutely nothing in Mrs. Oliver's claim.

"It is noticeable that she has waited more than four years before trying to enforce her claim. Mr. Smith, while knowing of the claim for a long time, has paid no attention to it. Mr. Smith is a neighbor of mine in Winnetka, and I know that he is a man of the highest integrity and the last man to take any unfair advantage of a woman.

"The bill is obviously a result of the unsettled imagination of an invalid."

The Olivers were married in 1874 and lived together until 1899. Then Oliver, successful in business and growing wealthy, is asserted to have deserted his wife. Her illness weighing upon her, it is said, she trusted Smith to conduct the negotiations for her divorce.

The stock that has been made the subject of the complaint consisted of forty-eight shares in the Oliver Typewriter company of the par value of $4,800, and 1,100 shares in the International Oliver Typewriter company, worth $11,000. Later her holdings in the latter corporation were increased, to make a total of $28,200.

Oliver and Smith were asserted to have begun business relations upon the organization of the first Oliver company in 1892. Through years of acquaintance with Mr. Smith, Mrs. Oliver says she came to believe in the sincerity of the friendship he is said to have expressed for her.

How Stock Was Secured.

On Oct. 1, 1900, it is declared, Smith told Mrs. Oliver that the Oliver company, of which he was a director, intended to abrogate a contract by which the International company was given $25 on each machine sold. This move, now declared to have been wholly fictitious, Smith is alleged to have told Mrs. Oliver would involve her in litigation and probably render her International stock worthless.

Smith then proposed to take charge of Mrs. Oliver's interests if she would give him half the profits realized by his work, it is asserted.

After several conferences the stock, it is said, was handed over to Mr. Smith. From that time, it is asserted, Mrs. Oliver never has been able to get Smith to make a settlement with her.

Mrs. Oliver says Mr. Smith knew the contract between the companies was a valid one and that directors of neither company ever had considered litigation looking to its abrogation.

ACTRESS MUST ANSWER FOR KILLING AN ALLEGED THIEF.

Eva Dakin, Exonerated at Inquest, Is Arrested on Indictment Found by the Grand Jury.

Eva Dakin, 59 Canal street, the actress, who shot and killed Charles Bennett, 276 Washington boulevard, on the morning of May 13, is under arrest in Milwaukee, Wis., and will be brought back to Chicago to answer an indictment for murder, although the coroner's jury exonerated her after the shooting.

According to the testimony of several witnesses at the coroner's inquest Bennett and a man whose identity the police have been unable to learn approached Miss Dakin shortly after 3 o'clock in the morning, in Monroe stret, near Halsted, while she was on her way to her home. Bennett, it is asserted, snatched her purse and then ran. She shot him, the bullet striking him above the left eye. Bennett died almost instantly.

After the woman was exonerated by the coroner's jury her victim's widow sought to have her arrested. She took the case to the grand jury, and Miss Dakin's indictment followed.

NAMES ACTRESS IN HER BILL.

Wife of Wealthy North Side Dentist Sues for Divorce in Circuit Court.

Mabel Montgomery, leading woman at the Bush Temple theater, is mentioned in a bill filed in the Circuit court yesterday by Mrs. Anna K. Henniger, who asks for a divorce from Dr. Joseph Henniger. Mrs. Henniger alleges that her husband took her diamond brooch valued at $550 and a diamond ring worth $800 and was going to present them to Miss Montgomery. She charges also that her husband attacked her at Diversey and Clark streets a few weeks ago and beat her.

Henniger is said to own a $5,000 interest in a dental surgery office in the Bush temple, a $10,000 interest in a confectionery store in the same building, and an interest in a laundry at 204 Illinois street. On the wife's petition Judge Tuley issued an injunction restraining Henniger from selling any of his property. The writ also enjoins H. Claussenius & Co. from paying Henniger any money of the estate left him recently by his father in Austria, and ties up money which Henniger has deposited in the North Side Savings bank and in the Safety Deposit Vault company.

The Henningers were married in 1899 in Chicago. Mrs. Henniger asks that the custody of her two children be awarded to her, as well as all the property in their residence, 1731 Waveland avenue.

FIRST VICTIM OF THE FOURTH.

Preliminary Celebration Probably Will Cost Jacob Matheson, 10 Years Old, Loss of Eyesight.

Unable to wait the arrival of the fourth of July, Jacob Matheson, 10 years old, started a preliminary celebration last night. As a result he probably will lose his eyesight.

With several companions the boy was playing in the alley in the rear of his dwelling, 732 North Leavitt street. From his father's study he obtained three cartridges such as are used in shotguns. The powder was poured into a tin can and preparations were made to explode it.

A lighted match fell into the can, exploding the powder prematurely. The flames shot into the boy's face and eyes, burning him severely. He was taken to St. Elizabeth's hospital.

Incorporate $2,000,000 Company.

A license to incorporate the American Trust and Savings Safe Deposit company of Chicago, capital stock $2,000,000, was issued yesterday by the secretary of state at Springfield. The incorporators were Frank H. Jones, William P. Kopf, and Irving J. Shuart.

HOPE TO KEEP SCHEDULE.

LOCAL LAKE SHORE MEN WANT EIGHTEEN HOUR TRAIN.

Believe Speed Had Nothing to Do with Disaster at Mentor, O.—Think President Newman May Rescind Order Annulling New Flyer—Time Now Being Made Is Sixty Minutes Slower than on Night of Accident—Arranging New Time Card.

President Newman's order changing the schedule of the Twentieth Century train back to twenty hours was not glad tidings to the Lake Shore officials in Chicago. Neither Vice President Brown nor Passenger Traffic Manager C. F. Daly believes that the speed had anything to do with the wrecking of the train, and they maintain that it is just as safe to operate the train on the eighteen hour schedule as on the twenty hour.

There is to be a conference of passenger and operating officials on Sunday, at which the question will be discussed, and efforts may be made to have President Newman rescind his order. In the meantime the train is run on a nineteen hour schedule until a new time schedule can be arranged.

At the offices of the Pennsylvania road the statement was made that it was not contemplated changing the time of its eighteen hour train.

Vice President Brown learned that Pinkerton detectives were looking for a man, said to go by the name of John Carlson, alias Fred George, alias Frank George, who was discharged from the Lake Shore road several years ago, and who has made threats against the road. He was seen about Mentor, O., on Wednesday. He has a prison record.

H. H. Wright, 409 North Kenilworth avenue, Oak Park, who was killed in the wreck, will be buried at Toledo, O., the family home of his widow, today. At 10:30 funeral services will be performed at the residence in Oak Park by the Rev. George N. Luccock of the First Presbyterian church, after which the body will be taken to Toledo.

Railroad Offers $2,000 Reward.

Cleveland, O., June 23.—The Lake Shore railway company tonight offered a reward of $2,000 for the arrest or information leading to the arrest of the person or persons responsible for the wreck of the Twentieth Century limited at Mentor, O., Wednesday night.

State Railroad Commissioner J. C. Morris, who today started an investigation of the wreck, said the switch was undoubtedly open, and that some one must have set it that way a short time before the flyer struck it.

The belief that the misplaced switch was thrown purposely by some man, prompted by feelings of revenge, is gaining ground among the railroad officials, according to a statement made today by an official of the road. A man under suspicion is being shadowed and secret service men of the Lake Shore are tracing back his actions on the night of the wreck.

Beckwith Jewels Are Found.

A bag containing jewels valued at $32,000, the property of S. C. Beckwith of New York, supposed to have been stolen from the wrecked train at Mentor, was found today. It had been picked up in the wreckage and brought to the Lake Shore claim agent's office in Cleveland. Mr. Beckwith died soon after being removed from the wreck.

EXCURSION TO ASBURY PARK

Via Pennsylvania Short Lines.

Tickets sold June 29 and 30, July 1 and 2. Long limit returning. Stopovers allowed at Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York. Through sleepers and coaches Chicago to Asbury Park. For tickets, sleeping car space, and full particulars call at city office, 248 Clark street, or address C. L. Kimball, Ass't G. P. A., No. 2 Sherman street, Chicago.

FIRE PANIC AT INFIRMARY; SEVERAL PERSONS ARE HURT.

Explosion of Gasoline Tank Causes a Stampede at the County Poorhouse Near Muskegon, Mich.

Muskegon, Mich., June 23.—[Special.]—In a panic which followed an explosion and fire at the county poorhouse this afternoon, one was fatally injured and three workmen were severely burned.

Thomas McFadden, a plumber, noticed flames near a gasoline tank. Before he could prevent it the tank exploded, shooting flames over an acre of ground. Seventy-five cripples and half witted inmates of the institution were confined in the basement of the building, and when the flames swept over their heads there was a wild stampede. The infirm were crushed in their mad fight for the open air. When the terror stricken wards had been quieted several women were found severely bruised, Mrs. Carl, aged 75 years, being in a serious condition.

From the basement the fire spread rapidly, the building being practically destroyed. The loss is estimated at $80,000 with $48,000 insurance.

RIVAL PRESIDENTS ON STAND.

One Good Roads Convention Head Uses Gavel, the Other a Brick, Amidst Wild Confusion.

Portland, Ore., June 23.—For a time today two rival presidents tried to control the good roads convention, and confusion reigned. President Moore of Chicago having refused to allow an election of officers, Secretary Richardson appointed a telling committee to canvass the vote of the delegates as to the presidency.

The result was a vote of 69 to 5 in Richardson's favor. Richardson immediately assumed a position beside President Moore, who would not withdraw. Standing side by side, Moore using his wooden gavel and Richardson rapping for order with a brick, both tried to direct the convention.

Finally J. H. Scott of Salem, Ore. was made temporary chairman, and Moore and Richardson withdrew. A committee was appointed to draft a new constitution to be submitted tomorrow.

SUMMER COLDS.

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold Cure, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c

AUTO RUNS DOWN LOADED TROLLEY.

Street Car Hit and Forced to Curb by Sightseers' Machine.

OLD MAN SPIRITED AWAY.

Chauffeur Stops, Puts Injured Victim Into Machine, and Disappears.

The automobile continued on its reckless way in Chicago and its suburbs yesterday. Several persons who failed to recognize the supreme rights of the auto in the streets limped away with bruises.

A street car, in a moment of pride, challenged an auto to a tilt at Michigan avenue and Thirty-first street. The trolley was hauled to the barns by the wrecking crew, and the auto, one of the big sightseeing vehicles, lumbered away without so much as a grunt of distress. One woman was injured severely and the auto had demonstrated its power over the car.

The electric car, operated by Motorman Richard McGee, was west bound. It was brought to a stop at the east side of Michigan avenue, and the gong was sounded with the usual air of challenge. The sound of the bell appeared to rouse the temper of the huge machine approaching from the south. It was returning from a tour of the south parks.

Car Starts; Auto Starts.

As the car started, the auto put on speed. Too late the car realized its danger and tried to dash for safety. But the auto would have none of that. It crashed into the rear of the trolley, forced it easily off the tracks and to the curb, and then stopped to take stock of the damages.

Those injured were:

Bingenham, Mrs. Mary, 2236 Dearborn street, passenger on car; right leg broken.

Brennan, Patrick, 3753 Wabash avenue, on car; injuries slight.

Brown, Mrs. A., 6102 May street, on car; injuries slight.

Phillips, W. C., 26 North Sacramento avenue; right ankle injured.

Roach, Patrick, conductor on car; bruised.

Schulter, F. C., 281 Indiana street, chauffeur; shaken up.

Injured Man Spirited Away.

An old man was knocked down by an automobile in Michigan avenue at Van Buren street at 10:30 p. m. The victim was dragged twenty feet before the car stopped. Then the chauffeur stepped from the machine and extricated the man, whose head showed several cuts.

Lifting the stranger into the car, the operator turned the vehicle southward and sped off down Michigan avenue. To the questions asked by the persons who crowded into the street, the chauffeur made no reply. Capt. Kelly of the south park police received a report, but could not be found.

It is believed the automobilist took his victim to a physician's office and then to his residence.

Two Workmen Are Run Down.

Bewildered by the rush of several speeding automobiles at Evanston and Wilson avenues last evening, six Italian laborers stood huddled in the roadway in the path of the machines. The machines raced around the group and only two of the men were struck. These were Dominico Bonda and Charles Frondi, both living at 2043 Archer avenue.

They were taken to the Alexian Brothers' hospital, where Bonda was said to have received internal injuries. His companion was bruised slightly. Milton Stone, 2781 North Winchester avenue, whose automobile struck the men, was arrested by policemen of the Town Hall station. He was released on bonds signed by his father, Irving I. Stone.

Club Plans Auto Policemen.

As a result of action taken by the board of directors of the Chicago Automobile club some of the members will be sworn in as special "automobile policemen," to watch scorchers.

The board of directors of the club at the special meeting placed its emphatic disapproval upon "insane driving" and the utter disregard for life and limb shown by some chauffeurs in Chicago. It was declared that every effort will be made by the club to stamp out "speed intoxication."

Four penitent automobilists, who were arrested last Sunday in Evanston, were fined by Justice Boyer.

FIVE INJURED IN AUTO TRIP.

Employe Takes Out Owner's Machine in New York and Comes to Grief with Friends.

New York, June 23.—[Special.]—Another automobile driver who took out his employer's machine without the latter's consent came to grief tonight in the Bronx. He and his four friends were injured and taken to a hospital.

Edward H. Graves of South Orange is the owner of an automobile which he stores in this city. Arthur Dodge is employed by him to drive the machine.

Dodge took it out, and with him were four men, A. H. Dressel, John Robinson, Paul Fenter, and William Lashe. Both Robinson's legs were broken and Dodge's right knee was fractured. The others were bruised.

ATTEMPT TO HOLD UP LIMITED.

Train Robbers Make Unsuccessful Effort to Plunder Fast Train in Washington.

Tacoma, Wash., June 23.—Train robbers made an unsuccessful attempt to hold up the North Coast Limited early today three miles west of Puyallup. The engineer was ordered to stop at a fire near the tracks by a man who had boarded the train at Puyallup. Engineer Woods did not stop the train until a half mile beyond. As the brakeman ran up to see what the trouble was the bandit shot at him.

The engineer and the conductor were ordered out of the way, while an unsuccessful attempt to back the train was made. The robber failed to get the engine started and called for the engineer to come back. As he stepped into the cab the robber fired twice and then jumped to the ground and ran into the brush.

The train was taken into Tacoma, leaving the fireman and brakeman behind. An engine was sent out for them and they were brought in this morning.

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GASKILL'S DIARY AVOWS DUAL LIFE

Broker Confesses Jekyll and Hyde Existence in Personal History Left Brother.

LAYS CRIMES TO DRINK.

Forger Declares He Was Another, an Evil Man, When Under Influence of Whisky.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 23.—[Special.]—A dual nature, a Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde existence, a life which in its sober moments saw a normal man, kind, considerate, charitable, conservative, remorseful for errors and crimes committed in abnormal periods, but which under the influence of drink developed a reckless creature, a daring financier, unscrupulous and specious, a forger, a gambler, a felon—such were the self-confessed characteristics of Benjamin H. Gaskill, the broker, whose forgeries caused the collapse of the City Trust company.

With death confronting him as the inevitable result of his folly and misdeeds, the victim of this strange mentality gathered together the slips of paper upon which he had jotted down the stirring incidents of his meteoric career, pinned them into diary form, and sent them to his brother, E. George Gaskill, at 6212 Catharine street.

Now George Gaskill is dying, apparently from dropsy and Bright's disease, but in reality from the effects of the shock which attended the revelations of his brother's duplicity, and the end is only a matter of hours.

Drink, His Only Defense.

All that has been written about the life of Gaskill and his skill and cunning in raising stock certificates has been picturesque and absorbing, but it sinks to the commonplace when the dead broker's own story is told.

Strong efforts have been made to keep the existence of the diary from the public, but it became known today that Gaskill, in odd moments during his life, had scribbled his defense and explanation of charges, which he must have known would develop after his death.

That his criminal proclivities were the result of an appetite for liquor is the dead man's defense, spoken from the grave.

"Never once did I do wrong when sober," he wrote. "When I was sober remorse made life hell. Therefore, George, I was seldom sober. But when I was drunk I was not Ben Gaskill—not the Ben Gaskill who was born in me. Who or what I was God alone knows. I only know that there was no crime of intellect I would not commit, no debauchery of the brain and soul before which I would hesitate.

Cowered in Shame When Sober.

"I was brilliant, unscrupulous, successful, happy. Sober, who would have known me? I cowered before my conscience, with trembling hands, with loose lip and jaw, with fear, and shame, and sorrow in my soul."

Every forgery, every daring deal swung upon the floor of the stock exchange, and every act that brought shame to his relatives and misery to others, he cries, was done under influence of his other nature—the nature that took hold of him as soon as the first drop of liquor passed his lips.

The diary tells an incoherent but fairly complete story of the life of Gaskill, beginning at the time he left Princeton under a cloud fifteen years ago, coming down to his employment in this city by the Warthman Provision company at Seventh and Callow Hill streets and running through a maze of subsequent events.

Clears Up Mysteries.

It merely touches upon the reason for his dismissal from the Warthman house, although it is now known that he was charged at that time with having forged storage certificates for provisions and obtained heavy loans upon them. The company was hit for $100,000.

"I made restitution," says Gaskill. "I had to. It was that or jail."

"I paid cash and I had my life insured for $20,000 in the name of a lawyer, Samuel P. Rotan, as trustee for Warthman," he writes. "I'll get it all back some day."

Thus he solves, himself, the mystery of the insurance money, up to now impenetrable.

He tells of his beginnings in the brokerage business.

"Now I took the devil's hand," he writes. "How easy to take it was, my plunge from virginity!"

He was about to propel a shrewd deal through 'change. It was for something more than $100,000.

"I thought, and thought, and thought," he writes. "I was baffled. I had not tasted liquor since my days at Princeton. I walked out from my rooms and brought back with me whisky. I drank and drank.

"Then my brain became illumined. Thought came to me like a flash. It was so simple that I sat back and laughed and laughed that the whole world was so stupid as never to have thought of it.

"I had a rare old stock certificate, seldom seen in those days even. It called for one share of stock. I saw how easy it would be to raise the numeral from 1 to 100. I did it.

"I drank more whisky. I drank all that night, and the next day I went out and got from the first banking house I went into a loan that showed me how easily it could be done."

So runs the diary to the end.

"It was the one that drink gave me, not the one our mother gave," he concludes.

MORE TESTIMONY OFFERED AGAINST SENATOR MITCHELL.

Direct Examination of Former Judge Tanner Is Concluded—Court Admits Evidence Opposed by Defense.

Portland, Ore., June 23.—Former Judge Albert H. Tanner, chief witness for the prosecution in the case of the United States against Senator Mitchell, occupied the witness stand all day.

The court ruled that it was proper to introduce evidence tending to show that Senator Mitchell knowingly had accepted fees in other but similar cases to the one at issue, for the purpose of proving a lack of probability that an acceptance of a fee in the case at issue had been by inadvertence or carelessness.

The defense objected on the grounds that the agreement came outside of those alleged in the indictment. If such evidence were admitted the defense argued, it would force Senator Mitchell without notice to disprove allegations not set forth in the indictment on which he was being tried; in other words, the trying him for misdemeanors of which he is not accused.

Mr. Heney contended that the rules of evidence admitted such testimony in such cases as tending to prove knowledge and intent where its lack was set out as a defense, as in this case.

REPUBLICANS WIN IN COLORADO

Sweeping Decision by Supreme Court Affects City Charter and Unseats County Judge.

Denver, Colo., June 23.—The Supreme court today decided as invalid any portion of the new charter of the city and county of Denver which conflicts with the constitution and laws of the state regulating counties, and also that a county government must be maintained by Denver separate and distinct from the municipal government.

The county officers elected by the democrats at the May election a year ago are ousted, and the republicans declared elected at the fall election by nullifying the returns from a number of precincts because of fraud are seated.

The charter provision for a second county judgeship is held invalid, and the incumbent, Henry V. Johnson, declared a usurper. The effect on the many decisions rendered by Judge Johnson the last year is problematical.

CALLS ATTORNEY A LIAR.

PHILADELPHIA FORMER OFFICIAL HURLS EPITHET AT LAWYER.

Old Chief of Filtering Bureau Arrested on Second Charge and Taken from Sick Bed to Court — Counsel Pleads His Client Is No "Ordinary Criminal," and Prosecution Grants Point, Saying They Admit Prisoner Is an "Extraordinary Criminal."

Philadelphia, Pa., June 23.—[Special.]—Former Chief of the Bureau of Filtration John W. Hill was again arrested and taken from a sick bed today on an additional charge of forgery and falsification of the public records.

The scene in the courtroom when Hill was arraigned was a dramatic one. The former chief was bitterly attacked by former Judge Gordon and restrained himself with difficulty. Once when Gordon was in the midst of a fiery invective Hill jumped partly to his feet and yelled: "Liar, liar." His son and counsel lifted their hands restrainingly and he sunk back into his chair. Hill was held in $2,000 additional bail, making $10,000 in all. He was led fainting from the courtroom.

Counsel Denounces "Persecution."

His counsel, denouncing the arrest as "persecution," pleaded for a brief delay, urging upon the court that the prisoner "is no ordinary criminal, and the defense should be allowed time to learn what the direct charges are." Former Judge Gordon was insistent that he be allowed to present his evidence. In reply to Lawyer Magill's plea for delay Judge Gordon said:

"I gladly take the opportunity to outline the facts upon which the charges are based. I agree with Mr. Magill as to his saying that his client is not an ordinary criminal.

"He is an extraordinary one—extraordinary in the manner in which he has continued to perpetrate his crimes. He deserves all of the superlatives that can be applied to him."

The story unfolded related to payments for "excavations more than eighteen feet in depth" under the contract with Daniel J. McNichols for laying the water pipe.

Evidence of inconceivable grafting was brought out. In one case it was testified that an item of $45 had been raised to $41,000.

Ring Is Making Threats.

It is openly announced by the ring that if either Insurance Commissioner Durham, State Senator James P. McNichol, or the latter's brother, Daniel McNichol, shall be arrested as a result of the investigation that Mayor Weaver is making into the filtration contracts, reprisals will come swift and sure. In organization circles the statement is being boldly made that the leaders are now ready to strike back, and that if any of the "big men" are touched, Mayor Weaver himself will be arrested and taken before a magistrate on a criminal charge.

PETER KIOLBASSA IS DEAD.

Former Democratic Building Commissioner and City Treasurer Succumbs in a Hospital.

Peter Kiolbassa, former building commissioner and city treasurer, died yesterday morning at 3:30 o'clock in St. Mary of Nazareth hospital, after an illness of nine weeks. Death resulted from blood poisoning and complications, following an injury to one foot several months ago.

He was born in upper Silesia, Russia, Oct. 18, 1838, came with his parents to the United States in 1855, and settled in Karnes county, Tex. At the outbreak of the civil war he was forced to join the confederate army, but, being captured and brought to Illinois, he joined Company E, Sixteenth Illinois cavalry. He was mustered out as a captain and came to Chicago, where he married.

From 1877 to 1879 he was a member of the state legislature and he was elected city treasurer of the city of Chicago in 1901 on the democratic ticket. He served also as alderman from the Eighteenth ward, as building commissioner under Mayor Harrison from 1901 to 1905, and was a member of the board of local improvements at the time of his death. He was married twice, his second wife being Mrs. Antonja Otzenberger of Lemont, who survives him, with one daughter, Mrs. Rose C. Kwasigroch.

Funeral services will be held Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock at St. Stanislaus' Polish Roman Catholic church. Burial will be at St. Adelbert cemetery.

WROTE 14TH AMENDMENT; DEAD

Stephen Neal, Who Aided in Changing Constitution of the United States, Dies at Lebanon, Ind.

Lebanon, Ind., June 23.—[Special.]—Stephen Neal, author of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States, died at his home in this city at 4 o'clock this afternoon. He was 88 years old on June 11, having been born in 1817 in Virginia. He came into prominence in 1866 as the author of the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States. G. S. Orth was at that time representative in congress from the Ninth Indiana district, and was a close personal and political friend of Mr. Neal, who drafted the amendment and forwarded it to Mr. Orth. It was passed almost verbatum as Mr. Neal had written it. He had been three times married and leaves his last wife and ten children, one of whom is C. F. S. Neal of Chicago.

OBITUARY.

WEBSTER MARSHALL SAMUEL, St. Louis Mo., who died at his residence last Thursday, was the father of Mrs. John A. Spoor, wife of the president of the Chicago City railway and the Union Stockyards and Transit company. He was 72 years old. Mr. Samuel was a former president of the merchants' exchange and a former member of the city council in St. Louis. He had been in ill health during two years. Since retiring from business several years ago he spent the winter in California and lived in the summer in Massachusetts at the summer residence of Mrs. Spoor. Mrs. Samuel is living and the other children beside Mrs. Spoor are: E. A. Samuel, Kansas City; Webster M. Samuel Jr., Trenton, N. J.; Edward M. Samuel, Chicago; W. R. Samuel, Newman Samuel, and Mrs. D. E. Garrison Jr., St. Louis. The funeral will be held from the residence at 3 p. m. today.

MISS JOHANNA RUGGE, a German actress who recently came to the United States from the Royal theater at Berlin, is dead at the home of her mother in Grand Rapids, Mich. Miss Rugge was first taken ill while filling an engagement in Cincinnati.

ARTHUR FORD MACKENZIE, aged 45, the celebrated chess player, problemist, and author, died at Kingston, Jamaica.

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UNITED STATES EXPRESS CO., 87-89-91 Washington Street.

MILWAUKEE JURY AFTER OLD SCORE.

Will Unearth Facts About Defalcation of Henry Hermann.

TO SIFT GAMBLING EVIL.

Police Scandal Imminent; Graft in Elevated Franchise to Be Investigated.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Milwaukee, Wis., June 23.—[Special.]—Business graft, as well as municipal dishonesty and corruption, is to be thoroughly investigated by District Attorney McGovern and the grand jury.

The famous Henry Hermann deal, in which one of Milwaukee's foremost financiers defaulted to the extent of $500,000, is to be laid bare.

To get to the bottom of the big scandal it will be necessary to call officials of the First National bank, the institution recently looted by its president, Frank G. Bigelow. It was Hermann's financial backer and the only creditor that was not a loser when his balloon burst. Hundreds of small capitalists and investors were caught.

At the district attorney's office it was intimated that the bank investigation may go further than the Hermann deal, as its records may be needed to secure the conviction of city and county officials who may be indicted. It is not likely that Mr. McGovern will go into the Bigelow matter, as he believes the federal courts alone have jurisdiction.

Graft in County Naming.

A sensation was caused by the announcement that the jury is to look into the naming of a county in northern Wisconsin after James L. Gates, the millionaire lumberman, who testified yesterday. His clerk, Paul Faust, was before the inquisitors today for half an hour.

Seidel, the confessed grafter and former county official, continued his story of graft taking up almost the entire session. He has not finished.

Anton Danielski, the supervisor who introduced the resolution providing for a rival graft investigation, was the only other witness. He was called to explain from what source the alleged conspiracy to hinder the work of the grand jury emanated.

Each hour shows that corruption in Milwaukee's business and official life is greater than the most pessimistic reformers ever dreamed. Deals in the boards of aldermen and supervisors long forgotten are being dug up.

Scope Constantly Widening.

Two new subjects for investigation were announced today. Public gambling houses, said to be protected by the police, and the defeat of an elevated railway franchise are to be inquired into.

The district attorney's determination to solve the Hermann deal created an even greater sensation than the investigation of public officials. It is said that if McGovern is successful in the attempt to ascertain the full scope of the former promoter's dealings, the indictment of men high in business circles is sure to follow. It may be a repetition of the Bigelow case.

Even after Hermann's supposed forgeries were discovered he still did business with the First National bank. To the public he was known as a man of wealth and integrity. He continued to borrow money from hundreds of individuals. He is charged with forging mortgages to secure funds. This money is said to have been used to pay other debts.

When Hermann finally came to the end of his rope and hastily departed from Milwaukee, leaving scores of ruined investors from whom he secured money on worthless securities, the First National bank was owner of all his tangible assets. It has acquired the magnificent Hermann building, which was sold a few weeks ago.

Seidel Relates Sequel.

When the officials of the bank will be called to testify Mr. McGovern refuses to say. He says the county graft investigation must be completed before he goes into other subjects.

It is said that during the 1901 session of the legislature fourteen members were bribed to support a bill creating Gates county out of the northern part of Chippewa. Of that amount $3,000 is said to have been paid to members from Milwaukee. Several legislators are said to have been given choice forest lands in the new county.

In the legislature just closed the name of Gates county was changed to Rusk.

Besides the franchise grants of 1900 another street car deal is being investigated. About two years ago the elevated railroad company all but secured rights to build a line from Wisconsin street to the southern limits of the city. When the ordinance granting the franchise came up for final passage it was defeated.

A clique of aldermen then in the council is said to have sold out to competitors of the proposed line at the last moment.

Until today it was not thought that the jury would extend its investigation to the gambling bill. That public gambling is to be sifted and the police department asked to explain its existence is no longer in doubt.

Since Mayor Rose was elected in 1898 gambling houses have run wide open, like saloons and cigar stores.

It is common talk that there is a rakeoff somewhere. The investigation may result in a police department scandal.

It is now said true bills will be returned against at least thirty supervisors. It is intimated by the district attorney's office that the investigation may continue all summer.

Mother and Children Seek Shelter.

Mrs. Mary Green asked for shelter last night at the Harrison street station. She was accompanied by two little girls, and said her husband had deserted them in Hegewisch. They were cared for in the women's annex.

CHICAGO MAN IS ARRESTED

B. H. TALLMADGE ACCUSED OF LAND FRAUDS IN NEW MEXICO.

Man Known as the "Land King of the Pecos Valley" Charged with Securing Title to Hundreds of Acres of Valuable Real Estate by Inducing Men to Commit Perjury—Brother Declares Law Has Not Been Violated, Alleging Spitework.

Roswell, N. M., June 23.—[Special.]—B. H. Tallmadge of Chicago, of the C. L. Tallmadge Southwestern Land company, was arrested today charged with subornation of perjury. It is specially alleged that Tallmadge induced another person to commit perjury in connection with his land deals.

Tallmadge has for several years been operating in lands in the Pecos valley of New Mexico on a gigantic scale, and it is said that this arrest is only the beginning of a series of prosecutions. It is asserted that hundreds of acres of valuable land were secured in the Pecos valley by false representation under the desert land act.

Some of the Charges.

Tallmadge has long been accused of maintaining a string of "cappers," who would appear in the presence of a prospective purchaser at the opportune moment and bid up the price of land.

Other real estate men in the Pecos valley have made war on him, and it is asserted by some of his friends that spite work may possibly be at the bottom of this case.

A large area of territory is involved, as Tallmadge is known as the "land king" of New Mexico, holding the title to many thousand acres. He has made a practice of running excursions from the north, bringing in prospective buyers by the hundreds. His bond has been fixed at $5,000, which he will easily give.

Brother Calls It Spitework.

Regarding his brother's arrest, C. L. Tallmadge, who is in charge of the Chicago office of the land company, made the following statement last evening:

"I have not received the details of the matter, but, as I understand it, the charge against my brother calls in question the legal rights of our company to purchase lands from those who have filed in accordance with the desert claims and to sell lands for such owners.

"We have been in the land business all our lives, and we would not be so foolish as to settle any section except in accord with the best legal advice. Officials of the Santa Fé railroad will testify that we have done wonderful things for the Pecos valley in bringing settlers into the country.

"So far as I can see, the whole thing is a case of spitework by disgruntled persons who are trying to ruin our business. We have had trouble with local land dealers before, and this probably is another move by them to discredit us with prospective land buyers."

WALLACE THROUGH AT PANAMA?

Believed at Isthmus That Chief Engineer of the Canal Will Not Return.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

[Copyright: 1905: By the New York Herald.]

PANAMA, June 23.—That Chief Engineer Wallace will not return to the isthmus is generally believed here. He has taken all his personal effects and settled all his accounts. The main reason for his departure is said to be a better offer in the north, but he also has had a disagreement with the sanitary and other officials here.

Employés who recently arrived are seeking passage for home.

The overcrowded hospitals are taxed to the utmost, but a majority of the cases are not actually serious.

CHINESE BOYCOTT IMMINENT.

Hongkong Flour Merchant Declares Exclusion Law Must Be Reformed Immediately to Prevent Action.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

[Copyright: 1905: By the New York Herald.]

HONGKONG, June 23.—[To the editor of the New York Herald.]—American merchants in China cannot too strongly urge upon you that the enforcement of the Chinese exclusion law must be reformed immediately by the government or a boycott will follow. RENNIE.

[Mr. Rennie is the leading American merchant who, Secretary Taft told President Roosevelt, sells more American flour than every one else in Hongkong.]

ROYAL HONOR FOR CHICAGO MEN

Emperor of Austria Decorates Frederick J. V. Skiff and Others for Services at St. Louis Exposition.

VIENNA, June 23.—The emperor has decorated Frederick J. V. Skiff, Milan Hulbert, Halsey C. Ives, Edwin G. Cooley, and Adolf Kraus, all of Chicago, for services in connection with the recent St. Louis exposition. President David R. Francis is given the commander's cross of the Order of Francis Joseph.

NORWAY IS NOT SO CONFIDENT.

Growing Uneasiness in Christiania Over Swedish Riksdag's Opposition to King Oscar's Pacific Policy.

CHRISTIANIA, June 23.—The feeling aroused in Stockholm against King Oscar and the Swedish government has caused some uneasiness here. There is anxiety lest the riksdag should yield to this feeling and revoke the conciliary policy outlined by King Oscar; but among those best informed it is believed that the majority of the members of the riksdag will remain firm and follow up the policy of peace.

INDICTS 8 FOR INDIAN FRAUDS.

Federal Grand Jury Charges Chickasaw Officials with Embezzling $100,000.

SCHOOL FUNDS INVOLVED.

Prominent Territory Men Accused of Tricking the Government Into Overpayment.

Washington, D. C., June 23.—[Special.]—As a result of patient and persistent work on the part of Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock, eight officials and lawyers in Indian Territory have been indicted for frauds in connection with the issuance of school fund warrants. They are Treasurer Ward and Gov. Johnson of the Chickasaw nation, United States Marshal Colbert, Banker Purdom, Attorneys Mansfield, McMurray, and Cornish, and ex-Gov. Moseley of the Chickasaw nation.

Congress at its last session voted an appropriation of $300,000 to pay the warrants held by teachers and other employés of the schools of the Chickasaw nation. Some of them had been bought by speculators for from 40 to 60 per cent of their value, in the expectation of receiving 100 per cent from the government.

Before making the distribution Secretary Hitchcock directed an investigation to be made and it developed some of the warrants after having been paid had been reissued.

Graft Aggregates $100,000.

In this way from $80,000 to $100,000 had gone into the pockets of the men making the payments on behalf of the government. The secretary at once stopped payment and turned the facts over to the department of justice. The district attorney was ordered to present the cases to the grand jury.

Secretary Hitchcock intends to prosecute the men to the full extent of the law, and will take measures to secure the restitution of stolen money.

The firm of Mansfield, McMurray & Cornish is the same one that held the government up for a fee of $750,000 in connection with the legal proceedings relative to the distribution of tribal lands. Secretary Hitchcock endeavored to compel them to accept $250,000, which he thought an exorbitant fee, but was unsuccessful. There was considerable satisfaction in the department that the grand jury has found sufficient evidence to warrant the prosecution of all three.

Secretary Hitchcock has been watching the Indian territory matter for a long time. He has devoted twelve months especially to the Indian school scandal. The president heartily approves of his policy the effect of which has been not only to protect the treasury of the United States but to save the lands and funds of Indian tribes.

Choctaw Tax Collectable.

South McAlester, I. T., June 23.—The United States Circuit Court of Appeals has just decided that the Choctaw tribal tax is collectable. Appeal has been taken to the United States Supreme court. This leaves the Choctaw nation in identically the same position as the Creek nation, where resistance was met recently. The disposition among the business men of this place is to avoid a clash with the federal government by making a settlement with the Indians.

GOV. FOLK ORDERS RAID OF DELMAR TRACK GAMBLERS.

If County Authorities Do Not Succeed in Stopping Betting Today Militia Will Be Ordered to Scene.

St. Louis, Mo., June 23.—[Special.]—After a conference with Attorney General Hadley and his assistant, John Kennish, appointed to conduct the prosecution of bookmakers in St. Louis county, Gov. Folk tonight ordered a general raid of all gamblers at the Delmar racetrack tomorrow.

This measure was resorted to after he became convinced that the county officials were not trying to stamp out gambling in earnest. If the deputies do not succeed in stopping betting tomorrow the governor is expected to order a company of militia to the scene. Telegrams from Jefferson City tonight state that Adjutant General Dearmond is holding a company ready.

Acting under instructions from Assistant Attorney General Kennish, Prosecuting Attorney Johnston of St. Louis county, accompanied by deputy sheriffs, visited Delmar racetrack today, armed with warrants to be served on charges of violating the anti-betting law, and before the races were finished Max Gumperts and two of his employés were placed under arrest. The men were taken to Clayton, where they gave bond in the sum of $1,000 each and were released.

GIRLS DROWN; MEN ARE SAVED.

Boating Party on Pine Lake in Michigan Ends in Loss of Three Members.

Petoskey, Mich., June 23. — Three girls, Alma Kurcher, Edna Van Ambrey, and Gladys Howe, were drowned in Pine lake today. They were members of a picnic party, and had gone out with two men in a boat which sprung a leak. The men were rescued.

One Killed, Three Hurt by Auto.

Marblehead, Mass., June 23.—Charles T. Estabrook, a bookkeeper, was killed and three others were injured in an automobile accident here tonight. A touring car containing Estabrook, T. F. Rhoades, Miss B. Bassett, and Miss Rose Lamoreaux, all of Newton, was accidentally backed over the edge of the dock at the Boston Yacht club house and fell to the beach fifteen feet below.

McCLURE'S IS ON THE STANDS

Buy McClure's for July and

Read the Serious Personal Study Of a Great Public Character

John D. Rockefeller

During the five years that Miss Tarbell has studied the history of the Standard Oil Company, her work has necessarily been a study of John D. Rockefeller.

In this article she sets down her personal estimate of Mr. Rockefeller's character. It is a singularly interesting and illuminating study of the man, his methods and career and their effect upon his character and conscience. To understand the moral and business principles, as well as the almost resistless power of the Standard Oil Company and its allied and supporting institutions, including banks, trust companies, life insurance companies and railroads, it is necessary to know the man who is its soul, its founder and its human prototype.

The article contains a great collection of portraits, including pictures of Mr. Rockefeller, his father, his mother and brothers.

AT ALL STANDS *TEN CENTS*

Naturally the man will hand you whiskey that pays him a better profit unless you ask him for

"BEST ON THE BARS"

Solo RYE

He knows what it is; everybody who knows good whiskey is calling for it now.

SOLO RYE costs the dealer more than ordinary whiskey on account of its absolute purity, perfect distillation, age and all those superior qualities which make it the best whiskey on the market.

It is ripe and mellow—aged in white oaken barrels—the hobby of a distiller who has been storing it for years.

Don't forget to say "SOLO RYE" the first time—you'll never forget it afterward.

Distilled in Maryland.

FREE—"The Never Book" a "Clever Book" full of fun, wit and humor. Sent on request. A postal will do.

STRAUS BROS. COMPANY, Distillers, Chicago.

Santa Fe

Kansas City

For several years the Santa Fe has used "block signals."

Overhead crossings and a straight-away solid track are additional safeguards.

It is the shortest line, too, and Harvey serves the dining-car meals

	Colorado Flyer.	Colorado Exp.	Calif. Lim.	Calif. Exp.
Lv. Chicago (Dearborn Station)	9:00 a.m.	6:00 p.m.	*7:30 p.m.	10:00 p.m.
Ar. Kansas City	8:10 p.m.	8:30 a.m.	‡8:30 a.m.	10:30 a.m.

*Tues. and Sat. ‡Wed. and Sun.

Ask Santa Fe Agent at 109 Adams St., Chicago.

VARICOCELE

ITS CURE IS MY SPECIALTY

Write me about it and I will tell you how. No medicines to sell. I have a Sanitarium. Write plainly or call on **D. B. Richardson, M. D. 29 East Adams Street, Chicago.**

HAVE YOU A GROUCH?

You don't know what a grouch is unless you have heard Hollis W. Field tell him. See the Worker's Magazine.

...CORDS LOOMIS SPECIAL HONOR.

...sident Emphasizes Trust by Naming Him Envoy to Receive Jones' Body.

...CTION PLEASES FRANCE.

...retary Will Have Distinguished Suite—Shown Many Courtesies.

BY JOHN CALLAN O'LAUGHLIN.

Washington, D. C., June 23.—[Special.]—President Roosevelt gave emphasis today to the inauguration of Assistant Secretary of State Francis B. Loomis from the charges of Minister Bowen by appointing him special ambassador of the United States to receive the remains of John Paul Jones from France.

The commission signed by the president, and approved by Secretary Hay, states that reposing special trust and confidence in the loyalty, prudence, and ability of Francis B. Loomis," he is named as the envoy of this government with the rank of ambassador to proceed to France and there represent the United States in the ceremonies attendant upon the transfer of the body of the distinguished revolutionary admiral.

Mr. Loomis will return to the United States after the conclusion of the ceremonies and resume his duties at the state department during the month of August. He will take his leave of absence during September, and then the question of his appointment to a foreign post will be considered.

Effect of Action Shown.

The action of the president was taken largely to show the world at large that he has confidence in Loomis. The president took no chances on grounds in disposing of the case against Bowen, declaring "it impossible to retain him in the diplomatic service without lowering the interests of the government to a point so great that it cannot justifiably be considered." He approved of what Secretary Hay said that the "record of Loomis as minister in Venezuela is not such as to disqualify him from the service as a minister in the diplomatic service of the United States." In appointing Loomis as a special ambassador and accrediting him to a first class power like France, the president has shown that he believes him not only not unfitted to represent the United States, but a man who is duly equipped to do so.

So far as France is concerned, the appointment of Loomis is received with satisfaction. After issuing the commission to the assistant secretary, the president asked if he would be acceptable. Ambassador Jusserand called at the White house this afternoon and informed the president that his government willingly would receive Loomis as a special envoy.

Importance Is Recognized.

The importance of the mission is recognized more in the diplomatic corps than it is by the public generally. On all great occasions abroad it is customary for the nations interested to invite the United States to send special ambassador. This was done during the administration of President Cleveland when Clifton R. Breckenridge, then minister to Russia, was accredited in a special capacity to attend the coronation of Emperor Nicholas; President McKinley, Whitelaw Reid was named as the special ambassador of the American government to represent the United States at the jubilee of Queen Victoria; and more recently Ambassador Charlemagne Tower, who was given special credentials to Emperor William as the American representative at the wedding of the crown prince of Germany.

The reception of the body of John Paul Jones by the United States is of interest, especially to America, and France has not asked this government to send a representative. The initiative has come from the president.

President Roosevelt's letter to the secretary of state in regard to the selection of Loomis is pertinent in this connection. The part of the letter has not been made public but in a general way it may be stated that the president believes it proper that the United States should show in some way its appreciation of the consideration accorded the admiral by the French government and people during the revolution.

France Recognizes Honor.

France is delighted at the honor, because it means recognition by this government of the indebtedness it is under to the French people. From what Ambassador Jusserand has told the president his government intends to make the occasion a notable one. There will be a parade, various ceremonies at which distinguished officials of the republic will participate, salutes by the forts, and the French squadron, and return salutes by the United States squadron.

Mr. Loomis will have a distinguished staff. Rear Admiral Charles D. Sigsbee, commander-in-chief of the special squadron now on its way to Cherbourg, will be the naval member. His military member has not been finally selected, but Lieut. Gen. Adna R. Chaffee, chief of staff of the army, who has been making plans to go abroad, may be named. Loomis will be charged with a letter from President Roosevelt to President Loubet, in similar terms to that which Whitelaw Reid, as special ambassador, presented to Queen Victoria on the occasion of the sixtieth anniversary of her accession to the throne. It is expected he will be asked by the president of France to convey a reply to President Roosevelt. When this letter is presented the special mission will end.

Many Courtesies to Be Shown.

Mr. Loomis is expected to sail with his staff next Saturday. He will not go on a man of war, but on one of the regular line of steamers. When he reaches Cherbourg he will exchange the usual courtesies with Rear Admiral Sigsbee and with the French port authorities. He will be met by a special staff of representatives of the French government and will enjoy the privileges which international law always accords men serving in his capacity.

The appointment of Loomis does not mean that he will have anything whatever to do with the ordinary diplomatic questions pending between the United States and France. His sole mission is to receive the body of Admiral Jones. Ambassador McCormick will terminate this mission in every way, acting exactly as John Hay did in London when Mr. Loomis came as the special representative of this government. Assistant Secretary Loomis will confer with Mr. McCormick relative to all matters of detail, and there will be full cooperation between them.

Chicago Woman's Suffragists Honor Miss Susan B. Anthony.

[From a photograph taken for THE TRIBUNE.]

J. B. BRADWELL. MRS. HART RAWSON, MRS. GEORGE BENEDICT CARPENTER, MISS ALICE STONE BLACKWELL. SUSAN B. ANTHONY. H. B. BLACKWELL.

Like a reunion of "first settlers" was the reception to Miss Susan B. Anthony in the rooms of the Chicago Woman's club yesterday. White haired women, who first grasped the hand of the aged suffrage leader during her initial visit to Chicago forty years ago, were there to meet her again. In the receiving line with Mrs. George Benedict Carpenter, president of the woman's club, beside Miss Anthony were Mrs. B. E. Gross, the hostess of the suffragist leader, the Rev. Anna Shaw, president of the National American Woman's Suffrage association, H. B. Blackwell and his daughter Alice Stone Blackwell, editors of the Woman's Journal, Mrs. Hart Rawson, president of the Political Equality league; and Mrs. Susan Look Avery, mother of Mrs. Coonley Ward.

Among the first to come to greet Miss Anthony was Fernando Jones, at whose residence the suffragist leader was the guest during her visit to Chicago in 1865. After him came Miss Emily Howland, Elizabeth J. Loomis, Mary J. Holmes, Mrs. Helen Pierce, Mrs. Phoebe M. Butler, Mrs. May K. Holmes, Mrs. J. B. Hobbs, and other old time suffragists, including Mrs. Elmina Springer, Miss Ellen A. Martin, and Mrs. Hannah Volmer. Then J. B. Bradwell arrived and held a levee.

Toward the end of the reception Miss Anthony spoke. She told her friends of her first visit to Chicago. "The women mostly scorned me then," she said, "and it makes me glad to see the change of heart now."

The Rev. Anna Shaw said all her organization needs is money to enable it to carry on an aggressive and victorious campaign for the ballot. She declared there are 10,000,000 women in the United States who are suffragists at heart, and she urged her hearers to work to bring 100,000 into the national association. Dr. Shaw asked what could be expected when a woman who died recently would prefer to leave more than $1,000,000 to a theological school rather than to the cause of the suffragists. "I cannot but hope," she said, "that such women will be a little uncomfortable in the hereafter."

50 KILLED IN LODZ RIOT.

CITY IN RUSSIAN POLAND SCENE OF ALL DAY BATTLE.

Entire Working Section of the Town in Open Revolt Against the Government—Fifteen Barricades in the Streets Stormed by Troops—Mobs Fill Every Quarter and Rifle Volleys Are Heard Constantly—Liquor Shops Sacked.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LODZ, Russian Poland, June 23.—Fifty persons were killed by troops in street battles today and more than 200 were wounded.

Practically the whole working section of the city is in open revolt against the government.

All factories, warehouses, and shops are closed. The street railways are idle and all means of public conveyance stopped.

The rioters erected fifteen barricades in the streets. These were stormed by the troops and their capture was effected only after bloody struggles.

Mobs have filled the streets in all quarters of the city and rifle volleys, as well as isolated revolver shots, have been heard continually all day.

Tonight the mobs sacked the liquor shops and smashed the street lamps, leaving the city in darkness.

There is general panic in the city. Martial law was declared tonight and there is the greatest uneasiness for tomorrow.

Political, Not Labor.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 24, 3:15 a. m.—According to advices received here the situation in Poland is again exceedingly serious. Censored dispatches from Lodz, though giving few details, indicate fierce street fighting was in progress yesterday between the military and the striking workmen, who barricaded the thoroughfares in various quarters of the city and offered resistance which the troops met with volleys.

The list of dead and wounded presumably is heavy, but not even an estimate has been received here. Russian correspondents telegraphing that the streets are entirely in the hands of the military and the mob, and that it is unsafe to venture out to obtain details.

It is not known whether the fighting was continued last night, but it is feared that order can be restored only at heavy sacrifice.

Lodz has been in a turmoil for the last three days. The strike, which embraces 60,000 workmen, appears to have entirely lost its economic nature, and is now a vast political manifestation. All forms of public business activity have been suspended, the peaceful inhabitants remaining indoors in fear of their lives. The political zeal of the manifestants has become inflamed by intoxicants from the vodka shops, which were broken into and pillaged yesterday.

At Warsaw a strike has commenced, and disorders are looked for, and the trial of Okrjey, who threw a bomb at a police station March 26, probably will result in other bomb outrages. A man was arrested yesterday morning armed with a bomb which was evidently intended to be used in court during the trial yesterday.

Arrested; Had Bomb.

WARSAW, RUSSIAN POLAND, June 23.—A man carrying a bomb was arrested this morning in front of the Malewki police station. He refused all information regarding himself.

Disturbances are anticipated here in consequence of the street battle in Lodz and the killing of workmen there.

Russian Soldiers Desert.

VIENNA, June 23.—It is reported from Lemberg, Austria, that 160 men of the Sixty-seventh Russian Uhlan regiment have crossed the frontier into Galicia, and have surrendered their horses, etc., to the Austrian authorities. The men, it is added, declared they were determined not to go to certain death in Manchuria.

$21.35 ASBURY PARK AND RETURN, Via the Wabash.

June 29 to July 2 the Wabash will sell excursion tickets from Chicago to Asbury Park, N. J., via Niagara Falls and New York, at $21.35. Return limit Aug. 31 by deposit and payment of 50 cents. Free ride on the Hudson river. Write for Wabash N. E. A. folder telling all about the trip. City ticket office, 97 Adams street.

TOLD TO FLEE VESUVIUS.

INHABITANTS WARNED THEIR LIVES ARE IN DANGER.

Prefect Takes Unusual Step to Avert Possible Loss of Life—Volcano, Which Has Been Spouting Lava for Weeks, Shows Alarming Symptoms—Native Population Indifferent and the Authorities Act—Tourists View Glorious Sight at Night.

NAPLES, June 24.—The prefect has ordered the population in the vicinity of Mount Vesuvius to prepare to leave their houses, owing to an alarming increase in the discharges from the crater.

The prefect's action is unusual, and was taken because the authorities fear that some great eruption is at hand.

The native population is so accustomed to the outbreaks of the volcano that they feel no anxiety for their safety.

It doubtless is because of this indifference that the authorities decided to utter a special warning with the idea of averting loss of life if possible.

Vesuvius has been more or less active for weeks and the sight of its eruptions, especially at night, has been grand.

Thousands of tourists have made the trip to Naples recently, especially to see the volcano in action.

Government Gives Protest Chance.

A public hearing will be given in room 510, new federal building, at 2 p. m., on July 5, to all persons interested for or against the use of the island in the Calumet river near Ninety-fifth street by the city to construct fireboat docks.

A little bird has whispered in our ears that the boom in browns is busted.

So we've marked down every brownish suit we have—about 63, to a price that ought to do 'em up brown.

Prices were $22.00 to $33.00, and every one made by Rogers Peet and Co. for this season.

$15.00.

F. M. ATWOOD,
Rogers, Peet & Co. Clothier. Hats and Furnishings.
Cor. Clark & Madison Sts.

BRITISH TO STOP RUSSIANS.

English Warships to Carry Orders to Czar's Cruisers to Cease Meddling with Neutral Commerce.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ST. PETERSBURG, June 23.—As a result of the British protest against the sinking of British merchant vessels by Russian warships it has been arranged that British warships shall convey orders to the Russian ships in Dnieper and Rion to cease meddling with neutral shipping and to return home immediately.

Mandel Brothers

Children's vacation outfitting sale

Boys' suits

Second floor, State street.

Two-piece, single and double breasted Norfolks, single-breasted outings, with belted trousers, Russians, sailors, Etons, Buster Brown, straight or knickerbocker trousers—some suits have two pairs—values up to $10, **$6**

Very special offering in broken lines of youths' suits, single and double breasted styles—black and blues included, 9.76.

Boys' wash suits 1.65
Boys' wash suits, kilts and sailor styles, sizes 3 to 10 years, broken lines, some slightly soiled, $3, $4 and $5 values, specially priced at 1.65.

Boys' wash vests 50¢
Boys' wash vests, sizes 9 to 19 years, in plain white and neat patterns, launder splendidly, regular $1 and 1.50 values, specially priced at 50c.

Boys' knee pants $1
Boys' knee pants, sizes 3 to 16 years, made of neat mixtures and plain blue and black materials, regular 1.50 and $2 values, special at $1.

Girls' frocks

We invite attention to a reduction sale of girls' dresses; $5 to $10 values at 3.95.

Girls' short coats in a variety of pretty styles; materials include cheviots, coverts and twisted serges, 7.50, $5 and 3.95.

Girls' wash dresses 1.25
New and exclusive yoke style; Dresden figured percale of extra quality, 1.25.

Girls' 1-piece dresses 2.95
Girls' one-piece dresses of lawn in various pretty designs; 2.95 to 4.50.

Junior shirtwaist suits $4
Exclusive models in chambray, embroidery insertion; plaited skirts, $5, $4.

Regulation sailor suits $10
White and natural color linen regulation sailor suits; box plaited skirt, $10.

Girls' summer lingerie hats

Lingerie hats, made of embroidery and trimmed with bows of ribbon, are very becoming for summer wear.

Fetching and summery white duck sailors with band of white ribbon and streamers. Cost very little, too, 85c.

Exceptional values in white Milan sailors, prettily trimmed with band of silk ribbon & streamers, worth 1.95; at 95c.

White duck tams on sale at 35c.

BOMB READY FOR THE DUKE.

Alexis Warned to Resign Post of High Admiral or Expect Death Within 24 Hours—He Resigned.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 23.—A story is current that the day before Grand Duke Alexis resigned the post of high admiral he received a formal warning from the terrorists informing him that unless he retired within twenty-four hours sentence on him would be passed and executed.

DEATHS.

[For other death notices see page 11.]

HUNT—Andrew Lucas Hunt, at his residence, 298 Belden-av., Friday, June 23, 1905, 11:30 p. m. Notice of funeral later.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE LAKE EXCURSION ROUTES
Graham & Morton Line
LARGE NEW STEEL SIDE-WHEEL STEAMER
CITY OF BENTON HARBOR
TO ST. JOSEPH and BENTON HARBOR.... **50c**
each way on all boats. Only line furnishing music and dancing free. Every day at 9:30 a. m. 12:30 p. m., excepting Saturday and Sunday. Saturday at 9:30 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.; Sunday at 10 a. m.; every night at 11:30.

OUR 12:30 NOON CONTINUOUS ROUND TRIP EXCURSION ONLY 50c
returning about 9 p. m. Connecting with the P. M., M. C. and Big Four roads for Paw Paw Lake, Watervliet and Berrien Springs.

GRAND RAPIDS, HOLLAND & SAUGATUCK
Large fast steamer PURITAN—day boat—$1.35 Grand Rapids, $1; Holland, $1.20; Saugatuck. Night steamer HOLLAND, $1.50 Holland and Saugatuck, $2 Grand Rapids. Morning steamer 9 a. m., except Saturday—1:30 p. m. Every night at 8 o'clock.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO LAKE SUPERIOR,
Milwaukee Mackinac Island, Detroit, Buffalo, Sault Ste. Marie, Marquette, Hancock and Houghton, Duluth, Pt. Arthur and Ft. Williams.
ONLY $27.00
including meals and berth to Hancock and return. Every Saturday at 11 a. m. Twice weekly in July, Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Dock Foot Wabash-ave. Phone Central 216

POWERS' SEAT SALE NOW OPEN
"A MERRY MESSAGE OF MIRTH."
"MRS. TEMPLE'S TELEGRAM"
OPENS NEXT MONDAY NIGHT.
Direct from a 3-Months Run in New York.
All Matinees 25c to $1. Eves., 25c to $1.50.

CASINO GARDEN,
Wabash-av. and Peck-court.
"RAG" CONCERTS TUES. AND THURS.
"Ladies' KLATSCH Concert" Fri. Aft.
BROOKE AND HIS GREAT **BAND**

LA SALLE | LAST THREE TIMES.
LAST MATINEE TODAY
Of B. C. WHITNEY'S
ISLE OF SPICE
LAST TIME SUNDAY EVE.

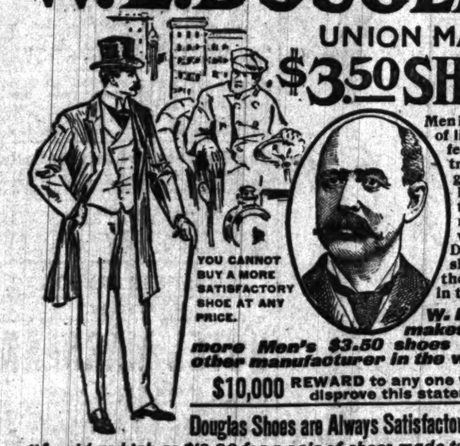
McVICKER'S JACOB LITT, Proprietor
The Safest Theater in the World—40 Exits.
MATINEE TODAY
Jos. R. Grismer's Big Production.
SKY FARM
THE ONLY REAL PLAY IN TOWN.
EVERY NIGHT. POP. MAT. WED.

EDWARD P. BAILEY,
Mgr. Nat'l Mal. Iron Works,
Will speak today at the Young Men's Christian Association, 153 La Salle-st., at 12:15, on "HUNGERING AND THIRSTING AFTER RIGHTEOUSNESS."
MEN INVITED.

COLUMBUS | Bargain Matinee TODAY.
"MONTE CRISTO."
Tomorrow—"WHEN HEARTS WERE TRUE."

W. L. DOUGLAS

UNION MADE
$3.50 SHOES



Men in every walk of life, in all professions and trades, the gentleman of leisure and the workingman — all wear W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes because they're the best in the world.

YOU CANNOT BUY A MORE SATISFACTORY SHOE AT ANY PRICE.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more Men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

$10,000 REWARD to any one who can disprove this statement.

Douglas Shoes are Always Satisfactory.

"I paid as high as $12.00 for a pair of shoes made to order, on account of my left small toe being crooked (caused by tight shoes), but they never gave me the satisfaction I received from the pair of shoes you made specially for me some months ago, according to my mail order. They needed no 'breaking in,' they fitted perfectly from the moment I put them on. I walked a number of miles in them the first day I received them. I see you are now advertising Spring Styles; please send me your Catalog, as I shall want a new pair of shoes after a while."
CHAS. TEOKE, Ray, N.D.

Fast Color Eyelets will not turn brassy.

Boys wear W.L.Douglas $2.50 and $2.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape and wear longer than other makes.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded to be the finest Pat. Leather made.

Write for New Ill. Catalog. Shoes by mail or express prepaid for 25 cents extra. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

The Alliance. A popular Spring Shape. Made in Corona Colt, Gun Metal, Chrome Tanned Calf, Tan Russia Calf, Vici Kid, Calfskin, etc. Military Heel, Button, Blucher or Lace. Price, $3.50.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 Shoe Store in Chicago: 165 Dearborn Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

White City
Greatest fun in the world at White City. Go where the crowds go. Jollity, mirth and happiness reign supreme.
35 SPECIAL FEATURES SATURDAY 35
BANDA ROSSA FREE CONCERTS 4 PROGRAMS
FREE OUTDOOR CIRCUS
LEGARE on the Electric Spiral Tower.
HOWARDS in their Impalement Act.
THE ELECTRIC LADY in Her Slide for Life Down the Electric Wire.
ADMISSION, - - - - - 10 CENTS
DOORS OPEN AT 1 P. M.

$1 ROUND TRIP EXCURSION
Get off the Loop at Lake and Wabash for
Docks—Rush Street Bridge
BIG WHITE FLYERS
TO
BEAUTIFUL SOUTH HAVEN
Daily 9:30 a. m., 2 p. m., 12 midnight. Special: Sat. 2:30 p. m. Sun. 10 a. m.
DUNKLEY-WILLIAMS CO.
City Ticket Office, 218 Clark-st.

Sans Souci Park
IN THE ONLY OPEN AIR THEATER.
Beginning Sunday Matinee—Entire Change of Bill.
"ROLY POLY."
A MUSICAL COMEDY PAR EXCELLENCE BY SANS SOUCI'S OWN COMPANY OF 60.
10 CTS.—MATINEE DAILY—10 CTS.
HOSTRAWSER'S FIRST REGIMENT BAND.
LIND, SENSATIONAL HIGH DIVER.
Numerous Other Attractions.
ADMISSION 10 CTS. AT ALL TIMES.

THE COOL **STUDEBAKER**
MAT. TODAY AT 2:15
RICHARD **CARLE**
PRESENTS HIMSELF IN
THE MAYOR OF TOKIO
A FARCICAL OPERA THAT WILL TICKLE YOU.

COLISEUM GARDEN,
POPULAR CONCERTS
Nightly and Sunday Afternoons.
Weber AND HIS "Prize Band"
BLANCHE B. MEHAFFEY, Soloist.
Today, Ladies' and Children's Matinee
Catering by Edelweiss Garden Management.

GARRICK | MATINEE TODAY
THE HIT OF HITS
THE WOGGLE-BUG
OR, THE MARVELOUS LAND OF OZ
FUN, FANTASY AND FROLIC

RAVINIA PARK
Every Afternoon at 2. Every Evening at 8:15
WALTER DAMROSCH
And the NEW YORK SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
Every Monday "Symphony Night." Every Tuesday Afternoon "Wagner." Every Friday "Wagner Night."
ADMISSION, 25c.
Special train service and rates for Chicago patrons on the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad.

OLYMPIC
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Wonderful Liquid Air. Madame Shapofinzi. LaVren & Cross. Godfrey & Henderson. Mabel Cassidy. Marvelle & Gleason. Sisters Bidwell. The Kinodrome. Patrice & Company. Young & De Voie. John Birch. Rawls & Van Kaufman. Stewart & Raymond. J. W. McDermott. Conners & Kelly. Jane Jenkins.
PRICES—10—15—25—35—50 CENTS.

RIVERVIEW PARK
SHARPSHOOTERS
BELMONT & WESTERN AVE. & ROSCOE BOUL.
AMUSEMENT AND FRESH AIR.
HEROLD AND HIS FAMOUS GERMAN BAND
ADMISSION 10 CENTS AT ALL TIMES.

GREAT **NORTHERN** | EVERY NIGHT 25c 50c 75c
MATS. SUN., WED., SAT.
THE BEST OF ALL CARTOON COMEDIES
MASTER GABRIEL in **BUSTER BROWN**

THE JAPANESE GARDEN.
Evanston's only amusement enterprise. Charmingly decorated; cool and delightful; excellent restaurant service day and evening; special attention to telephone orders from automobilists. Telephone Evanston 782. Music every evening by Schildkret's famous Hungarian Orchestra. Admission during concerts, 25 cents. THE W. P. MUSSEY CO., 618 Davis-st., Evanston.

WHERE TO EAT.

Dining Under the Trees.

BISMARK GARDEN
Grand Concert Every Evening
Free Concert Every Week Day Afternoon.

THE CONGRESS CAFE
A MODERN REFECTORY
THE FINEST and MOST MODERN CAFE in the WEST
WABASH-AV. AND CONGRESS-ST.
Unexcelled Cuisine. Service for 1,000.
Specially Engaged Orchestra of Ten.
"A PLACE FOR DISCRIMINATING DINERS."
GO WHERE THE CROWD GOES.

OUR PAINTINGS AND PICTURES
Descriptive of Chicago Scenes.
Painted by the Celebrated Artist, Mr. C. F. Browne, are all finished. Come and criticise them and enjoy a dainty meal while doing so at
THE GERMANIA CLUB CAFE,
645-647-649 N. Clark St.

Get the Habit of DINING at Sans Souci Park
A superb Table d'Hote dinner, with wine, for 99 cents. Also meals a la carte—popular prices. Make reservations by 'phone (Hyde Park 670) and obtain free admissions for banquets and theater parties.

GUNTHER'S 212 STATE STREET ...FINE LUNCHEONS
DELICIOUS REFRESHMENTS. FOUR O'CLOCK TEAS AND AFTER THEATER SUPPERS.

ROOSEVELT TRIES TO HASTEN PEACE

President Cables Fresh Instructions to Envoys at St. Petersburg and Tokio.

HITCH IN NEGOTIATIONS.

Russia and Japan Delay Naming Their Agents and Fixing Date of Meeting.

Washington, D. C., June 23.—[Special.]—President Roosevelt returned to Washington today to find that peace has encountered many obstacles in his absence. Three important points remain undecided, and the president has found it necessary to send instructions by cable to the representatives of the United States at St. Petersburg and Tokio to obtain an immediate settlement. These points are:

Russia and Japan have not yet named their plenipotentiaries, and have not indicated when they will do so.

The date for the meeting of the plenipotentiaries has not yet been fixed.

Japan has refused to agree to an armistice unless Russia asks for it, and Russia has proposed that this matter be left to the military commanders in Manchuria.

Diplomatic Fencing Match.

The correspondence which has passed between the two governments through the United States shows that both are fencing for diplomatic advantage. For instance, take the matter of the appointment of representatives. Each is afraid to announce its commission first because it fears the other will name men of less rank. This seems almost childish to American officials, but Russia and Japan take the position, without directly saying so, and even denying it is so, that the prestige of that nation would suffer which sent the highest rank of plenipotentiaries. According to Ambassador Meyer at St. Peterburg, M. Nelidof, the Russian ambassador to Paris, may not be selected as chairman of the Russian commission because of his indisposition and his aversion to an ocean voyage. The Marquis Ito, whose name is presented to the president as the prospective plenipotentiary of Japan, has become suddenly indisposed again.

Once the plenipotentiaries are named, it will be an easy matter to determine upon the date of meeting. At least two weeks would be required by the Japanese to organize their commission, and almost four weeks would be necessary for the voyage across the Pacific and the trip from San Francisco to Washington. The chances of Aug. 1, the date tentatively suggested, have disappeared, and Aug. 15 now is being talked about.

Russia's Difficult Position.

Russia's position is due to the state of public opinion. St. Petersburg believes the emperor has made too many concessions. The war party insists that Russia should never have accepted the mediation of President Roosevelt, especially as at the beginning of the war she declared that the intervention of a third power would not be permitted. Having accepted the good offices of the United States, the emperor then agreed the plenipotentiaries should meet in the United States, a country which, the Russians believe, has displayed pro-Japanese sentiments throughout the war. Now for Russia to ask an armistice, especially after her generals at the front have united in a dispatch to the emperor declaring victory is impending, would, it is feared, excite sharp criticism and have a serious effect upon the internal situation.

Japan Playing for Delay.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 23.—There is not likely to be any further move in the direction of an armistice until the plenipotentiaries are appointed and the time of their meeting is definitely fixed. Japan seems unwilling to discuss any new issue until these two questions are settled. This does not necessarily mean that all hope of arranging a suspension of hostilities before the meeting has disappeared, but as an indication of Japan's mood it increases the doubt as to whether she could be induced to relinquish temporarily the strategic advantages which she evidently believes she enjoys. Indeed, it might raise the suspicion of sparring for time until Field Marshal Oyama has developed his offensive and is actually in process of delivering his blow when Japan could easily plead that it was too late.

There is strong reason for saying that the Russian plenipotentiaries will include a military man of high rank, though as yet there is no clew to his identity, except that it will not be Gen. Kouropatkin.

AMERICA INVITED TO WORLD'S STAGE

(Continued from first page.)

and different, against instinct, monstrous.

"One supposes there must be something people still think we are likely to disagree about, because there are constant hopes that we won't. Who in this room can think of any subject the wide world round on which Great Britain and America have real causes for serious difference or dispute? Who can think of any one cause now at issue between them beyond the dignity of a court of petty sessions?

Reveals Diplomatic Secrets.

"Let me frankly confess the secrets of the prison house called the American embassy, the records begun under a number of my predecessors, and which are evidently to be continuing records. The chief duty pressing upon us as disclosed by these secret records of recent years has not been to promote peace, for that is stable and secure, nor to promote good will, for that is overflowing.

"The chief duty, in fact, of the ambassador has been to raise himself to the demands of British welcome and British hospitality, which have given a new meaning to the words and impose a new definition of the labors of diplomacy. He has to be equal to the fascinating, bewildering task of making in a few days or weeks the graciously offered acquaintance of half the men whose names mean to him the world and its history for the century. He has to struggle with the equally fascinating and bewildering task of accepting a fifth of the charming invitations that pour upon him, to be followed after every day and hour are filled by the additional task of giving in word and written plausible reasons for his inability to accept the other four-fifths.

"Speaking now with the precision of the official as well as of the journalist he has had to find means of acknowledging in every appreciable and grateful way that he could the generous, hearty, heart warming cordiality shown to the representative of my country always, and everywhere in this land from the palace to the laborer's cottage.

"Well, then, perhaps we may agree that this business of keeping up the struggle to secure friendly relations between the two countries is no longer quite as urgent as to demand all your attention. Now, if the Society of Pilgrims finds one of its tasks happily accomplished and to that extent its mission gone, if it no longer needs to exert itself in bringing about the good will of either branch of the English speaking people towards the other, it still has left a great work, as this good will will reach down to deeper foundations and its wider growth and absolute permanence will be assured if you can increase the intercourse between us and bring about more intimate knowledge to each other. These are the only guarantees of perpetual peace we need.

Asks Closer Acquaintance.

"In this view, and, indeed, for all reasons, it is a great pleasure to know that Lord Roberts is going to visit America. This is now a vital opportunity. It is the duty of the Pilgrims' club to promote intercourse and better knowledge of each other for cooperation in all good causes. The old, unhappy, far off times, when meetings were opportunity for friction, have long since disapeared. Give us the widest possible personal acquaintance.

"Give us in all directions a greater personal familiarity with each other's country and people, and easier and more rapid means for personal exchanges. After all this talk about the beneficent effects of intercourse and international cooperation in the causes of common interest, I close by saying that whatever brings the church and philanthropy of the two countries together will clasp the whole English speaking family, in whatever continents or islands scattered, in a single bond, the strongest which ever held them or ever will, a bond of historic reverence for race, for conscience, and for duty."

Toast to King and Roosevelt.

One of the features of the speechmaking was Lord Roberts' toast to King Edward and President Roosevelt. He said:

"The first toast on this program is one which cannot but appeal to every one in this room. It is that of King Edward and President Roosevelt. I thought that on an occasion such as this, when we Pilgrims of this country assembled to do honor to a brother Pilgrim in the person of the eminent gentleman who has come to this country to represent America at the court of St. James, that it would be appropriate to bracket the names of the rulers of the respective countries, not only because they are our rulers, but because in their persons we have two of the greatest peacemakers of the present time.

"I ask you all to drink to the health, long life, and prosperity of the king and of that distinguished American gentleman, President Roosevelt."

Irving Reads a Poem.

Sir Henry Irving read a poem written for the occasion by Alfred Austin, the poet laureate. It is in five stanzas, the third and fifth of which read:

Now, once again our western kindred send
One whom grave thought and virile speech adorn,
Not for whose sake alone we hail him friend,
But for the manly land where he was born.

Our homes be one wherever we abide,
Ours yours, yours ours, a free-giv'n time-long lease,
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By fearless love in world embracing peace.

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MOROCCO CRISIS IS AGAIN GRAVE.

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KAISER IS NOT SATISFIED

Germany Expected to Reply to Rouvier's Note with Fresh Demands.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, June 23.—The crisis between France and Germany again has assumed a phase of gravity. This is due to the fact that Great Britain again has assured the French government in unqualified terms that she will support France unequivocally in a policy of defense of all the terms of the Morocco agreement. Moreover, France has recovered from her war panic of a week ago. She has recognized that Germany's real object is the destruction of the Anglo-French entente, and is determined, for the time being at all events, to maintain her right of independent action. Her attitude towards Germany is still most courteous and conciliatory. Prime Minister Rouvier, in a long discussion with the German ambassador on Saturday, expressed an earnest desire to meet Germany's wishes on every possible point regarding Morocco. This interview led Germany to believe that this was a unanimous opinion.

Kaiser's Threat of War.

It would not be safe to affirm that M. Rouvier will maintain his firm attitude if the kaiser renews his virtual threat of war. He might give way completely, despite the assurance of England's assistance if he is convinced that Germany really is determined to invade France.

English opinion inclines to the belief that Germany will not dare to assume responsibility for breaking European peace on such a pretext. This view undoubtedly has been impressed upon the French government. There is little question, however, that the kaiser will press his bluff, if bluff it be, a step further.

An inspired statement from Berlin tonight says:

"It is difficult to see how, after Premier Rouvier's note, the opposing interests can be adjusted, the more so as England apparently is strengthening France's resistance."

The statement adds that the recent conversation between Count Wolff-Metternich, the German ambassador in London, and Lord Lansdowne, the British foreign secretary, "was not unfriendly, but decidedly reserved in character on the British side."

It is understood the French note does not meet German wishes, and the result creates disappointment, and, for the first time, uneasiness.

Kaiser May Make New Demands.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, June 23.—Dissatisfaction with the reported contents of Premier Rouvier's note increases. The newspapers declare that matters stand exactly where they stood before Delcasse's resignation of the French foreign portfolio. It is asserted that the German government, far from meeting the French desire for specification of the scope of the proposed conference, intends to present counter demands to France that she publish her own program of reforms as proposed to the sultan of Morocco by the French minister. The bourse here today reflected the weakness of Paris and most stocks declined.

Uneasiness in Paris Grows.

PARIS, June 23.—In spite of the reassuring tone of the official communication issued after the cabinet council public uneasiness was accentuated over the strained relations between France and Germany.

A semi-official statement appeared this evening summing up the main features of the French note. It said that instead of seeking to avoid a conference the note invites an exchange of views, thus distinctly showing that France does not reject the principle of a conference. The note further explains French policy in Morocco, thus meeting Germany's complaint that she had heretofore been deprived of information relative to the development of Morocco. The statement seeks to show that the government course has advanced a settlement of the difficulties. Nothwithstanding this government view a large element of the public is convinced that Germany will not accept the note as tending towards an adjustment.

There was a pessimistic tone on the bourse today, and at one time a panic seemed inevitable. Rentes dropped half a point and other stocks several points. All closed weak.

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CIETY WOMAN IN DAIRY

Chanler, Spanish War Nurse and an Astor, Starts Business Venture.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, June 23.

S. Ramsey, professor of languages of Leland Stanford jr. university, California, a graduate of Columbia, a fellow of the Johns Hopkins university, and member of the American Philological association of Modern Language association, was arrested in a magistrate's court here today on a charge of "vagrancy," which was equivalent to insanity. Prof. Ramsey was taken to Bellevue to await the arrival of two physicians from Baltimore. The only reference Ramsey made to his plight was to remark:

"This is all a farce; all a farce."

Ramsey left California three months ago. Since his friends lost all trace of him. His wife was Agnes Emily Cval, chief translator of the International American conference. He married in 1890. He had little money when he reached New York. Since he has been here he has worked in various small restaurants and cafés on the east side as a waiter.

Harry Whitney is the name bestowed upon the youngest son of Payne Whitney. The baby, 9 months old, was christened at the Whitney country home on Long Island today.

Margaret Astor Chanler, who is connected with many old Knickerbocker families, has done something that will interest women who are in municipal reform work. She has entered into a new venture. She proposes to start a model dairy, creamery, and stock farm on the Astor estate, "Rokeby," at Barrytown on the Hudson. Although she has a capital of $30,000 a year, the new business will be conducted on strictly business principles.

Society women whom Miss Chanler has met in the drawing room and the scores to whom she is related will doubtless buy her milk and cream. The new dairy will be conducted on strictly hygienic and scientific lines. It will be an experiment and the care of cattle, their care, and the conditions of the dairy will be carried out strictly in accord with the latest ideas developed by the board of health.

Miss Margaret she served as a war nurse with the Red Cross during the Spanish-American war, going to the front to care for the soldiers. As president of the Women's municipal league Miss Chanler has led the fight against many evils, prominent among which is the regulation of employment offices.

Miss Chanler is the great-great-granddaughter of the original John Jacob Astor. Miss Chanler, the first husband of Amélie Rives, who later married Prince Troubetzkoy, was Miss Chanler's brother.

Society Woman Is Proprietor of Model Dairy.

Stillman Gillette, the banker and broker, of Chicago and more recently of New York, has not mysteriously disappeared from the Waldorf-Astoria, as his friends feared Thursday night. Charles [illegible] of the Phoenix Security company said that he was in daily telegraphic communication with Gillette, who is in Alabama attending to important business.

Miss Winthrop Rutherford, fourth daughter of Levi P. Morton, former vice president of the United States, has received into the Roman Catholic church. She had been instructed during the step during the last two years.

Miss Rutherford's parents are, members of the Protestant Episcopal church, as is her husband. No opposition to Mrs. Rutherford's change of faith was made by any of her family.

Levi P. Morton's Daughter Joins Catholic Church.

Judge Alfred Lamb, who as attorney for Frank Power sued to prevent the turning over of the Northern Pacific railroad stock to the Northern Securities company, was disbarred by an opinion handed down today by the appellate division of the Supreme court. Proceedings were brought against Lamb after he had lost the suit on the ground that Power was not genuinely a plaintiff, but had been induced to act in that capacity. It was alleged that neither Lamb nor Power was damaged by the proposed transfer, and that the suit was brought with an improper object in view.

Defends Lawyer Involved in the Securities Suit.

A curious injunction application was made to Supreme Court Justice Giegerich today by Herman Harris, an umbrella manufacturer, who sought to enjoin the employés of Shapiro & Silverman, a rival firm, from reflecting light from mirrors into Harris' premises. The affidavit stated that this has been the favorite diversion among the Shapiro & Silverman employés, and that Harris' men are thus prevented from attending to their duties, that their sight is injured, and as a result his employés threaten to leave his employ.

Asks Injunction Against Mirror Reflections.

Justice Giegerich said he would need more convincing affidavits than those submitted before he would grant the injunction.

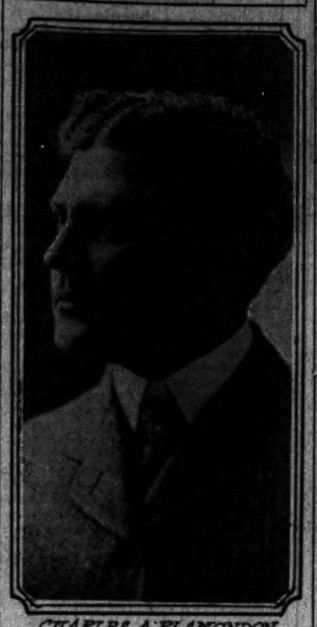
The sentence of seven years and six months' imprisonment at hard labor which was imposed upon James R. Kellogg when he was found guilty of participating in the affairs of the E. S. Dean company will stand. A decision affirming the judgment was handed down by the appellate division of the Supreme court today. The E. S. Dean company was incorporated in New Jersey, the authorized capital being $1,000,000. It dealt in wheat pools, and when it failed its patrons in all parts of the country lost hundreds of thousands of dollars. The indictment charged Kellogg with the larceny of $97,830.

Sentence of Kellogg Will Stand.

Employés of the American Smelting and Refining company have just received $200,000 in cash as their share of the profits of the smelting trust for the year ending April 30. This is more than double the amount of vacation money apportioned among the men a year ago by the company, $91,000 having been divided last June in bonuses.

Smelter Trust Employes Are Given $200,000.

Plamondon Out for School Board Head



CHARLES A. PLAMONDON

Charles A. Plamondon, at the solicitation of his friends in the school board, formally announced his candidacy yesterday for the presidency of the board of education, and John C. Fetzer declared he would not run for the office against Mr. Plamondon.

Friends of Mr. Plamondon named their candidate as Mayor Dunne's choice for the place. It is understood in board circles that he will not meet with opposition from the teachers' federation, inasmuch as it is believed he voted for the adoption of the denunciatory resolution at the last meeting so that he would be in a position to move its reconsideration at the next.

"Yes, I am a candidate for the presidency of the board," Mr. Plamondon said, "and I believe I am the mayor's choice for the place."

Trustee Fetzer, who repeatedly has been named as the mayor's choice, said:

"I would like to have the place, but I would not consent to run against my friend Plamondon."

Trustee P. Shelly O'Ryan had been talked of as the candidate of the Teachers' federation.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS VACATION BEGINS.

More than 9,000 Pupils Complete Course and 1,300 Will Enter the Highs.

GIRLS GET MOST PRIZES.

Board Rooms Crowded with Applicants for Permits So They May Work.

With the ringing of 250 gongs at noon yesterday the public school year came to a close, and 250,000 children, freed from the fetters fastened upon them by the compulsory education law, began a two months' vacation. A few hours later 9,300 returned to receive diplomas certifying that they had served the state and themselves faithfully for eight years, and were entitled to all the recognition due to graduates of the public elementary schools. In the evening, after the exercises, and the youthful minds had been crammed full of advice by the day's orators, 8,000 of the diploma holders awoke to the realization that they had turned their backs upon the school forever. The remaining 1,300 had a pleasanter outlook—the high school.

Large Classes Are Graduated.

At the same hour the 1,300 were looking forward to the high school, 1,026 young men and women for the first time looked backward to it. During the day the remaining five high schools graduated large classes. All told, the number graduated from elementary, high, and normal schools was 10,406.

In all the eight grades of the elementary schools closing exercises were held during the day. Of the honors and prizes more than 75 per cent were taken by girls.

No sooner had the schools closed than there was a rush to secure age and school certificates entitling children more than 14 years old to go to work under the provisions of the child labor law. From 3 to 6 p. m. the rooms of the board of education were thronged with youthful applicants.

Chicago Normal School.

Commencement exercises were held during the forenoon in the old Chicago normal school building for the last time. Next fall the new $600,000 teachers' college will be opened. The exercises were held at 10 a. m. in the school assembly hall. The address was made by Dr. W. A. College of Armour institute. The diplomas were presented by School Trustee R. A. White. The following were graduated:

E. La Veta Hesse,
Anna Gertrude Ryan,
Gertrude D. O'Malley,
Edna C. Bacharach,
Mabel P. Hammond,
Alice C. McKeough,
Mary Margaret Leng,
Mary Cecilia O'Boyle,
Ida Katherine Jacobs,
Isabella Robertson,
Emma V. Murphy,
Minnie Elizabeth Smith,
Agnes G. S. Quigley,
Mary Elizabeth Mooney,
Margaret Ryan,
Louise Turek,
Selma Schrend,
Mary Loretta Stanton,
Matilda M. Hogan,
Dagmar Lillian Ibbeson,
Carlotta Sara Sinek,
Julia Mernagee,
Selma Mary Brennan,
Laura B. Donaldson,
Julia Steiner,
Mary A. Sanders,
Elsie Gonea,
Emile Augusta Gabel,
Edna Blackwell,
Katherine Slattery,
Loretta M. Street,
Ann Hookham,
Julia Hetty Pines,
Alma Meacham,
Emily Fielding Hibbert,
Margaretta H. Walsh,
Mary Teresa Cogan,
Agnes Veronica Duffy,
Jennie E. Buckley,
Margaret E. Flanagan,
Eleanor Lenihan O'Connor,
Jennie M. Briody,
Ella Y. Ryan,
Malvine Springle,
Angela H. Shannon,
Anna V. Shannon,
Ida May Johnson,
Margaret Eva Mines,
Helena Augusta Puetz,
Blanche Humphries,
Luella Sophia Holman,
Clara Marie Farmody,
Grace R. G. Meehan,
Anna Cecelia de Mersa,
Verna Lucile Stanton,
Mrs. Lennie W. Hickey,
Jennie H. Hansen,
Katherine F. Cronican,
Mrs. Louise Triebner,
Mamie A. Piserty,
Beatrice M. Dawson,
Ella Josephine Connelly,
Anna Elizabeth Collins,
Irene N. Winter,
Catharine Schoper,
Genuviève Helen Nolan,
Janet Adams Richards,
Lillian Eleanor Weber,
Gertrude D. McDonnell,
Mandella Olmsted Post,
Luella Flora Wagner.

Austin High School.

The Austin High school was one of the last to hold its final exercises. Mayor Dunne, whose son, Edward F. Dunne Jr., was a member of the graduating class, presented the diplomas to the fifty-three graduates.

Prof. H. W. Thurston of the University of Chicago made the address to the class, and the Rev. P. H. Swift presented the Lawson medals to Beatrice Brickwood and La Verne Gray. Elizabeth Erickson won the University of Chicago scholarship. Honorable mention was given Daniel J. Hammell and William Coleman. The graduates were:

Alice Elma Arndt,
Beatrice Brickwood,
Beatrice M. Butler,
Sidney L. Castle,
Ethel Julia Churton,
Milton Bassett Crafts,
Alice Shirley Bullen,
Geraldine Callaghan,
Ward Church Castle,
William F. Coleman,
Eleanore G. Donaldson,
Ernest Paul Dowse,
Harriet Emerson,
Erna M. E. Funk,
Lillian Warne Francis,
Clara M. Gott,
Samuel John Hills,
Florence M. Hanson,
Julia A. Jennings,
Charlotte Kelly,
Margaret F. Lloyd,
Fannie B. Martin,
Samuel John Mills,
Alice D. Osann,
Mabel Retterman,
Louise A. Smith,
George H. Swift,
Malcolm B. Thompson,
Clara Marie Weber,
Carleite A. White,
Jessie T. Whyte,
Edward F. Dunne Jr.
Elizabeth E. Erickson,
Ida Fock,
Henrietta L. French,
Lucy Garrick Hagans,
Daniel J. Hammel,
Ada P. Janson,
William R. Jordan,
Charles S. Wonpp,
Robert W. Marriott,
Annabelle McAuley,
Julia Ellen Norton,
Nina Pierson,
Bertine Robinson,
Shirley C. Smith,
Harold I. Tevnan,
Margaret E. Tilt,
Lottie M. Wells,
Margaret Wilson,
Warren White.

John Marshall High School.

Exercises of the John Marshall High school were held in the evening in the school assembly hall. Judge Orrin N. Carter and Louis J. Block spoke. The Lawson medals were presented to Eugene P. Kealey and Harriet H. Collins. The graduates are:

Mabel Amerman,
Harold L. Brown,
Madeline B. Bull,
Lillie Winifred Cass,
Grace I. Cesaka,
Maud A. Coyne,
Lillian A. Cullerridge,
Ethel Lelia Douglas,
Charles F. Eickstaedt,
Nina Estelle Fox,
Hattie M. Giffey,
Beesie Adelaide Griffing,
Josefa A. Hall,
Maud E. Hansen,
Walter S. Henney,
Grace G. Hood,
Frances Marie Hyland,
Eugene P. Kealey,
Walter Hall Knapp,
Walter Eugene Laird,
Loretta K. Maher,
Jennie Mathre,
Leontine Z. Owen,
Albert Rumble Pollard,
Florence I. Reed,
Florence M. Rice,
Carol F. Robertson,
Walter M. Sawyer,
Marie C. Schradder,
Antoinette Simonini,
Alice May Southerland,
Beesie B. Stoeckel,
Josephine C. Van Benny,
Hazel A. Van Orsum,
Pearle L. White,
Lucile L. Wilson,
E. Burdette Backus,
Elsie T. Jenson,
Catherine Buckley,
Ruth G. Carter,
Edith B. Chapman,
Harriet M. Collins,
Edward E. Cunningham,
Frances H. Donaldson,
Richard J. Draper,
Josephine S. Evans,
Lillian Agnes Geiger,
Mary A. Graham,
Jesse H. M. Griffiths Jr.,
Walter Hamilton,
Pearl F. Hayes,
Lottie Mae Hoffman,
Martha L. C. Hossack,
Max Virginia Josyn,
Frances Edna Kinney,
Adele Anna Kralovec,
Hazel T. Lynch,
Jessie F. Martens,
Florence Ford Norton,
Sarah Isabel Painter,
Florence M. Porter,
Marguerite L. Regan,
Florence Roberts,
Majorie A. Ruth,
Laura M. Schabeck,
Phillip J. Sharker Jr.,
Grace J. Slaughter,
Edna E. Sprague,
Estelle Taylor,
Edith M. Van Horne,
Frances M. Ward,
Mabel C. Williams.

Richard T. Crane High School.

The graduating exercises of the Richard T. Crane Manual Training High school were held in the evening in the assembly room of the William McKinley High school. The Lawson medals were won by John Tregay and Ferdinand A. F. Fischer. The following were graduated:

Harry L. Alexander,
Walter E. Amberg,
Embry E. Atkinson,
Arthur E. Bergtoon,
Allen A. Blomfeldt,
William N. Boller,
Charles W. Bonnemps,
Walter E. Bowden,
Avery Brundage,
Guy C. Comstock,
Stanley C. Cutler,
William H. Emde,
William McEvans,
J. Ralph Fehr,
Ferdinand A. F. Fischer,
Georges B. Fitzgerald,
Chester C. Fowler,
Milton J. Frevelich,
Harry E. Golden,
Joel N. Gustafson,
James E. Harvey,
Frank X. Henke,
Nels B. Hjort,
Max Holmberger,
Wilfred J. Huge,
Frank J. Juka,
Albert E. Johnson,
Robert J. Hirchman,
Henry Koehler,
Fred W. Kosmann,
Edward A. Krueger,
Edwin E. Landin,
Charles E. Lang,
Benjamin F. McAuley,
James F. Nye,
William G. Martl,
Arthur Myhrum,
F. Douglas Mytrea,
Clarence A. Olson,
Byron R. Palmer,
Otto Pecha,
Christian Peterson,
Paul L. Pfeil,
George S. Pfeiffer,
Chester R. W. Pieper,
Alfred E. Putmans,
Robert H. Rinehs,
Herman W. Schlinz,
George G. Sears,
George Shay,
Frank O. Straight,
Albert F. Streit,
Elmer M. Summerhays,
John Tregay,
Edward D. Uhlendorf,
Eryn J. Vannatta,
Walter J. Voss,
Jesse J. Wallerdom,
Ralph A. Walther,
William C. Warner,
William C. Wigley,
Edwin H. Youngberg.

Robert A. Waller High School.

At the Robert A. Waller High school exercises were held in the afternoon. District Superintendent Albert G. Lane spoke. Samuel R. Rabinoff and Irene L. Hofheimer were awarded the Lawson medals. The graduates are:

Fred H. Adler,
Carl Ahrens,
Irene C. Armour,
Frances E. Bowmann,
Willard L. Bergman,
Otto N. Berndt,
Janaie M. Boarini,
Dorothy Bockius,
Irene Boland,
Esther Bostrom,
Elsie V. Bruns,
Helen C. Buettner,
Lee P. Callahan,
Harold M. Case,
Roy C. Caul,
Edna R. Christiansen,
Susan J. Clark,
Walter Clendenning,
M. Laura Colford,
Florence Cooper,
Mabel C. Cornell,
Felix T. Croner,
William S. Crowley,
M. Dorothy Davidson,
Rudolph J. Dieden,
Hubbard H. Erickson,
Frances Lillian Ewald,
Ella L. Fischmann,
Blanche Frankel,
Gladys Grable,
Leonard O. Hagerup,
Irene L. Hofheimer,
Amelia Hoffmann,
Ethel M. Hutton,
Birger J. Johnson,
Helen H. Johnson,
Maude W. Johnson,
Stella A. Kaufmann,
Florence F. Kindt,
Flora Klaoppenbach,
Adolph Koelling Jr.,
Elsa Kohts,
Martha Lapham,
Anna R. Lederle,
Lucille Lucas,
May C. Lyman,
Leslie W. Lyon,
Robert Emmet McGinnis,
Gertrude R. Matson,
Leonard Mazel,
Oscar G. Mayer,
Frank J. McCabe,
Alvin V. McCormick,
Marion McCrea,
George P. Metz,
Melita Meyer,
Franklin A. Miller,
Florence E. Minol,
C. Florence Mountain,
Mary M. Monaghan,
Eleanor H. Nash,
Charles W. Neill,
Minnie M. Pearson,
Laura R. Press,
Grace M. Purnell,
Samuel B. Rabinoff,
Elfrieda F. Reichman,
Harriet C. Reitz
Priscilla A. Richter,
Lillie T. Roth,
Robert M. Roy,
Viola Schaffner,
Lillian A. Schick,
Anton A. Schlichte,
Agnes C. Schuette,
May Shannon,
Annette M. Shugert,
Adella Silverman,
Edith H. Simester,
Philip J. Smith,
Walter P. Steffen,
George Steinbrecher,
Elsa Stiefel,
Anita Sturges,
Anna L. Sweeny,
Wyandt Voegler,
Helen Cordelia Wallace,
Elsie C. Wayman,
Gertrude Webb,
Emily M. Wilk,
Evelyn L. Wilkens,
Helen Williams,
Alma Yagle,
Enoch E. Yaste,
Bertha Zellmann.

Lake View High School.

At the Lake View High school the exercises were held in the morning. Lawson medals were awarded to Agnes Elizabeth Becker and Karl Heim. The graduates are:

Lois Arthur,
Katharine L. Baird,
Homer W. Bang,
Morton A. Bassett,
Agnes E. Becker,
Gertrude Becker,
B. Paul Brown,
Thuselda C. Busse,
Thomas K. Carpenter,
Florence H. Clarke,
Roderick W. Clausen,
J. Lewis Clay,
Edith V. Cochran,
Frank P. Collyer,
Alford M. Crocker,
Gertrude Crosier,
Laura F. Dunning,
Helen D. Eastman,
George W. Ehrlich,
Harry E. Eldridge,
Willard Fairchild,
Joseph E. Fitch,
Harold B. Foster,
June Fulmer,
Albert F. Gallistel,
Hertha M. Georg,
Frank S. Glover,
Abbie G. Goodsmith,
Laurence Hannula,
Belle Gridley,
Maud Gridley,
Lucy P. Gutzhier,
Cora Guthier,
Gordon Robert Hall,
Ethel M. Harpold,
Karl Heim,
Marion Lucy Hills,
Theodore Hollenberger,
Mina D. Van Hove,
Harold Stuart Ingram,
Ella Marie Jacobs,
Albert E. Jacobsen,
Ruth Elsie Zenos.
James J. Keith,
Marion Musgrave Keyes,
Elizabeth Killoren,
Kathryn A. Klessing,
Marie S. Knauss,
Emma M. Konsberg,
Laura Konsberg,
Walter Kunz,
Rudolph E. Kurowski,
Lyndon C. Kyle,
Alfred R. Ludwig,
Mabel A. Lunchal,
Ella Lister Mayer,
Katharine M. McCarthy,
Cyril McKay,
Rosalie A. Momberg,
Lucy M. Munn,
Nellie Ruby Nelson,
May Chandler Newman,
Edith Agnes Ohlson,
Walter W. Pace,
Edward H. Peters,
Gladys G. Prudden,
Carl A. Rehnberg,
Anna Claire Reichard,
Lindley Phelps Rowe,
Elizabeth E. Rutherford
Hazel B. Schelp,
Hugo A. Schnie,
Elizabeth H. Scovel,
Walter Joseph Sharkey,
Carol Louise Sheldon,
Clinton O. Shepherd,
Helen Garnet Shirley,
Chester H. Taylor,
Marie M. Thies,
Caroma E. Winn,
Ralph S. Wood,
Marjorie B. Wright.

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OUR buyer has just returned from his third trip East this season, where he succeeded in purchasing from a leading maker a duplicated line of goods at much less than cost of manufacture. We now offer the product of our buyer's keen judgment at just the opportune time, a choice line of Men's Furnishings. The prices are positively the lowest ever made for similar goods.

About 150 dozen of the newest styles in plain and plaited front negligee shirts, satin stripes and Wellington cord madras, strictly $1.50 and $1.25 qualities, 95c.

Special offering of box plaited front negligee shirts, in percales and madras, light, medium and dark patterns, two pairs of cuffs; early in season price would have been $2.00. Now $1.15.

"Nagashi" silk outing shirts, with soft collar and cuffs attached, in cream, white and tan, exceptional values, $1.50.

The handsomest line of men's fine wash four-in-hands ever shown in Chicago. These come in mercerized glace, rich brown, blue, Burgundy, cardinal, mousse, ecru and white, strictly 50c shapes. Choice, 25c.

Men's outing negligee shirts, in mercerized silk oxford cloth, with unstarched collar and cuffs attached, beautifully finished in tan and white, $2.00.

Men's mercerized silk underwear, in blue, pink and novi, our most popular seller. $1.25 garments, only 95c.

Men's French balbriggan underwear, tropical weight, in regular, half sleeve and shorts and stouts, 45c.

Men's fancy balbriggan underwear in basket wash weave, blue and ecru, 45c.

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THE Blue Serge Suit has the call for summer. This popular suit is more in demand than ever. The Hub has them in every shape and style, both distinctive and elegant, adding expression and grace to the shapeliness of the garments.

Men's finest botany blue serges, lined and half lined with silks and satins, cut in newest styles, hand-made throughout, $20.00.

Men's soft finish blue serges, double and single breasted, lined with sicilians, in outing or 3-piece styles, price, $15.00.

Men's double-breasted blue serges, warranted all wool and fast color, perfect in fit and style, $10.00.

Men's all-wool and homespun flannel outing suits, $7.75.

Men's outing suits, double and single breasted tropical worsteds, blue serges and French flannels, $10.00 to $25.00.

Men's outing trousers, the entire stock of the celebrated "Hangwell" make, $3.50 and $5.00 values, $2.50.

Men's blue serge coats, all-wool and fast color, sizes up to 44 breast, $2.35; finer grades, all sizes to 52 breast, $3.50 to $9.00.

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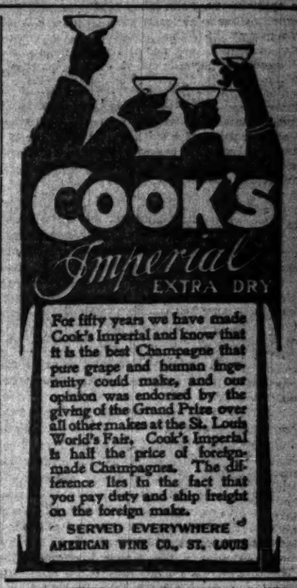

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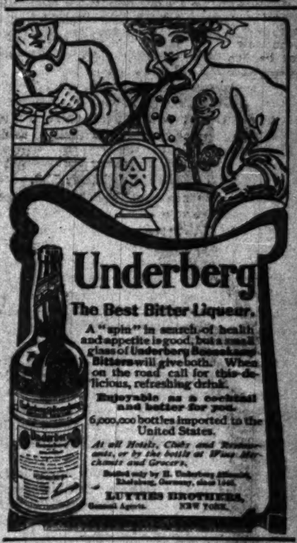

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I MAKE NO MISLEADING STATEMENTS or deceptive propositions, such as free treatment schemes, etc., to the afflicted, neither do I promise to cure them IN A FEW DAYS in order to secure their patronage, but I guarantee a COMPLETE, SAFE AND LASTING CURE in the QUICKEST POSSIBLE TIME, without leaving injurious after effects in the system, and at the lowest cost possible for HONEST, SKILLFUL and SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT. Write for Symptom Blank if You Cannot Call

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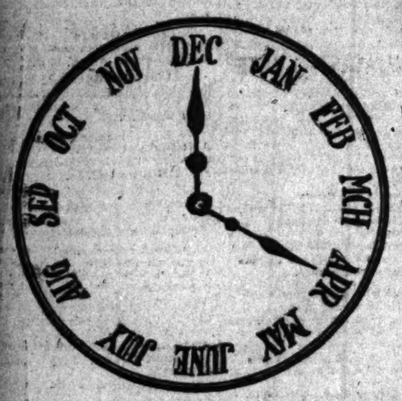

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WINE OF CARDUI

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A few doses of this marvelous pain cure and strength-tonic will quickly put an end to your suffering, regulate all irregularities, relieve pain and cure the cause of your disease. It is a safe and certain cure for female disease, headache, backache, dizziness, cramps, prolapse, female trouble, etc. Try it.

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"For two years my neck was covered with sores, the humor spreading to my hair, which fell out, leaving an unsightly bald spot, and the soreness, inflammation, and merciless itching made me wild. Friends advised Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and after a few applications the torment subsided, to my great joy. The sores soon disappeared, and my hair grew again, as thick and healthy as ever. I shall always recommend Cuticura. (signed) H. J. Spalding, 104 W. 104th St., New York City."

"Grouches I Have Nursed," by Hollis W. Field, begins in the Worker's Magazine next Sunday.

The Tribune.

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LARGEST 2 CENT MORNING CIRCULATION IN THE WORLD.

SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1905.

REFORMING THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

President Roosevelt recently ordered five prominent officials to investigate the public service. They are to ascertain where methods can be improved and time and money saved. They are to search for sinecures and incompetents, so that they may be got rid of. Nobody questions that the committee will find many abuses and will make numerous valuable suggestions. The president will reform unsatisfactory conditions as far as he can, but there are some reforms which cannot be made without the coöperation of congress and that it may be impossible to get. Extravagance in some of the departments—in the government printing office, for example—is directly chargeable to congress.

There ought to be an investigation of the public service by keen eyed and energetic men about once in every four years. It does not follow that if all barnacles are scraped off and all wastefulness stopped in 1905 everything will be in apple pie order in 1909. There will be a fresh crop of abuses by that time, not so bad perhaps as the old ones, but still serious enough to demand attention.

The price of efficiency and economy in a public office is "eternal vigilance." That is true of a private office, and in a much greater degree of public offices. Most of the abuses in the departments at Washington have not been deliberately planned, but have grown up little by little, until there are some which it is extremely hard to root out. Now and then the head of a department or bureau tries to eradicate some particular abuse, but generally finds it is too strong for him to do much with it during his brief term of office. It takes a big stiff broom, wielded by the vigorous arm of a president who has a wholesome contempt for routine and a fine hatred of time honored abuses, to do much good.

It is idle to ask that the standard of the maximum of work for the minimum of money which is the ideal of the large business corporation shall be realized in the departments of the national government. The manager of the private corporation tries to keep down operating expenses. The constant effort of most government officials is to increase operating expenses. They are always asking for larger appropriations. They also, as a rule, resent any change in the methods of doing business to which they have become accustomed. They prefer cumbersome and incoherent methods because they are the old ones.

These are ineradicable tendencies. Therefore, no matter how much the president's committee may do this year, there will be considerable for a similar committee to do a few years hence.

SHUN TRACTION PITFALLS.

Short cuts are usually risky. Traction short cuts are no exception to the rule. The proposals of the street car companies to the local transportation committee on Thursday night, if accepted, seem to promise, and might indeed secure, early municipal ownership of the car properties. They would do so, however, only at the risk of inadmissible cost, if not indefinitely continued strife.

Briefly those proposals were for a present agreement that when the city shall have secured a referendum vote authorizing the issue of Mueller law certificates and shall have established their validity in the state Supreme court the companies will rehabilitate their properties, whereupon the city, after "the final determination" of the ninety-nine year litigation, will purchase the properties, paying therefor, in Mueller certificates, the value of the present plant, plus the cost of rehabilitation and the then arbitrated value of franchise rights.

On its face this reads like a program of action. Granted, however, that it might in time mean action, there are several features of the plan which will scarcely bear examination. In the first place, if rebuilding cannot begin until Mueller certificates have been validated in the courts, why make this binding agreement until that uncertain event has actually taken place? Is the agreement the only or the best means of securing such adjudication?

In the second place, what assurance has been or can be given as to when "the final determination of the suits now pending" will occur, and thus, as to when matters might be brought to a definite conclusion? We have been assured that the litigation may continue indefinitely. It has already been on for about three years.

In the third place, is the city ready to undertake, blindfold, to pay whatever value may be placed by appraisal on the ninety-nine year claims of the companies at some indefinite future date? Wouldn't the city's prospects, under such a plan, be worse even than under the condemnation proceedings so much talked about three months ago, since under the latter, if the award were deemed too high, the city could still decline to take the property? As compared with the proposed plan, too, the tentative ordinance—extinguishing the rights of the companies in thirteen years—had the merits of at least apparent certainty and definiteness concerning the ninety-nine year claims.

Nor is it practicable to adopt Mayor Dunne's suggestion that these claims be now appraised on three alternative bases—namely: according to the city's views of them, the companies' views of them, and Judge Grosscup's views of them. The "final determination" is not certain or even likely to match any of these three sets of views.

The local transportation committee seems disposed to hold daily sessions in order to take up and discuss these proposals. It will be interesting to note what devices the committee will find for shunning obvious pitfalls.

THE PART HIGH SPEED PLAYED.

An inspection of the wrecked engine at Mentor and of the track immediately west of the open switch shows that the engineer saw that the switch was open when it was about 200 yards away. Knowing the horrible possibilities of the situation he did all he could to save the lives intrusted to him. He shut off the steam, threw the reverse lever forward, and put on the air. The engine tells that. The trail of the sand along the rails which was poured out by the engineer shows when he sighted danger.

This evidence disposes of the theory that the train jarred the switch open. It may be taken for granted that it was tampered with and that there would have been some kind of an accident if another train than the Twentieth Century had been concerned. It was the excessive rate of speed—seventy miles an hour, and perhaps more—which occasioned so great a loss of life. When two hours were cut off the running time, one hour and forty minutes came off the Lake Shore. If the train had been going at a reasonable rate of speed—had been running on the twenty hour schedule—it might have been impossible to bring it to a standstill in 200 yards. The engine possibly would have left the track, but considering the solid construction of the demolished car, there would, in all probability, have been no loss of life.

So, while the open switch was the prime cause of the accident, it was the excessive speed that made it so disastrous. The railroad officials are unwilling to admit that, but the facts prove it. Therefore they have acted most discreetly in going back to the old schedule. That is fast enough. It will content the Chicagoans who escaped with their lives from the wreck at Mentor. "No more fast trains for me" is the sentiment of every one of them. They are ready to agree with President Newman of the New York Central and Lake Shore that "most modern trains are running too fast."

It is reported that an effort will be made by the executive staff of the Lake Shore system to induce President Newman to reconsider his determination to go back to the old schedule. There is a point to be considered in this connection. President Newman says in his card "to the press and the public" that there is no "physical reason" why the eighteen hour schedule should be abandoned. THE TRIBUNE pointed out yesterday that with the kind of switch in use at Mentor—the facing switch—an accident is always possible because of the liability of the mechanism to get out of order. Time can be gained in handling traffic where that kind of switch is allowed, but safety is not consulted. For some years many roads have been discarding facing points on high speed tracks. Can any road where this has not been done properly say that there is no "physical reason" why it cannot safely run trains at a high rate of speed?

Never mind the insensate cry of a few people for greater speed. Give the public a higher degree of safety. That is what it asks for and is entitled to.

CHICAGO'S HIGH SCHOOLS.

The proportion of graduates from the grade schools of Chicago to enter the high schools has shown a tolerably steady increase for several years. In 1898 only 38 per cent of the pupils who had completed the work of the grade schools entered the high schools. In 1901 44 per cent of them did so. In 1903 the percentage increased to 48. Last year it was more than 54. It is believed that this year it will be larger than ever before.

The marked increase in the attendance at the high schools is doubtless partly due to more favorable financial and industrial conditions. Chicago parents are better able to send their children to them now than they were a few years ago. But the increase is more largely attributable to the growing popularity of these schools; and this, in turn, is owing to the extensions and improvements that have been made in their courses of study. The new commercial courses have attracted many pupils who, but for them, would have entered commercial colleges. The manual training courses are being taken by many young men who aim to work with their hands, and who, but for the existence of these courses, would, on leaving the graded schools, have entered machine shops and factories. The increase in the number of elective studies has kept at their books young people who would have left them sooner but for the opportunity, within certain limits, to study what they please.

Chicago's high schools are doing an excellent work for its young men and women, and the new board of education should take care that it does not unwisely neglect them while pursuing its avowed policy of giving special aid and encouragement to the elementary departments. Chicago does not want a school system that is stunted or overgrown either. It wants a symmetrical school system—one that is equally well developed in all its parts.

DISSOLVE THE UNHOLY ALLIANCE.

The board of education has condemned in unequivocal language the affiliation of the teachers' federation with the federation of labor. That action is approved of by the majority of the teachers, of whom only a minority belong to the association, in spite of the efforts which have been made to dragoon them into it. It will be acceptable to the greater number of the members of the federation, who are at heart ashamed of the seditious, anarchistic attitude in which it has of late appeared before the public. The great majority of the teachers in the Chicago schools are all right. They are anxious to do their duty. If it were not for a few factious intriguing persons, whose opportunities for making mischief should have been cut off long ago by the board of education, the reputation of the Chicago teachers would not have been injured in the public estimation as it has been.

All that is needed to restore permanently discipline and harmony in the schools is for the board to adhere steadfastly to the policy it enunciated the other evening. An effort will be made to have it reverse its action. This may be attempted at the next meeting of the board, when six newly appointed members will take their seats. If the subject should be brought up then the new members will have an early opportunity to give evidence of their appreciation of the need of peace and good government in the public schools by assisting in condemning the attempt to drag the schools into partisan politics and labor controversies.

If the new board shall repeat the declaration of the old board—and it should do so in even stronger terms—the "malignants" of the teachers' federation and their friends, the demagogues, may break out in shrill or hoarse denunciation. But the mass of the members of the association will greet it gladly the moment they know the board of education is in earnest.

IN Milwaukee the grafters seem to be as thick as hops.

ADVICE to those about to make a lightning trip to New York: Use a carrier pigeon as a proxy.

A LITTLE reflection will convince Mr. Hyde of the futility of seceding and starting another insurance company.

TRAMSTEN SHEA may be in a position soon to appreciate the force of Mr. Cleveland's remark as to the forelornness and God-forsakedness of ex-presidents.

A HUNDRED or more of the Modern Woodmen visiting Milwaukee were made violently ill by drinking the city water. What is the use of commenting on a circumstance like that?

NEBRASKA, while mourning the death of its oldest citizen, takes occasion to point to the fact that he was 102 years old.

SO FAR as Chicago schools are concerned, vertical writing has been knocked four points to starboard.

ON a closer investigation of the statement that Paul Morton's salary as president of the Equitable is $150,000 a year the figure 1 may be seen to disappear.

UNION buttons and the illness of Count Lamsdorf appear to be the hindrances to peace now.

IT must be admitted that it is not safe to make flying visits to New York City.

A CAREFUL perusal of Mr. Hendricks' report must have tempted Trustee Grover Cleveland to split an infinitive or two to relieve his mind.

THE rumor that King Oscar is thinking of abdicating has been denied. He is hurt and angry, but will not amputate his nose to spite his royal face.

TO WEAR a union button under the coat as a compromise might not tempt the brick carrying sympathizer to make every driver open his coat. And again it might.

MAYOR ED HARRIS of Bushnell, Ill., has forbidden the use of dynamite canes, pistols, or cannon crackers in celebrating the glorious fourth. Mayor Harris will be obeyed. He has a national reputation for enforcing law and order, even to the extent of using a blacksnake whip on persistent offenders.

THAT plant discovered by the Austrian professor by means of which he is able to foretell the weather is probably a species of *air plant.

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*Hot.

THE ocean greyhound has the conspicuous advantage of not being in danger of running off the track and bumping into a freighthouse.

IN this climate the wind is not always tempered even to the church picnic.

WHEN it comes to illustrious ancestors, however, the czar may compare notes with the mikado himself.

LOOKING back at the real summer weather of a few days ago it will be perceived that it was merely a case of atavism.

IF the radium experts have found all those remarkable things in bouillon, what won't they find when they examine the consommé?

IF Mr. Hendricks has his way the Equitable grafters will put it right back where they found it.

THE entente cordiale has been disturbed. Mr. Bowen's "Dear Bill" will be "Sir" hereafter.

THE express companies would resist even more strenuously the proposition to frank a cow from Springfield to Washington.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Motive.

"Tell me the truth, 'Mandy. Do you love Archie Allsuds well enough to marry him?"

"No, I don't, auntie. But I hate the other girls just enough to marry him!"

Rusty in Geography.

Caller—"To settle a bet will you tell me if there is any such town as Podunk? I've seen the name in the papers lots of times, but I've never found anybody that knows where it is."

Answers to Queries Man—"Yes, there's such a town. It's in the County of Wayback."

Caller—"Is there a paper printed there?"

Answers to Queries Man—"Yes; the Podunk Bugle is probably the best known paper in the country."

Caller (making his exit with alacrity)—"I knew it! I've got the cigars on Jones this time, durn him!"

Main Allegation True.

"Pardon the question, colonel," said the reporter, "but there is a statement in an opposition paper that you never wore socks until within a comparatively recent period in your career. Is it true?"

"I can't deny it," responded the rising young statesman.

Here the reporter took out his note book.

"In fact, I never had socks on my feet till I was nearly 15."

"Is it possible?"

"Yes. Up to that time I had always worn stockings."

Here the rising young statesman bored the reporter out.

Satisfying His Curiosity.

Dinguss—"What's that string tied around your finger for?"

Shadbolt—"I am glad you called my attention to it. I put it there to remind me, if I saw you, to mention the fact that you haven't paid that last $10 you borrowed of me."

Also.

To add to Russia's
Other troubles,
She'll have to raise
A billion rubles.
—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Or end her troubles
And pay those rubles,
Like blowing bubbles,
By giving due bills?

Not So Presumptuous as That.

"What are you doing with that sheet of paper, Orville?" sharply asked his wife.

"I am making a wish," answered Mr. Meekun.

"A wish?"

"Yes, my dear. In your presence I shall not presume to call it a will." C. W. T.

As Ever.

With a wild dash the touring car crashed into the rail fence at the side of the road.

Bruised and bleeding, the man lay stunned at the foot of a tree. The woman was buried in the wreckage of the machine.

"Clarence."

The man feebly turned his head.

"Clarence."

"Yes, dear."

"Can you look this way for a moment?"

With a painful effort the man turned his head. "What is it, dear? Are you hurt?"

"No, Clarence, I only wanted to know if my hat was on straight."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Copyright, 1905, by the Marquise de Fontenoy.

THE one man of all others who should be chosen to head the Russian delegation of treaty of peace commissioners is Count de Witte, who enjoys an amount of respect, of prestige, and above all of popular confidence not only in Russia itself, but also everywhere abroad that no other Russian statesman commands nowadays. The De Nelidof clique will, however, do all in their power to prevent his appointment. For he is their bête noir ever since the time when, as minister of finance, he laid bare the sensational scandals in which Mme. de Nelidof's brother, Gen. Annenkoff, had become involved.

Gen. Annenkoff, a brilliant man, one of the moving spirits in the projects that led to the construction not merely of the Transcaspian and central Asian railroad, but also to the Transsiberian line, rendered himself guilty of the most extraordinary negligence, extravagance, and dishonesty in connection with these enterprises, while his association with the imperial famine fund, to which America contributed so largely, is said to have resulted in the disappearance of several millions of dollars which should have been devoted to the relief of his starving countrymen.

As long as Alexander Abaza remained minister of finance, and even afterward, when he was appointed to the more or less honorary post of president of the council of ministers, he exercised so great an influence that no one ventured to attempt any public exposé of Gen. Annenkoff's dishonesties. But after his death, when the matter was brought to the ears of the late czar and also of his successor, the then czarevitch, De Witte was ordered to investigate and the entire scandal was laid bare with the result that Annenkoff was disgraced, escaping worse punishment by prudently remaining abroad, where he died.

His sisters, including Mme. de Nelidof and their coterie, have never forgotten or forgiven this, and, disposing of abundant means of influencing the European press, especially on the continent, were responsible for many of the attacks upon the administration of De Witte while minister of finance, which appeared in the foreign newspapers. Indeed, the series of articles printed in the Paris Nouvelle Revue over the pen of the Franco-Russian journalist, Dr. de Cyon, impeaching the honesty of the financial reports of De Witte when he was minister of finance, all formed part and parcel of the press campaign of Mme. de Nelidof and of her friends against De Witte. How powerful is this ring may be gathered from the fact that one of the sisters of Mme. de Nelidof is married to the French marquis de Vogue, the French academician, royalist leader, and voluminous contributor not only to French but also foreign publications, while another sister, the countess de Beauharnais, after having kept house for the old chancellor, Prince Gortchakoff, and securing a divorce from her husband, Count Akinjeff, married morganatically a member of the imperial Russian family, the late Duke Nicholas of Leuchtenburg.

Should the maneuvers of the Nelidof ring prevail to the detriment of Russian interests, and the present Muscovite ambassador at Paris be appointed to direct the Russian delegation of peace commissioners at Washington some weeks hence, it will be well for the Japanese to be prepared for Mme. de Nelidof, who will be the moving spirit of the mission, the real chief thereof, and assuredly its most brilliant and capable member. They must be prepared for a woman of the most extraordinary ability and of fascination, even though no longer young, who for a number of years by her influence over great Russian statesmen swayed as a power behind the throne, so to speak, the destinies of the immense Russian empire, sometimes, it must be admitted, in a liberal sense. For it was in her boudoir at St. Petersburg that Gen. Loris Melikoff, while dictator, drew up with her that decree endowing Russia with a parliamentary form of government and a constitution, as well as with other liberal reforms, which was to have been signed in the evening of that fateful March day when Alexander II. was blown to pieces by the bombs of the nihilists.

The decree remained a dead letter. For Alexander III., after hesitating for several days, finally yielded to the solicitations and arguments of Pobyedonotseff and of other reactionary counselors, and declined to sanction the ukase which his father had ordered to be drawn up and which he intended to sign. But the decree in its unsigned condition will be found printed in extenso in the "Memoir" of his father, published in England some years ago by Melikoff's son, and it must never be forgotten that the principal sponsor of this still born constitution of Russia—the Egeria who inspired it—is Mme. de Nelidof.

THE CUCKOO.

[Translated from the Gaelic.]

Cuekoo! Cuckoo! Cuckoo!

O Cuckoo, dear, thy voice I hear,
The sound dispels my sorrow;
It seems to say, "Drive grief away,
And hail the bright tomorrow."

At early morn, thy notes I hear,
With raptured ear, I listen
At even fall, I hark thy call
And mark the dewdrops glisten.

O tell me whether didst thou fly
When wintry blasts were blowing?
Say, didst thou sleep, in slumber deep,
Nor thirst, nor hunger knowing?

I envy thee, my bonnie bird,
Though knowest naught of sadness,
Thy bower is ever decked in green,
Thy heart overflows with gladness.

Thou will return; though autumn winds
Bid us in sorrow sever.
But I, when once I leave the glen,
Must leave the glen forever.

"O could I fly, I'd fly with thee,"
Our joyous journey winging;
To sing of May, the livelong day,
And keep the echoes ringing.

Cuckoo! Cuckoo! Cuckoo!

Want of Appreciation.

[From the Philadelphia Bulletin.]

"Blast all those people who write to point out errors in the papers," a reporter said.

He frowned, sipped his strawberry sundae, and went on:

"I was put in a new department last week. They gave me a column of 'Items of Interest' to compile. I did my best with 'Items of Interest.' It seemed to me that I made it as attractive and striking a column as the paper contained. And what was the result?"

He made a gesture expressive of bitterness and sorrow.

"Did any of the editors compliment me? No. Did any of the reporters? No. The only response that my column evoked was a letter from a Conshohocken josher. I had written that, during the summer months, a baby died of cholera infantum every three minutes, and this letter quoted my paragraph and added:

"'Please give me this baby's address, as, if it is still dying, I want to take my wife down to watch it for an hour or two.'"

Ungracious Speech.

[From the New York Tribune.]

"That speech," said Bird S. Coler, anent a political address, "was ungracious. It reminds me of a Scot's speech to his wife.

"The Scot had married for the second time. His new mate was sentimental and a little morbid. She could not resist asking her husband now and then if he loved her better than he had loved her predecessor.

"She would say:

"'Do I more than fill Jean's place in your heart, Jock?'

"'Are ye sure ye're no' regrettin' Jean, laddie?'

"'Jock, do ye loe me better nor her?'

"The man bore several of these examinations patiently. Then he ended them once for all with a gruff:

"'Tak' ma word for it, Betty, if Jean was livin' ye wadna be here.'"

Good Listener.

"Miss Gabbie calls him a good conversationalist, but he's a perfect stick; just sits and never says a word."

"Well, a woman's idea of a good conversationalist is a man who is satisfied to absorb conversation."—Philadelphia Ledger.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

PARLOUS TIMES

[Copyright: 1905: By Tribune Company.]

There's something wrong with Bemus Pratt—
He used to say how things should be
When with us fellows he would chat
In front of Gilfer's grocery.
He used to never bat an eye
In telling how he'd fix up things—
He'd say just what and how and why
For people, presidents, and kings.

But now he says he don't know what
We can do with the Philippines,
And that so far he's never thought
Of how to fight with submarines;
About the Panama canal
He says he's nothing to express,
If we should measure, or we shall
Just go ahead and dig by guess.

When asked about insurance frauds
He don't suggest a sure relief;
He only chews a match and nods
When we talk of the trust in beef;
He doesn't care about the war,
He hasn't any scheme for peace;
He doesn't seem to study for
Some way to make the warfare cease.

He says the strikes don't bother him,
Or words somewhat to that effect;
He won't tell Bill and Joe and Jim
His views on how that train was wrecked;
He talks no more of politics,
Nor what the plutocrats have done—
The world will soon be out of fix,
For he won't say how it should run.

And so we've almost quit our talks
About the way that things should be,
For Bemus Pratt, somehow, he balks
Our efforts at diplomacy.
He says: "I've talked for all I'm worth
Of what the world should do, and how;
And I've got tired, and this old earth
Can run just as it pleases, now."

W. D. N.

CATTLE KILLING SHOCKS M. HURET.

BY JULES HURET.

Fourth Article.

I saw the slaughtering of cattle in the Armour establishment. I arrived on the threshold of a hall, which seemed like the entrance to the sanctuary of a voracious god served by paladins armed with cutlasses and without armor. They walked about in bloody boots and with dripping aprons. They looked as if they had dipped their bare arms into tubs of currant jam or pickled beets.

The cattle are led from the pens into uncovered stalls, a half dozen at a time. When the door is closed the "knocker," who is placed behind and above them, raises a long steel sledge and gives each one of them a cyclopean stroke on the skull. One stroke generally is sufficient. Six times the hammer descends thus with a muffled sound so light as scarcely to be heard. Not a moan is heard from the stall. The "knocker" passes to the next apartment, and by a tilting floor the first stall is opened, the floor is inclined, and I saw the six cattle slide down at my feet, some of them still quivering in the last throes of life.

A great horror and pity seizes one at the view of these great animals thus stricken down. By what association of ideas does the death of beasts affect us thus? Is it not that the spectacle of death is a menace to our own life? With a little more imagination would we not suffer even to view the death of the flowers? All that is necessary is to think of the joy of their first blossoms and of the emotion of their fragrant blooms under the first caresses of the sun.

As for myself, before those animals lying there, their glassy eyes enlarged by death, their muzzles fringed with rubies, I could not refrain from picturing them young and free and bounding over the vast prairies of Arkansas and Kentucky, full of exuberant vitality.

I was not so much affected by the slaughter of the hogs. Was it because of their cries? Or was it a sort of hate that I had felt for them since my childhood because of their ignominy? I do not know, but if it had been necessary I could have plunged my own knife into their throats, but I could not have crushed the skulls of the cattle, as did the wielder of the massive sledge.

It was necessary, however, for me to see the work of slaughter to the end. A man attached a chain to the hind feet of each carcass and hung it to an iron bar, the torrent of blood gushing meanwhile from the animal's throat. A few seconds afterward it arrives before a disemboweler, who plunges his knife into the dewlaps. From the open wound pours forth a ruddy torrent with a sound of a gushing fountain.

The calmness of the blood spattered man who gives himself to this horrible work is fantastic. He goes about it as if he were a drunken soldier bursting open a hogshead of Spanish wine. He takes a little care, but not enough to escape being inundated with blood. With a grand sweep of his knife he rips open the stomach of the animal, with a single stroke he cuts the arteries and the cartilages which attach the head to the body, and instantaneously pulls off the hide, which slips away, with the head and horns attached, like a fur coat with silken lining, leaving exposed the empearled flesh, still warm and steaming.

Disembarrassed of its head and hoofs, it is no longer an animal; it is beef. And when the trimmer has emptied the carcass of its entrails all pity is extinguished before the spectacle habitually seen in butcher shops, and the eyes now are struck only with a miracle of colors offered to view. The still bleeding flesh secretes all the nuances of red, green, and blue; of nacarat, crimson, hyacinth, reflections of lilac, of olive, and of blue vitriol. The dripping wounds resemble blazing peonies or the brilliant flowers of Florida; the lungs, already pale, are like flowers of eglantine or pearled roses rainbowed with mauve.

I have taken some time to describe that which took place within a few minutes. The animal which we just saw fall before us was followed in the wink of an eye by a dozen others. What I wish to call particular attention to is the unequaled activity of the spectacle; the one hundred or two hundred men with bloody arms, who slashed, killed, disembowled, beheaded, scraped, washed, and brushed the still quivering flesh. It is above all the aspect of the floor, covered with sumptuous pools as red as coronation robes, these seas changing in color to dull ailate like the débris of stained glass windows, this slimy floor strewn with glassy intestines, the color of fishes' eyes, coiled together like a pile of serpents, these mountains of cartilages, of bladders, of pouches, of hoofs, of hides, of horns, of hearts, of brains, of kidneys fallen like overripe grapes, these pools of clotted blood, like the rusty ashes of an ancient holocaust! A field of carnage in the twilight shades, a harvest of scarlet roses broken under the shoes of the sacrificers.

And without ceasing the gushing fountains, the jets of purple, pour forth in murmuring streams like rivulets of carbuncles and rubies, and these placid men giving the death strokes in that warm and tainted atmosphere, slipping sometimes in the bloody slime, like men staggering when drunken with blood! The "knockers" for the most part are fristmen. The throat cutters and trimmers are mostly Slavs, Poles, Hungarians, and negroes.

An agent of the government, a veterinary graduate, walks through the room with a hook in his hand in the midst of this débris and carnage. With the aid of his hook he picks out the lungs and livers and examines them with care.

My guide showed me the place where M. Henri de Régnier, the delicate poet of melancholy idyls, of princesses in hyacinth robes, of bearers of thyrsi, of palms, and of unicorns, became sick with horror. An explorer of ancient and romantic countries, he was unable to endure the view, and, above all, the odor, of that workshop so realistic, so modern. However, in thinking of that exiled swan's horror of blood in these surroundings, I repeated to myself—for I have a faithful memory—these beautiful verses which he had written:

J'ai crispé doigts robuster à la toison,
Et, comme un vendangeur qui fait jaillir la sève
Des grappes, j'ai serré la gorge des lions
Dont la gueule saignait parmi les touffes d'herbes,
Et je fus dompteur viril de leurs rébellions,
Et j'ai fait de leurs peaux et des griffes acerbes
Un bestial trophée a mes épaules nues!

[I clutched their manes with superhuman grasp,
And, as a vintager who makes red juice
Spurt from the grapes, I clasped the lions' throats
Till from their jaws blood fell upon the grass,
And I their proud rebellion overcame
And made me of their hides and piercing claws
A cloak of triumph for my naked back.]

I approached this beef and touched it; it was still warm. Brief quivers passed through the body from time to time, as if chasing away invisible flies.

Near these slaughter houses are the physician's office and a little room with a bed in it. All sorts of surgical instruments and medicines are kept there in glass cases. I asked the young surgeon if he had much to do.

"O, yes," he said, "every day I have twenty or twenty-five accidents, principally fingers cut off or fractured skulls."

The first stroke of noon sounded, the carcasses were left lying on the ground, the butchers threw aside their knives, rinsed their hands in a pail of bloody water, took off their bloody aprons, and went to eat—

"Yes, meat," replied my guide in answer to my question.

They were not disgusted with it. My eyes were fatigued with the prolonged view of blood, and I begged a little repose.

"You have had enough of it?" inquired my guide, laughing.

"Yes, enough for one day, in all sincerity."

CHINA'S RETALIATION HITS AMERICA HARD BLOW IN HER TENDEREST SPOT.

Boycott on United States Products Has Become Dread Reality, and Evokes Lamentations from Rank and File—This Country Needlessly Is Shutting Out Class of Immigration It Needs.

BY RICHARD WEIGHTMAN.

Washington, D. C., June 23.—[Special.]—The Chinese boycott is no longer a matter of guesswork or vague apprehension. It is a reality. No careful student of contemporaneous history can now harbor the slightest doubt that China means to extort respectful and considerate treatment from the United States or to adopt the expedient of retaliation.

That she can make us feel such action, and feel it bitterly, is a proposition which needs no argument. Already we begin to hear the piteous lamentations of innumerable merchants and manufacturers in all parts of the land.

Nobody, so to speak, took the trouble to protest against the brutalities disclosed in the administration of the exclusion acts. What difference could it make to a Christian and enlightened people what was done with a lot of groveling heathen, and "chinks" at that! It was not to be supposed that a superior nation such as ours need concern itself with the personal grievances of unbelievers.

Didn't we send them our missionaries, so that they could elevate themselves, and was it our fault that they blindly preferred their own besotted errors? Certainly not. We had done our full duty in offering to convert and exalt them. They chose to remain pagans, and as pagans they should be treated.

Rude Is the Awakening.

But this complacent and truly Christian philosophy has received a shock—just the rude and savage jolt that might have been expected from barbarians. It now appears that the Chinese have realized the fine points of that pretty little game sometimes known as tit for tat, and they are getting ready to treat us exactly as we treat them.

They only have begun, I gather, and some may say that they have done it clumsily. Perhaps so. But it can hardly be denied that they have found our most sensitive nerve to begin with. They might have opened the game, say, by treating our missionaries, travelers, scholars, etc., with the same indignity and outrage we put upon theirs. That would have been sporty in a conventional sense, and we should have had no right to complain.

Evidently they are neither sporty nor civilized, as we understand the terms. They have looked for our tender spot and struck us there. What is more, it hurts. They are sensitive about their gentlemen and ladies who encounter insult and humiliation over here. We concentrate affection and solicitude on our merchandise, which we wish to sell to them at profitable prices. Identify the source of the most piercing scream and you'll know who is getting the worst of it up to date.

Campaign Only Has Begun.

China, however, only is beginning, in my opinion. Having carefully blacklisted our commerce, why should she not go farther. We will not admit their laboring and servant classes, both of which are sorely needed—in the west and at the south, if nowhere else. What is to prevent China from excluding our walking delegates, organizers, business agents, and so on? Why may it not come to pass that even Mr. Cornelius Shea, Mr. John Mitchell, Mr. Samuel Gompers, and such apostles of human liberty and progress will be barred at all Chinese ports of entry?

Finally, it at least is conceivable that China may conclude to make a clean job of it and give our missionaries, teachers, and so forth summary notice to quit. Of course these are purely sentimental considerations.

The missionaries are doing no great harm—so several distinguished Chinese gentlemen have told me—whereas I can confidently assert that, if a galaxy of organizers went to Canton or Peking and made one fraction of the trouble they have been making in Chicago recently, they wouldn't live twenty-four hours after the first "scab" received his "medicine."

Caught in Our Tenderest Spot.

No; the Chinese mind is not dwelling on these attractive possibilities. The Chinese have located the spot where a well directed blow will cause us the maximum of anguish, and they have delivered that blow with neatness and dispatch. We now have the option of treating them with common decency or finally abandoning the prospect of transferring their dollars to our pockets.

In the presence of this supreme and overshadowing dilemma, the salvation of Chinese souls and the uplifting of Chinese morals pass into the realm of speculative metaphysics. Scratched with this rude thorn, the skin of the evangelist parts wide to show the tradesman.

Meanwhile the newspapers, which are now engaged in belaboring our cruel policy toward Chinese of the higher class as likely to obliterate a most alluring commercial opportunity, are also proclaiming the urgent need—especially at the south—of large additions to the laboring class.

Not the despised Chinese coolie, of course, but good, industrious, reliable, and desirable laborers from somewhere who will pour into fields and mines and factories, and then overflow into the waste places and make them blossom with the rose. Nobody seems to have a clear idea as to the source of this most desirable, not to say necessary, infusion.

Cry of "White Man's Burden."

I find going the rounds with eager approval an utterance by Mr. Williams, the former commissioner of immigration, to the effect:

"The rapid filling up of this country with foreign elements, representing often the poorest classes in their own homes, and suffering in blood and customs from those constituting the backbone of the United States is sure to be at the expense of national character. It is sheer folly for a country with a population of 80,000,000 to increase unduly the difficulty of solving its almost great social and economic problems and to add to the burdens of its educational and charitable institutions by continuing to admit elements of the character described.

"Aliens have no inherent right to come here, and only those should be allowed to do so whose presence will be of real benefit to the country; and, laying aside all sentimental considerations, steps should be taken to bring this about before further mischief shall have been done."

Of course, every well informed person understands that this refers to the importations from southern and southeastern Europe. The facts of the case are sufficiently notorious. What then? There are the Japs—those wonderful little brown men whom we are all in love with—why not the Japs?

Not Elated Over Jap Invasion.

"But only the other day I found the following in the hotel gossip column of one of the Washington papers:

"'With the arrival of between 1,500 and 2,000 Japanese on the Pacific coast every week, the people of California are not so elated over the victory of the Japs as those who do not realize the new problems we have to deal with,' said Mr. H. H. Kohlsaat, the president of a big power company of San Francisco, at the New Willard last night.

"'We do not feel elated simply because the majority of us do not think so much of the Japs. We have had to deal with them as servants mostly. The lower classes have come to California and, taking position there, have been found ambitious, but unstable and false to their word, as well as tricky.

"'The servant problem here is not to be compared with the troubles of which the housewives complain out there. So great has become the storm against the Japanese that two big massmeetings have been held to protest against their coming, and to indorse a similar law to that which excludes the Chinese. Of the higher class of Japs we have nothing to complain, but, as it is almost wholly the lowest classes that come, we think we have a good grievance.'"

Really Need the Chinaman.

The significance of this declaration resides in the fact that the Japanese referred to come from Hawaii, where their services have given anything but satisfaction to employers there. I know a great many large proprietors both in Hawaii and California, but none who has a good opinion of the Japanese laborer or a bad one of the Chinaman in that capacity.

The sugar industry of the islands is slowly but surely declining because of the lack of suitable labor. Vast tracts in California which could be made immensely productive are lying idle for the same reason. The south, as everybody knows, is sparsely populated, and its immeasurable resources are practically untouched.

We are in sad need of a reliable laboring class at home, in our new possessions, and on the Panama canal strip; but everybody seems to agree that the European article is most of it, is worthless. Those who have tried them are almost unanimous in disapproval of the Japanese article, and congress, animated by organized labor, says we shall not have the coolies. And there we are.

Thus it seems that we not only are barred from employing Chinese labor to grow our cotton and subsequently convert the raw material into cloth, but China now reacts on us and swears by the great horn spoon that she won't buy the cloth from us, no matter who makes it. The country will go right along, to be sure, but everybody in the country is not happy over the situation.

PERSONAL.

President Roosevelt is said to speak with more deliberation as he grows older.

The lord chief justice of England was well known in his younger days as a bear of note.

Ex-Senator George F. Edmunds will spend his future summers at Bay Head, N. J., and his winters at Aiken, S. C.

Field Marshal Oyama is said to be so jealous that he believes in all the Japanese gods and has a temple at his house in Tokio for their worship.

W. A. Heidel has been elected to the John A. Seney professorship of Greek in Wooster university. He has been teaching for nine years at Iowa college.

Col. Andrew Jackson of Nashville, Tenn., has sold the old Washington chair, a prized relic of President Andrew Jackson, to the Mount Vernon association for $7,500.

Dr. George Frederick Kunz, the well known American authority on gem minerals, has joined the editorial consulting staff of a prominent magazine in London, England.

Mrs. Frederick Krupp, widow of the famous gunmaker, has donated 200,000 marks for a convalescent laborers' home, to celebrate the fifth anniversary of the opening of the great Gruson works, near Madgeburg, Germany

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

WEDDING OF MISS DOROTHEA JOHNSON TODAY.

She Will Become the Bride of Mr. George Massey 2d at Residence of Her Mother in Winnetka—Nuptials of Miss Meta Carrow Voshell and Mr. Wilfred Bankart Langmore to Take Place This Afternoon in St. James' Episcopal Church.

Today brings the wedding of Miss Dorothea Stewart Johnson, daughter of Mrs. Lorenzo K. Johnson of Winnetka, to Mr. George Sturgis Massey 2d of Watertown, N. Y. It will be an afternoon ceremony, the Rev. Reuen G. K. McClure to officiate at 5 o'clock. The house will be converted into a bower of white blossoms, and on the large staircase in the hall, where the service is to be read, palms and white peonies will be used to form a background.

The bride, who will have her sister, Miss Shirley Stewart Johnson, as maid of honor, will wear a gown of white duchess satin, the yoke to be fairly covered with Brussels point lace on a foundation of tulle. The skirt will be full and will have a long train, and the tulle veil to be worn will reach to the hem of the gown and be caught to the hair with orange blossoms. An old fashioned bouquet of lilies of the valley will be carried.

The maid of honor will wear a flounced gown of white tulle, made on simple lines, and she will carry a conventional bouquet of white roses with maidenhair ferns, the same flowers to form a wreath for the hair. The maids, who will wear gowns like that of the maid of honor, will be Miss Harriet Grant Smith, Miss Harriet Greeley, Miss Catherine Williams, Miss Clara Massey, Miss Margaret Hunt, and Miss Marjorie King. They will likewise carry bouquets of white roses with maidenhair ferns, and will wear the same kind of wreaths.

The groom will have his brother, Mr. Walter Griffith Massey, for best man, and the ushers will be Mr. Valentine May, Mr. Edward Davis of Cleveland, Mr. James Nicholson of Milwaukee, Mr. Daniel Armistead of Pittsburg, Mr. Marshall Clark, Mr. Ayres Beal, Mr. Rankin Johnson, and Mr. William Sanford of New York.

After the ceremony a reception will be held on the lawn, which will be made additionally attractive by all manner of bowers and floral decorations. The young couple will leave in the evening for a trip to Canada, where they intend camping during the summer. After Sept. 15 they will reside at 52 Sunny street, Watertown, N. Y.

Another interesting wedding of this afternoon will take place in St. James' Episcopal church at 4 o'clock, when Miss Meta Carrow Voshell will be married to Mr. Wilfred Bankart Langmore, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Langmore of Leicester, England. It will not be a large wedding, the bride having invited only her relatives and closest friends. The Rev. Dr. James S. Stone will perform the ceremony, assisted by the Rev. Herman Page, who will also give the bride in marriage. The bride, whose only attendant will be Miss Louise Foltz, will wear white peau de cygne, the bodice having a transparent yoke and undersleeves of white net, and trimmed with a bertha of old point lace. The veil will be of tulle, and she will carry white bachelors' buttons, made into a shower bouquet. Miss Foltz will wear pink flowered silk, with white net hat, trimmed with pink roses, and her bouquet will be formed of pink garden roses of a delicate pink shade.

Mr. Oliver Stowe Brown will act as best man, and there will be four ushers—Mr. Frank Sylvester Scovel, Mr. Arthur Russell Hall, Mr. Charles Edward Soule Jr., and Mr. Edward Burrell Frysinger.

Immediately after the ceremony a reception for the bridal party and a few friends will be held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. William S. Warren, 43 Cedar street, with which Miss Voshell has resided since the death of her mother, some months ago. The bride and groom will spend their honeymoon at Charlevoix, Mich., and the remainder of the summer at Highland Park.

The Exmoor Country club at Highland Park will have its formal opening today, and in the evening a dinner dance will be given. Among those who will entertain at dinner are:

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Cummings, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. James Lane Allen, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Louderback, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Channon, Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Carry, Mr. and Mrs. A. Mayo, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Chandler, Mr. and Mrs. Trigg Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Secor Cunningham, Mr. A. B. Scully, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Dennis, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Towner Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Walter E. Carr, Mr. and Mrs. William Brace, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Dickinson, Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Madden, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Clement, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Heinsen, Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Steele, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. White, Mr. and Mrs. C. Edgar Finney.

A special train will be run for those returning to the city after the dance.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. King have returned to the city, having come from New York in their motor car. The trip took them one week.

Mrs. Arthur Caton will sail for Europe on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Ogden Armour are expected in Chicago next Friday, coming from Europe, where they have been about two months.

Mrs. Francis S. Simmons and Miss Bush, 9 Gordon terrace, are in London.

WAIF FLEES FROM HARDSHIPS.

Italian Lad Says He Deserted Ship Which Sunk Last Thursday Near Detroit.

Felipe Palmerino, 15 years old and scarcely able to speak a word of English, appeared in the Juvenile court yesterday with a story of adventure, but unable to tell a word about his home or relatives. From what he said it is believed he ran away from a life of drudgery on board the steamer City of Rome, which was sunk in a collision in the St. Clair river near Detroit, on Thursday, its crew narrowly escaping death.

Palmerino was put off a train at Kankakee Sunday night, and when picked up by the police the youngster was almost insane, apparently from heat, and it was three days before he could tell anything of himself. Miss Martha Hutton of the Associated Charities in Kankakee brought the boy here, thinking he might find friends among the Italians of Chicago.

Through an interpreter the youngster explained that the steamer on which he worked carried coal, grain, and iron ore, and its name was the Rome. The only two boats on the lakes of that name are the Rome of the Western Transit line, which has not been in Chicago this season, and the City of Rome, which was sunk on Thursday. Judge Mack directed that Felipe be held pending an investigation to discover his relatives.

NURSES' HOME TO BE OPENED.

Norwegians to Dedicate Addition to Their Hospital This Afternoon and Evening.

A rally of Chicago Norwegians will be held at the grounds adjoining the Norwegian Lutheran Tabitha hospital, Francisco and Thomas streets, this afternoon and evening, to dedicate the Nurses' home of the hospital, which has just been completed. The addition to the hospital has entailed an expense of $4,000. There will be a program of music and speeches and an automobile drawing. Several thousand tickets have been sold at $1 each, the lucky number to win an $1,800 car.

PAYING FINE PLEASES HIM.

Frank G. Logan, Assessed $2 for Unmuzzled Dog, Says He Believes Law Is Right.

Smiling cheerfully yesterday, Frank G. Logan, 2910 Prairie avenue, paid a $2 fine and costs for allowing his dog to go unmuzzled.

"The law is right," said Logan to Justice Cochrane. "I shall not offend again."

Mrs. H. W. Sturtevant, 2950 Calumet avenue, pleaded guilty to a similar charge and paid $2 and costs.

Best for Rheumatism. Ettmer & Amend's Prescription No. 2,551. Celebrated on its merits for many chronical cures.

By George C. Howland, Jeannette L. Gilder, Ella W. Peattie.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

REVIEWS OF CURRENT PUBLICATIONS.

MEMOIR OF LADY DILKE.

Reviewed by Jeannette L. Gilder, Editor of the Critic.

A BOOK just published in England, which has made an unusual sensation in a spiritual way, is just published over here by Messrs. E. P. Dutton & Co. It is "THE BOOK OF THE SPIRITUAL LIFE," by the late Lady Dilke, with a memoir by her husband, Sir Charles W. Dilke. The memoir is more than half the book, although it is printed in solid type, while the Lady Dilke end of it is in leaded type. Lady Dilke was one of several children of an Indian officer, Capt. Henry Strong, who, after his retirement from the company's service, managed a branch of the London and County bank in Oxford; and it was there that Lady Dilke pursued her studies and came into contact with the great minds of the day. Her father's father, in other words, her grandfather, was an American, having settled in Georgia. Lady Dilke is said to have closely resembled her American grandfather, and she was proud of her American descent.

As a young woman she was much interested in art, and studied under some of England's famous painters. The late G. F. Watts took a more than ordinary interest in her work, of which he had a high opinion. As a child she sat at the knee of Millais, who made a drawing for her of a cavalry battle under Stirling castle. This drawing now hangs in Sir Charles' room at Pyrford Rough. So interested was she in art that, in 1858, when she was quite a young girl, she came to London and studied in the South Kensington art schools. Having only a limited amount of money, she lived as the "bachelor girls" live in New York today. Although religious and in a certain way conventional, Miss Strong, as Lady Dilke then was, was conspicuous for her "impish pranks," and was the ringleader of South Kensington in all sorts of fun and frolic.

In 1861 Miss Strong married Mark Pattison, who was supposed to have been the "Casaubon" of George Eliot's "Middlemarch." On this subject Sir Charles Dilke says:

"If I am to anticipate the next part of this memoir, and to deal once and for all with a subject always distasteful to my wife, Dorothea's defense of her marriage with Casaubon, and Casaubon's account of his marriage to Dorothea in the first book of "Middlemarch," are as a fact given by the novelist almost in Mark Pattison's words. Here the matter ends. The grotesque attempt to find a likeness between a mere pedant like George Eliot's Casaubon and a great scholar like Mark Pattison, or between the babelike Dorothea and the powerful personality of the supposed prototype, was never made by any one who knew the rector of Lincoln and Mrs. Pattison. The subject is named here only because it illustrates the interest attendant on such insight into a human soul as is given in "The Book of the Spiritual Life."

After her marriage to Mark Pattison she threw herself heart and soul into his interests, continuing her studies of Latin, German, and French, and attacking Greek, Spanish, Portuguese, Dutch, and even Swedish and Welsh, with enthusiasm. In her early days as Mrs. Pattison she wrote mainly on philosophic subjects, being a regular contributor to the Saturday Review and the Westminster Review. It was not, however, until 1869 that she began to think any of her articles worth keeping. Of her signed reviews one of the most severe was that of Pater's "Studies in the History of the Renaissance." In one of her letters to a friend she wrote:

"Pater came and sat with me till dinner time. We had been talking before that on the exclusive cultivation of the memory in modern teaching as tending to destroy the power of thought, by sacrificing the attitude of meditation to that of perpetual apprehension. When the others left we went on talking of the same matter, but on different lines. Thence we came to how it might be possible, under present conditions of belief, to bring people up not as beasts but as men, by the endeavor to train feeling and impart sentiments, as well as information. He looks for an accession of strength to the Roman Catholic church, and thinks that if it would abandon its folly in political and social intrigue, and take up the attitude of a purely spiritual power, it would be, if not the best thing that could happen, at any rate, better than the selfish vulgarity of the finite aims and ends which stand in place of an ideal in most lives now. He has changed a great deal, as I should think, for the better, and is a stronger man."

After a long illness, through which his wife, though ill herself, nursed him assiduously, Mark Pattison died, and his widow left England for India in search of health. Pattison had been dead about a year when she became interested in Sir Charles Dilke. While she was in India, in 1885, her engagement to Dilke was announced:

"In the Madras hills she was attacked by typhoid fever and her recovery was not complete at a moment when her affection for me caused her to make the public announcement of our engagement. By the circumstances of our marriage our lives became so closely joined together that, were I to write of her from this point as I have been writing hitherto, I should be telling my own story under guise of telling hers. Our lives were too much one life for it to be possible for me to record it. References to her work are possible, but other matters are too sacred. The day of our wedding was the only day of her life which she asked those we thought likely to survive her to commemorate when death should come. From the wedding day, too, she wore, no doubt under a secret vow, an emblem chosen by me for her at her wish, which was beside her nineteen years afterward when she died. Letters came to her at this time, and during the year, which showed how many there were who understood something of her true nature. Among them there was one, from a stranger, so expressive of what my wife intended her life to mean that she kept it before her to the end. It had something to do with the inspiration of the last little book which will be found next to this memoir in the present volume."

In closing this memoir of his wife Sir Charles Dilke says:

"Throughout the posthumous book which follows will be recognized the two main characteristics of the life—an overmastering sense of duty and an unfailing courage little short of sublime."

As I look back over the instance in the life of Lady Dilke not published in this memoir I quite agree with what Sir Charles says.

The Hon. F. Leveson-Gower, who has passed his eighty-sixth birthday, is out with a volume of "Recollections" which he calls "BYGONE YEARS"; and in this volume he proves what has been said by some one, I forget who, and what I have always believed, that a man or a woman who can write at all, who has lived any length of time, can produce an interesting book. Mr. Leveson-Gower (pronounced Lewsen Gore) talked with Walter Scott and ate gooseberries with Mr. Gladstone. In his recorded memories he tells many things that perhaps those of whom he tells them would rather had been left untold. Of the Princess Lieven he says:

"What the paincess chiefly suffered from was intense boredom, which amounted almost to a disease. If nobody called during the afternoon she would roll on the floor from ennui. On one occasion, when on her way from England, she got so much alarmed at the prospect of traveling from Calais to Paris alone that she offered a seat in her carriage to a respectable looking clergyman on board the steamer, which he joyfully accepted. When seated beside her he talked so incessantly as to drive her wild. She could only relieve her feelings by putting her head out of the window and screaming out to the winds, 'I m'ennuie—Il m'ennuie!' Sometimes since when bored to extinction I have been soothed by repeating those words to myself."

The eccentric and interesting Lady Holland was one of Mr. Leveson-Gower's intimate friends, and left him, by the way, £200 to spend on books. Of her he says:

"She would never allow the word 'death' to be uttered in her presence. I once went with her to the play to see an afterpiece. We arrived too early and the funeral in 'Hamlet' was being performed. She immediately left the box. She entreated Lord Carlisle to raze to the ground the beautiful mausoleum at Castle Howard, which is visible to all the country round, and which, she said, made her too sad. And yet I was assured she met death with perfect calmness. But she was not courageous, particularly in a carriage. Her coachman once told her that he could go backwards, but could not go slower. When he said, 'No fear, my lady,' she answered, 'Perhaps there is no danger, but there's a great deal of fear.'"

Mr. Leveson-Gower tells an anecdote which proves, if proof were necessary, that bad manners are quite as conspicuous in "high society" as in the lesser world:

"The famous historian, Mr. Motley, when American minister in London, hired a house in Arlington street, where I was present at the first dinner he gave. He took much pains about the arrangement of his guests, and consulted me about it. At that time couples were sent into dinner in pairs, but nobody's place was fixed. Mr. Motley told each guest by whom he was to sit, and was well satisfied with the arrangement. Unfortunately, the Turkish ambassador was allotted to Lady Waldegrave, who did not care to have him as her neighbor. She consequently told him that his place was at the other side of the table. He, with oriental politeness, did as she bade him, and sat down opposite to her. This upset the whole arrangement. The couples wandered about the room like sheep that were being driven out of a field. Mr. Motley, who had every merit except a good temper, went into a passion, and I nearly died of laughing."

Of the master of Balliol, Mr. Leveson-Gower tells this anecdote:

"Jowett enjoyed the company of the pretty women whom he invited to Balliol, but I never heard of his being in love. One day a young lady told him it would make her so happy if he would marry her. Upon which he assured her that he was much touched by her proposal, but that he could not entertain it, as he had long given up all thoughts of matrimony. She hastened to explain that she was engaged to some one else and that she had only ventured to ask him to perform the ceremony."

JEANNETTE L. GILDER.

MISS BELLARD'S INSPIRATION.

Reviewed by Ella W. Peattie.

I VERILY believe that Mr. William Dean Howells wrote "MISS BELLARD'S INSPIRATION" that he might perpetrate at the end one of those illusive, delicious, teasing jests of his, the point of which is so delicate that the reader is obliged to consult the book to refresh his mind as to the precise idea before he can indulge in his reminiscent laugh.

Mr. Howells has three men and three women in his book. The heroine is a young lady lecturer from the University of California, who goes east to visit her aunt and uncle and decide whether or not she loves a punctilious young English ranchero who wishes to marry her. The young English ranchero presents himself on the scene and deports himself—as Miss Austen would say—with propriety, good sense, and rare intelligence.

The uncle and aunt, named Crombie, have sought their quiet mountain retreat with the hope of being unmolested, and are taken back by the sudden appearance of a pair of aggressive lovers, loquacious concerning the psychology of their "case." All that astonishing feminine finesse in which Mr. Howells has given instructions to a world of women, much simpler in thought and action than he would ever believe, is here brought into marvelous play. In his own provoking way Mr. Howells was never more wonderful than just here. The aunt is sly, though the niece thinks her frank; the niece is frank, though the aunt thinks her sly. Both hold the most complex mental relations toward their men folk; and both appear to be united by their complexity and by the integrity which underlies all their verbal "goings on."

There also comes into view a pair of married lovers, who are quite besotted with interest in each other, and jealousy, suspicion, infatuation, ideality, and "general cussedness" alternately control them. They are creations of undoubted verity, and almost every one can think of a pair of just such disgusting yet fascinating lovers, who insist upon calling the attention of the world to their miseries—miseries which nothing can mitigate, since they have their cause in the excessive character of their mutual infatuation. The woman is a vampire, the man the maudlin victim of the vampire. The woman has devoured his art—he had been a painter of power—consumed his truth, his independence, his joy in life, and yet remained an appetite with him. He could not break from her any more than a dipsomaniac can from his whisky.

Miss Bellard, the heroine, who is inquisitive about matrimony, views these two married couples—the complaisant Crombies and the tormented Mevisons—with a speculative eye, and determines that, though she loves Edmund Craybourne, she will not marry him. She goes back to her lecture room in California, and Craybourne, with the intelligence which invariably characterizes him, establishes himself on his contiguous ranch. Then they are married in the teeth of Miss Bellard's resolution, and the reason for her capitulation was that she had an inspiration. And the inspiration was to leave the psychology of their situation to Craybourne. Now Craybourne claimed and affirmed and reiterated that the Mevisons were not a warning to them, because the Mevisons had at last broken from the fatal spell they held for each other and got a divorce. And that is, in its way, a joke—an attenuated, yet, as you read it, quite amusing, Howellsesque joke. But really, you must read it to appreciate it; and, when one comes to think of it, the least one can do is to read everything Mr. Howells writes. He reads everything that everybody else writes, and he has a kind word for many. He certainly means well in all he does and all he says; but he distresses the reader by refusing to invest his characters with dignity. His nagging women and his henpecked men seem to belittle life. They are quite true to nature, no doubt, though exaggerated allowably, but they appear unrelieved by men and women of a larger type. And that is not natural. (Harpers.)

"NEW HUMANITY, OR THE EASTER ISLAND," is the formidable title of a fascinating novel by Adolf Wilbrandt. (Translated from the German by Dr. A. S. Rappoport.) The novel is a difficult one to characterize. As some music seems to bring visions to the listener, so this book awakens in the mind of the reader a thousand ideas and images which are not expressed on the pages. That curious semi-mystical, semi-sentimental atmosphere, so essentially German that it can best be described by that word, pervades it completely.

The chief character in the book is one Helmut Adler, a philosopher, who believes in the aristocracy of men of will, and who proposes that he shall go with certain of his disciples to Easter island, where they will rear a new humanity, unhampered by ideas of sacrifice and benevolence, free from all the old superstitions, and in a position to think upon truth unleashed from tradition. He possesses two daughters, one a womanly, hearth loving creature, with many accomplishments, but no capacity for revolutionary movements; the other, an intelligent child. His bitter regret is that he possesses no son to carry into completion the theories which he has promulgated. In lieu of a son he adopts a worthless, talented, persuasive nephew, pays his debts until he has beggared himself, and, in the face of deceit and treachery on the part of the young man, continues to believe in him. The two chief disciples of Adler are Hans Bergman, a musician, and Dr. Schweitzer, a physician. Bergman essays to set Adler's philosophic ideas to music, even as Richard Strauss endeavored to express in music the ideas of Nietzsche. Like Nietzsche, Adler looks down upon the "small joys" of life. He desires to possess perfect courage—courage to look into the sun of truth without blinking—courage to know loneliness like that of the far swung planets—courage to dominate by the power of a determined will, making concessions to no man.

Bergman and Schweitzer, both idealists, desire to include Malwine, the daughter of Adler, in the plan for Easter island, but Adler cannot be satisfied with the domestic woman. He wishes to dream of his dead wife, and he regrets that there is not some other means of incubating his race of overmen than that which must include the presence of women in the daily life of these haughty subluminals. Madness comes upon the man as he dreams of liberated thought and action, and, falling in with another philosopher as grotesque as himself, though far gentler, the two come to a dispute which nearly ends in the death of three persons. This brings matters to a focus. The disciples of Adler turn to the cultivation of their talents, to the taking of wives, and the making of homes. They even go so far as to desire to be of service to inferior men. And Adler dies, exhausted by a cerebration too daring and incandescent for endurance.

This is a crude setting forth of a whimsical but delightful book, which is filled with fantastical and enticing arguments, and in which the characters are of almost heroic stature. None save a German could have written just this manner of tale; and that part of the mind which is given over to the German group of fancies and ideas must be used for its appreciation.

It is a fact to which all readers of experience will agree that one possesses complex sympathies and understandings. One does not bring to the work of an English master the same group of prejudices, tastes, and sentiments that one does to the work of a French, a Russian, or a German master. Both the art standard and the ethical standard adapt themselves to the distinctive ideas of the country.

"A New Humanity" may, therefore, be, from an English point of view, something grotesque and reprehensibly fanciful. From a German point of view it has a deep interest. The curious soul-conflicts, this battling in the minds of men between the grandiose and the essentially human, the mysticism, the dreams, the mad visions that seem greater than truth, or like the extension of truth into some more spacious world, unite to move the sympathetic reader profoundly. (J. B. Lippincott Co.) ELIA W. PEATTIE.

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"Grouches I Have Nursed," by Hollis W. Field, begins in the Workers' Magazine next Sunday.

SOX WIN OUT IN NINTH INNING.

Defeat Boston Champions in Final Game of the Series by Score of 3 to 1.

FERRIS' ERROR IS COSTLY.

Fumble of Donohue's Grounder Helps Comiskey's Men; Good Pitching by Owen.

Boston, Mass., June 23.—[Special.]—Comiskey's red hot pennant chasers, the White Stockings, showed a clean pair of heels to the champions of the league today when they took the final game of the series by a score of 3 to 1.

It was nip and tuck between the two clubs up to the last inning, each side having succeeded in getting one man over the plate. Not until the ninth round was the tie broken, and Chicago turned the trick. It was due to a bad fumble by Hobe Ferris, followed by a double by Sullivan and a single by Lee Tannehill, two runs coming over the pan.

Frank Owen, who pitched for Chicago, did great work. Collins' men got only five hits off him, and one run, which was well earned, however, on Selbach's double and Parent's single. Bill Dineen was hardly in the best of form, for he could not go the full route at top speed. Chicago got its first run by consecutive hitting, and after that Dineen held them tight, never permitting them to be bunched. In the ninth, however, Ferris' error proved his undoing. He weakened and the two hits that followed won the game for the Sox.

Sox Score in the First.

Successive hits in the opening inning gave the White Sox their start in the scoring line. Jones had been retired when Holmes slammed a hot one through the box for a base. This was followed by a pretty drive to right by Davis that sent "Ducky" to third; Donohue's liner to left brought Holmes over the pan.

Boston was easy for Owen in the first round, but in the second should have tied up the score only for a bit of bad work on the part of Grimshaw. "Chick" Stahl had singled and Owen made a wild throw of Grimshaw's bunt. Collins advanced both base runners by sacrificing. Here Grimshaw's innocent mindedness got away with him, and by a great throw Sullivan nipped him off the bag. This made the second out, and Hobe Ferris' long fly to center, which should have scored Stahl, proved valueless.

Two were out in the third when the "champs" got busy and tied up the score. Selbach banged the leather up against the left field fence for two sacks. Owen handed Parent a wide one that Freddie touched on the nose and pushed out for a single, bringing Selbach over the pan. After this it was tough work getting men around the corners. Not a player on either side got beyond second base for five innings.

Victory in the Ninth.

The break in the tie came in the ninth. Hobe Ferris helped by juggling Donohue's easy grounder. Isbell was there with the necessary sacrifice, and Sullivan scratched in a double to right center that sent "Jiggs" coasting home. Lee Tannehill boosted things by pumping a single to left that tallied Sullivan. Boston looked for the "champs" to redeem themselves in their half when Burkett banged out a triple to the flag pole in right center. But "Chick" Stahl could only boost a weak foul fly to Sullivan, and Freeman, who went to bat for Grimshaw, lifted a pop up to Dundon. Score:

Chicago.	R	H	P	A	E	Boston.	R	H	P	A	E
Jones, cf	0	0	2	0	0	Selbach, rf	1	1	1	0	0
Holmes, rf	1	1	2	1	0	Parent, ss	0	1	1	2	0
Davis, 1b	0	1	11	0	0	Collins, 2b	0	0	2	3	0
Donohue, lf	0	1	1	0	0	Sullivan, c	1	1	4	0	0
Isbell, ss	0	0	2	3	0	Grimshaw, 3b	0	0	0	1	1
Tannehill, c	1	0	4	1	0	Stahl, cf	0	1	4	0	0
Dundon, 2b	0	0	2	2	0	Ferris, 2b	0	0	3	1	1
Owen, p	0	0	0	2	0	Criger, c	0	0	3	1	1
						Owen, p	0	0	0	3	0
						*Freeman	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	3	3	27	13	1	Totals	3	4	27	10	2

*Batted for Grimshaw in ninth.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3—3
Boston	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Sacrifice hits—Collins, Dundon, Grimshaw, Isbell, Owen. Stolen bases—Jones, Holmes, Dundon. Three base hit—Burkett. Double play—Davis-Dundon-Donohue. Base on balls—Off Owen, 1; off Dineen, 1. Struck out—By Owen, 3; by Dineen, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Owen, 1. Wild pitch—Dineen. Passed ball—Drill. Umpire—Connolly. Time—1:50. Attendance—4,200.

Washington, 4; St. Louis, 1.

Washington, D. C., June 23.—Washington today solved Glade in the eighth inning and by four singles, with an error, scored four runs. Wolfe pitched excellent ball, and had it not been for an error would have shut out St. Louis. Score:

Washington.	R	H	P	A	E	St. Louis.	R	H	P	A	E
Nill, 3b	0	1	2	1	0	Stone, lf	0	1	2	0	0
Jones, cf	1	1	2	0	0	Rock'fld, 2b	0	1	2	0	0
Stahl, 1b	1	1	9	0	0	Van Dyck, 1b	0	0	6	0	0
Shaw, rf	0	0	1	0	0	Shearer, cf	0	0	1	0	0
Hasem'n, 1b	0	2	2	0	0	Frisk, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Mullen, 2b	0	0	1	1	1	Wallace, ss	1	0	1	2	3
Casidy, ss	0	0	2	3	0	Ostneck, c	0	0	6	0	0
Heydon, c	0	0	1	0	0	Sugden, c	0	1	8	0	0
Wolfe, p	0	0	1	2	0	Glade, p	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	4	7	27	11	1	Totals	1	3	24	7	3

Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	*—4
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1

Two base hits—Buckles, Gleason. Stolen bases—Stahl, Hasleman, Stone. Bases on balls—Off Glade, 1; off Wolfe, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Wolfe, 1. Struck out—By Wolfe, 3; by Glade 8. Wild pitch—Glade. Time—1:33. Umpires—Kelly and McCarthy. Attendance, 2,105.

New Pitcher for Griffith.

Wheeling, W. Va., June 23.—[Special.]—Catcher Pat Livingston was sold by the Wheeling club tonight to the New York Americans for $800.

Turner and Sullivan to Fight.

San Francisco, Cal., June 23.—[Special.]—Rufe Turner has been matched to fight Mike Sullivan.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Cleveland	32	17	.653
CHICAGO	31	20	.608
Philadelphia	32	21	.604
Detroit	27	24	.529
Boston	22	26	.458
New York	20	29	.408
Washington	21	32	.396
St. Louis	19	34	.358

AMERICAN ASSN.	W.	L.	Pct.
Columbus	38	23	.623
Milwaukee	36	24	.600
Minn'p's	36	24	.600
Indian'p's	29	28	.508
St. Paul	31	30	.508
Louisville	25	35	.417
Kansas City	24	36	.400
Toledo	19	34	.358

CENTRAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
South Bend	31	20	.623
Wheeling	32	20	.622
Evansville	33	23	.589
Grand Rapids	26	22	.531
Fort Wayne	25	27	.471
Dayton	23	29	.469
Springfield	18	34	.346
Terre Haute	17	34	.333

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	42	13	.700
Pittsburg	35	22	.583
Philadelphia	31	24	.563
CHICAGO	34	27	.557
Cincinnati	32	27	.542
St. Louis	25	34	.424
Boston	19	37	.339
Brooklyn	17	42	.288

THREE EYE LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Rock Island	26	18	.591
Springfield	24	19	.558
Dubuque	25	20	.556
Bloomington	24	22	.522
Davenport	23	22	.511
Decatur	20	24	.455
Peoria	18	24	.429
Cedar Rapids	10	27	.372

WESTERN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Des Moines	30	15	.625
Sioux City	30	19	.612
Denver	31	21	.596
Omaha	23	34	.480
St. Joseph	16	31	.341
Colo. Springs	16	34	.320

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, 3; Boston, 1.
Washington, 4; St. Louis, 1.
New York, 7; Detroit, 0.
Philadelphia, 3; Cleveland, 0.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburg 5; Brooklyn, 1.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

St. Paul, 2; Milwaukee, 1.
Columbus, 2; Toledo, 1 [11 innings].
Louisville, 7; Indianapolis, 0.

THREE EYES LEAGUE.

Springfield, 3; Rock Island, 2.
Davenport, 6; Peoria, 0.
Bloomington, 3; Cedar Rapids, 1.

CENTRAL LEAGUE.

Grand Rapids, 8; Terre Haute, 1.
South Bend, 4; Evansville, 1 [13 innings].
Fort Wayne, 7; Dayton, 2.
Wheeling, 4; Springfield, 2 [first game].
Wheeling, 7; Springfield, 1 [second game].

WESTERN LEAGUE.

Des Moines, 12; Colorado Springs, 11.
St. Joseph, 3; Omaha, 2.
Sioux City, 5; Denver, 1.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Montgomery, 5; Atlanta, 3.
Memphis, 4; Shreveport, 3 [first game].
Memphis, 8; Shreveport, 0 [second game].
Little Rock, 2; New Orleans, 1.

NORTHERN LEAGUE.

No games played.

IOWA LEAGUE.

Fort Dodge, 7; Keokuk, 1.
Waterloo, 7; Ottumwa, 3.
Boone, 9; Burlington, 3.
Oskaloosa, 4; Marshalltown, 2.

SOO LEAGUE.

Calumet, 7; Soo, 4.
Lake Linden, 4; Hancock, 2.

K. I. I. LEAGUE.

Paducah, 2; Princeton, 1.
Vincennes, 4; Henderson, 0.

Games Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago at Detroit.
St. Louis at Cleveland.
Philadelphia at Washington.
New York at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at St. Louis.
Boston at New York.
Cincinnati at Pittsburg.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia [two games].

RAIN PREVENTS GAME BETWEEN CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS TEAMS.

Downpour Soaks Grounds and Manager Burke Calls Off Contest—Players Visit Racetrack.

St. Louis, Mo., June 23.—[Special.]—Chicago's Fourth Nationals were forced to take a vacation today on account of the heavy rains which soaked the grounds at League park. The game was called off by Manager Burke early in the afternoon, and the rest was not unwelcome to the St. Louis team, as it is badly handicapped by injuries. Dunleavy and Smoot are both on the hospital list, and Manager Burke himself is playing only because he has no substitutes.

Some of the Chicago players spent the afternoon at the racetrack trying to beat the laws of Missouri and win a bet or two on the ponies. Gov. Folk was in St. Louis today to look over the situation and to see that the law regarding gambling is enforced tomorrow, even if the troops have to be called out to carry out his orders.

The two teams will play tomorrow afternoon, weather permitting. Jack Taylor will do the pitching for the home team and Reulbach is scheduled for box duty for Selee's men. The attendance of the games here has been poor of late. The beating the Boston team gave the locals was a body blow.

PIRATES DEFEAT BROOKLYN.

Pittsburg Downs the Superbas in a Snappy Game by a Score of Five to One.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 23.—Both teams played quick, snappy ball, but there were few features. Pittsburg's outfield did not have a putout or assist.

Pittsburg	R	H	P	A	E	Brooklyn.	R	H	P	A	E
Clarke, lf	0	1	1	0	0	Dobbs, cf	0	1	1	0	0
Beaum't, cf	2	1	0	0	0	Hall, lf	0	2	2	0	0
Leach, 3b	1	1	2	3	0	Lumley, rf	0	2	2	0	0
Wagner, ss	0	0	2	6	0	Dessler, 2b	0	1	2	1	0
Howard, rf	0	1	0	0	0	Batch, 3b	0	0	0	3	0
Clancy, 1b	0	0	17	1	0	Malay, 2b	0	1	1	3	0
Ritchey, 2b	0	1	2	3	0	Babb, ss	0	0	2	3	0
Peitz, c	0	1	5	1	0	Ritter, c	0	0	2	2	0
Flaherty, p	0	1	2	4	0	Stricklett, p	0	0	0	5	0
Totals	5	8	27	17	0	Totals	0	8	24	16	0

Pittsburg	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	*—5
Brooklyn	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Two base hits—Dobbs, Malay. Three base hit—Howard. Sacrifice hit—Leach. Stolen bases—Clarke, Beaumont, Howard, Malay, 2; by Stricklett, 2. Time—1:25. Umpire—Klem. Attendance—1,230.

BUSY DAY FOR THE YACHTSMEN.

Two Special Races on the Card at Columbia Club—Postponed Events for Power Boats.

The principal yachting fixtures for today will be two special races to be held at the Columbia Yacht club. Following out the new plan of Chairman Quinlan, the yachts have been specially matched up for the occasion without reference to their usual classification. One of the races will be between the smaller boats under I. M. Y. A. rules. The start will be at 2:30 from the clubhouse and a course will be around the four mile crib and return. The entries are Anita, Alla May, and Cricket, twenty foot sloops; Sinner and Yolande, twenty-five foot sloops; Fawn and Myrina, twenty-five foot yawls; Marie and Tonawanda, cruisers. The winners will receive flags. The second event will start at 3 o'clock and the class has been designated as "special cruisers." The entries are Vixen, Charlotte R., Jeanette, Mawala, Sadie, Neva, and Iris. They will sail over the regular club course.

The Chicago Power Boat club will hold its postponed races, starting from the clubhouse at 2 p. m. The boats are divided into two classes, the faster ones and the slower. Class B will bring out, Martha, Pescadora, Dorothy, Maude, Ronamer, 999, Evelyn, Newsboy, Waubun, E. Z., and Marion. The star event of the afternoon will be the first race for the Great Lakes Challenge cup in class A. The entries are Black Diamond, C. E. Holmes, Michigan City, Ind.; Crusader, Commodore Theo. Weiss; and Violet Louise, J. T. Counsell. It will be a handicap event, with Violet Louise as scratch boat. The race will be over a five mile course from the gap around the four mile and Harrison cribs. Class A will go over the course twice and class B once.

Races for the "pups" and one designers, and a concert both afternoon and evening is the program at the Chicago Yacht club.

Delmar Park Results.

St. Louis, Mo., June 23.—Delmar track was deep in mud from the heavy rains of last night, and the mudlarks had the advantage. Only one favorite won, Mynheer, at 1 to 2, in the fifth race. Mark Gumperts and two assistants were arrested on the charge of violating the anti-betting laws. Summaries:

First race, ¾ mile—Follow the Flag, 103 pounds [Wiley], 3 to 1, won; Peter Nathanie', 115 to 1, second; Gerolette, 1 to 2, third. Time, 1:07 3-5.

Second race, 11-16 mile—Fort Worth, 98 pounds [Howard], 8 to 1, won; Tina C, 98 to 1, second; Pinte, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:10 2-5.

Third race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Aten, 87 pounds [Shaffner], 5 to 1, won; Dewster, 7 to 2, second; Lookaway, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:57.

Fourth race, ¾ mile—Elastic, 106 pounds [Watson], 4 to 1, won; Ellen Jerome, 25 to 1, second; Ona J, 7 to 2, third. Time, 1:23.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles—Mynheer, 105 pounds [Wiley], 3 to 5, won; Pompey, 12 to 1, second; Emma Meyer, 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:52 3-5.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Court Maid, 101 pounds [Shilling], 4 to 1, won; Mammon, 8 to 1, second; Frank Rice, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:55 3-5.

Notes of the Billiardists.

At Foley's—Roney defeated Van Hafften 145 to 142 at balk line. Miller and Priebe tonight.

Alex Taylor defeated George Wheeler in their first block of their 1,500 18 inch balk line game at Bemisher's last night by 500 to 250. The second block of 500 will be played tonight.

Sporting Notes.

Capt. W. Clark of the Douglas Park Cricket team will sail today for Scotland, and will return in August.

The Jackson Challenge cup, emblematic of the championship of the Chicago League of Association Football, will be presented to the Lake Shore team tonight at St. George's hall, 3235 State street.

TENNIS TRIUMPH FOR AMERICANS.

United States Players Sweep Everything Before Them in England.

WARD IS THE CHAMPION.

Captures the Singles Event, but Wright Scratches, Giving Him Title.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
[Copyright: 1905: By the New York Herald.]

LONDON, June 23.—The tennis championship of London was won today for the first time by an American, Holcombe Ward now being holder of the title. The final was to have been contested today by Ward and his compatriot, Beals C. Wright, but it was announced tonight that the latter had scratched.

That the semi-finals of the tournament would provide exciting matches was generally anticipated, but few spectators at Queen's club were prepared for such sensational developments as those which transpired in the Beals C. Wright-N. E. Brookes match.

The concensus of opinion was in favor of the Australian and when he secured the first two sets there were few who did not regard the match as good as won. Against any ordinary player this probably would have been the case, but for once Brookes found an opponent who did not know when he was beaten. By sheer pluck the American gradually forged ahead and won the third set, 6—4. In the next set Wright gave a superb exhibition and again won by the same margin.

Brookes Weakens.

In the fifth and last set it was evident that the effect of having seen his big lead slip away was beginning to tell on Brookes. His returns were feeble and his service lacked the accuracy which characterized his play in the earlier stages. The American lost the first game, but after that romped home an easy winner by 6—1. The game occupied over two hours.

Holcombe Ward was given the hardest match since his arrival in this country by A. W. Gore, the former English champion. The latter made a poor start and lost the first set by 6—1. The second set produced a terrific struggle. Ward's wonderful screw service looked like it was gaining him the victory, but the Englishman finished strongly and snatched the set by 8—6. The American won the next by 6—4, and this was followed by another success for Gore. In the fifth and deciding set Ward placed his volleys with great effect, and, although the Englishman made a plucky uphill fight, he was ultimately beaten by 6—4. Thus both Americans qualified for the finals by three sets to two, and Wright subsequently scratched to Ward in the final.

Win Contests in Doubles.

In doubles the transatlantic visitors continued their career of triumph. Larned and Clothier beat J. M. Flavelle and M. J. G. Ritchie by three sets to one. The Englishmen played a steady, uphill game, but their opponents could generally claim a slight advantage in every department. Ward and Wright, in spite of their exertions earlier in the afternoon, generally had the upper hand of Brookes and Dunlop. The Australian pair did best in the second set, but the Americans ultimately ran out winners three sets to love.

The American players and English Lawn Tennis association closed a dispute which has threatened to have an unpleasant effect upon the Davis international cup competition this year. The English association proposed to accept the nomination of players on "twenty-four hours' notice. All competing countries agree except America, and Paul Dashiel, the American captain, emphatically declined to agree, and insisted that players taking part in the contest should be nominated at least twenty-one days before the beginning of play. Conferences between parties have been frequent all week, and today at Queen's club the matter was settled by England, Australia, Belgium, and Austria agreeing to the Americans' condition. France has not replied yet, but it is expected the French team will be nominated within the next few days.

The American players took up their quarters at Wimbledon today.

TENNIS AT THE WOODLAWN CLUB

South Side Championships Start Today with Preliminary and First Rounds.

The Woodlawn Tennis club tournament for the championship of the south side will start at the club's grounds, Sixty-seventh street and Monroe avenue, at 10 o'clock this morning.

The drawings yesterday resulted as follows: Singles—Preliminary round—Snow vs. Poppen, Henderson vs. Bingham, Walbrick vs. Beck, Le Valley vs. McKeever. First round—Koch vs. Winston, Hoch vs. Cramin, Fuller vs. Green vs. Brundage, Preston vs. French, Luce vs. Reid, Waldner vs. Baumgartner, Beard vs. Byford, Russ vs. Peters, Wicker vs. Forstall, Baton vs. Barron, James vs. Morley, Ashcraft vs. Brown, Short vs. Wicks.

Doubles—Green and Clark vs. Briggs and Cotten, Russ and Cresson vs. Bingham and Byford, Collins and Waldner vs. Koch and French, James and Wick vs. Jones and Thompson, Snow and Ashcraft vs. Winston and Potter, Peters and Gardner vs. Baton and Wicks, McKeever and Beard vs. Hunt and Morley, Forstall and Loesch vs. Henry and Martin.

Miss Neely and Partner Win.

Philadelphia, Pa., June 23.—Miss Helen Homans of the West Side Tennis club, New York, and Miss Carrie B. Neely of Chicago won the women's doubles lawn tennis championship of the United States this afternoon on the courts of the Cricket club at Wissahickon Heights, defeating in the final round Miss Virginia Maule and Miss Oberteuffer of the Merion Cricket club. The victors exhibited excellent team work and were superior at all points. Score, 6—0, 6—1.

NOLAN AND HERFORD IN CLASH.

Managers of Nelson and Sullivan Have a Lively Argument Over the Match with Britt.

[BY GEORGE SILER.]

"Kid" Sullivan, the Washington, D. C., fighter, who is matched to meet Jimmy Britt in a twenty round contest at San Francisco on July 18, and his manager, Al. Herford, arrived in town yesterday morning and left in the evening for the scene of the coming battle.

Their arrival stirred up a hornet's nest in the camp of Battling Nelson, as the "Battler" and his manager, Billy Nolan, believe Herford is the direct cause of Nelson being side tracked by Britt. When Nolan learned of the arrival of the westerners he donned his fighting togs and went scouting for Herford. Missing him at his hotel he awaited his appearance at the depot, and when Al bowed in sight he accused him of underhand work in securing Sullivan's match with Britt. Hot words followed the accusation, and but for the interference of friends they would have come to blows.

Herford gave Nolan to understand he was in the fighting game for what there was in it, and that if Nelson was looking for a fight he would match Joe Gans against him for $5,000. Nolan did not accept the offer because Nelson can easily fight at 130 pounds and would therefore be handicapped in weight. Nolan declares he will make it interesting for Herford and Britt when he reaches the coast. Sullivan is a likely looking lad, but undoubtedly is lacking experience for his task.

The "Kid" Taylor-"Dusty" Miller twenty round contest which was to have taken place in private last night was declared off yesterday afternoon by order of the authorities.

Billy Sulfy who was beaten in five rounds by George Gardner at Ogden, Utah, on Monday night, returned to town yesterday. Still claims he had the better of the milling during he first two rounds and that a punch on the jaw during a mixup in the fourth round obanged the tide of battle in favor of Gardner, and that he fell an easy victim in the fifth.

Winners at Kenilworth.

First race, ¾ mile—Silver Sue, 3 to 5; Ostneck, 12 to 1; Belvoir, 8 to 1. Time, 1:09 2-5.

Second race, 13-16 mile—Scarfell, 4 to 5; Frontenac, 6 to 1; Pat Bulger, 10 to 1. Time, 1:20 4-5.

Third race, 2 miles, steeplechase—Collegian, 18 to 1; Geneva, 7 to 2; Punctual, 6 to 1. Time, 4:18 1-5.

Fourth race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Alles d'Or, 5 to 1; Jane Holly, 15 to 1; Lorine M., even. Time, 1:46 1-5.

Fifth race, 9-16 mile—Halifax, 8 to 5; Pythia, 7 to 1; Nagasan, 2 to 1. Time, :54 2-5.

Sixth race, 11-16 mile—Don't Ask Me, even; Bolan, Shingle, 6 to 1; Ruby Hempstead, 7 to 1. Time, 1:49 1-5.

Has Won Tennis Honors Abroad.

Holcombe Ward.

Holcombe Ward, who has achieved great success in the London tennis tournament, is one of the best known American players and is especially noted for his steadiness. British critics have praised his play for its brilliancy.

PLAY FINAL MATCH TODAY

MISS YOUNG AND MISS DURELL TO MEET AT EDGEWATER.

Two Rounds Result in Seven of the Married Contestants Being Beaten in the Women's Open Tournament—Calumet Champion Comes Off Victorious, Although Not Playing Up to Her Usual Standard—Competition at Ravisloe Club.

Miss Elizabeth Young, champion of the Calumet Country club, and Miss Jane Durell of Edgewater will meet in the final match of the women's open tournament at the Edgewater Golf club today, while Miss Miriam Anthony of Evanston will play Miss Knapp of Glen View for second flight honors.

The two match play rounds of yesterday brought about the defeat of all seven of the married contestants and made it a day of triumph for the misses. Miss Young, who did not play quite up to her standard in the qualifying round, won two clever victories, defeating Mrs. F. E. Donohoe, 4 up and 2 to play, and winning from Miss Isabell Smith, the Evanston representative, 4 up and 3 to play. Miss Durell won her first match by default and then won a close contest from Mrs. E. N. Lapham by 1 up. Summary:

FIRST FLIGHT.

First flight—Miss E. Young, Calumet, defeated Mrs. F. E. Donohoe, Edgewater, 4 up 2 to play; Miss Jane Durell, Edgewater, won by default from Miss E. Ashton, Edgewater; Miss Isabell Smith, Evanston, defeated Mrs. J. C. Page, Edgewater, 4 up 3 to play; Miss Knapp, Glen View, defeated Mrs. F. K. Spicer, Skokie, 5 up 3 to play.

Semi-finals—Miss Anthony defeated Miss Palmatier, 1 up; Miss Knapp defeated Mrs. Maxwell, 1 up.

Results at Ravisloe.

First round in the women's class tournament at Ravisloe resulted as follows:

FIRST FLIGHT.

Miss Alice Bauer [16] defeated Miss Carrie Pam [12], 1 up, 37 holes; Miss Rosalie Stern [15] defeated Miss J. L. Myers [18], 2 up, 1 to play; Miss C. Lepman [14] defeated Miss Florence Wolf [14], 4 up, 3 to play; Miss Mary Jane Fox [10] defeated Miss Agatha Feisenthal [16], 5 up, 3 to play.

SECOND FLIGHT.

Mrs. Landauer [24] defeated Mrs. H. Strauss [22], 1 up, 2 to play; Miss Adele Nach [24] defeated Miss Florence Bloom, 4 up, 3 to play; Miss Alma Block [22] defeated Miss Blanche Benjamin [20], 4 up, 3 to play; Mrs. M. J. Daube [26] defeated Miss Beulah Silberman, 3 up, 2 to play.

Many Events for Today.

Twenty clubs have events carded for today and these with several postponed from last Saturday make up an extensive program. As a finale to the women's tournament the Edgewater club has an open mixed foursome scheduled. Exmoor players will have their long delayed formal opening, when the remodeled clubhouse will be thrown open and the members permitted to inspect the new dining room and dance hall and the commodious "nineteenth hole." Following is the program of events:

Exmoor—Three eighteen hole events at scratch, handicap, and match play against bogey.

Calumet—Qualifying round. Whiting and flight cups.

Glen View—Second round. Fellowship cup.

Homewood—First round, Coe trophy. B. B. handicap.

Midlothian—Mixed foursome.

Hinsdale—Monthly medal play. Finals, Butler cup.

Westward Ho—Intercrub team contest.

Ravisloe—Qualifying round, class handicap.

Jackson Park—First round, club championship.

Whitehall—Qualifying round, Directors' cup.

Ravenswood—Third round, Thompson cup.

Ea Grange—Handicap match contest.

Shoreacres—Medley handicap. Spring tourney.

Evanston—Semi-finals, Directors' cup. Class match.

Onwentsia—Play for G. A. McKinlock and Briar Hill cup.

Windsor—Semi-finals Windsor gold medal. Play for Windsor cup.

Riverside—Team match.

Elmhurst—Team match for members.

Plan Match at Cincinnati.

Western professionals entered for the western open championship at Cincinnati will play a team match there on Wednesday, the teams to be captained by President R. White of the Western Professional Golf association, and Vice President George O'Neil. If enough eastern professionals are present the westerners will challenge them.

OUTLAW WINS AT MONTGOMERY.

Capt. Rice's Duelist Captures Second Race by a Length, Running with a Broken Bit.

Memphis, Tenn., June 23.—[Special.]—The first success attained by a so-called outlaw horse on a Western Jockey club track was witnessed at Montgomery park today when Duelist, owned by Capt. R. R. Rice, one of the first owners to rally to the American Jockey club cause, showed a clean pair of heels to the field in the seven furlong affair and came home first by a length, winning practically unbacked. Duelist won with a broken bit in his mouth, which made him reserve as the last furlong was being covered, almost causing the judges to disqualify him for interfering with Jake Ward in the final struggle. Duelist was the second betting choice and, owing to the advice of R. R. Rice, Jr., the new trainer of the outfit, the veteran turfman backed Jake Ward to win. Rice Jr. figured his father's property did not have a chance to beat the favorite and the advice cost his father the customary wager, amounting to several hundred dollars.

First race, 9-16 mile—Col. Jewell, 113 pounds [Mountain], 5 to 1, won; Bess Chaney, 5 to 1, second; Huston, 5 to 1, third. Time, :56.

Second race, ¾ mile—Duelist, 111 pounds [A. Brown], 4 to 1, won; Jake Ward, 7 to 10, second; Hilona, 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:18.

Third race, 9-16 mile—Dr. Gardner, 117 pounds [Feicht], 2 to 1, won; Oseo, 21 to 5, second; Fargo, 3 to 5, third. Time, :55.

Fourth race, ¾ mile—Stand Pat, 104 pounds [Shaver], 7 to 10, won; Joe Lesser, 4 to 5, second; Rightfull, 40 to 1, third. Time, 1:20¾.

Fifth race, 1¼ miles—Male Hanlon, 100 pounds [Williams], 5 to 1, won; The Regent, 4 to 1, second; Bullmeek, 20 to 1, third. Time, 2:11.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles—Monaco Maid, 98 pounds [Schaefer], 2 to 1, won; Partan, 12 to 1, second; Coilloth, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:50 4-5.

THISTLE STAKES TO GO BETWEEN.

Captures Feature at Sheepshead Bay and Is Bid In by Shields for $7,000.

GERANIUM RUNS SECOND.

Handicap at a Mile Is Won by Broomstick After a Good Ride by Martin.

New York, June 23.—[Special.]—Go Between, the 4 year old Meddler gelding which has shown surprising form all season, was victorious in the Thistle selling stakes at nine furlongs, run over the Sheepshead Bay track today. He finished with his usual invincible rush, passing the judges four lengths before T. C. McDowell's Geranium, with Alex. Shields' St. Valentine third, half a dozen lengths back.

Go Between, which ran in the colors of C. F. Fox, who bought him last year from Schaeffer & Meyer for $3,500, was entered to be sold for $2,800. When Judge McDowell called for bids Alex Shields began the fun by boosting the figures to $5,000 the first crack. Trainer Brown bid the usual $5, and Shields kept on bidding $500 at a clip until he had named $7,000. At that point Fox and Brown decided to let the gelding go, and Shields, who told his friends he would have gone as high as $8,000, seemed well satisfied. The run up netted $2,100 for T. C. McDowell.

Broomstick Wins Handicap.

Broomstick with 120 pounds up won the handicap at a mile. Martin rode him with consummate skill, waiting until the head of the stretch was reached, where Broomstick moved up on the outside, overhauling Sinister, the pacemaker, and won easily with Sinister second and Cederstrom third.

Alan-a-Dale, the odds on favorite in the sixth race at a mile and a sixteenth on the turf, after showing the way for three-quarters of a mile, tired under the weight. Jonquil then became the pacemaker, but near the end he, too, got leg weary, and Migraine, under a drive, won by a half length. Jonquil was a length and a half before Alan-a-Dale.

Because he did not think Kinleydale could win after a poor start in the third race for 2 year olds at five furlongs, Willie Davis deliberately took the heavily backed Paget colt up, finishing last. H. P. Whitney's Old Faithful won the race by a head from Philalas, the favorite, Hildebrand putting it all over Odom. Cassini was third.

Jockey Green Rides Winner.

Jockeys that had never ridden a winner had mounts in the first race at six and a half furlongs, and, wonderful to relate, the favorite, Whorler, won by a length and a half with Green, a lad well named, in the saddle. Arabo got the place, with Arsenal a length back.

The crisis in turf affairs caused by the severing of relations between the track owners and bookmakers has been definitely and finally settled. The exact situation was outlined by members of the jockey club, who stated with particular emphasis that under no circumstances will track owners accept revenue in any form from bookmakers in the future. There will be no recognition of the betting ring from any standpoint as far as the jockey club and the various racing associations operating under its jurisdiction in this state are concerned. There will be no subscriptions from the Metropolitan Turf association to cover daily expenses for overnight purses or other incidentals. There will be no reduction in the present $3 tariff.

Sheepshead Summaries June 23.

First race, 13-16 mile, selling—Whorler, 105 pounds [Green], 3 to 1, won; Arabo, 107 [Burton], 5 to 1, second; Cedarstrom, 106 [Reardon], 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:20 1-5. Voladay, Renault, Maid of Timbuctoo, Mettle, Sigilight, St. Breese, Little Johnson, Lady Dunbrie, Mart Gentry, Otero, Blackball, Goldcroft, and Miss Bessie ran. Marriage Bells fell.

Second race, 1 mile—Broomstick, 126 pounds [Martin], 6 to 5, won; Sinister, 95 [L. Smith], 4 to 1, second; Cederstrome, 97 [Miller], 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:43. Jake Sanders, Uncle Urigh, and Lord Badge ran.

Third race, 11-16 mile—Old Faithful, 112 pounds [Hildebrand], 4 to 1, won; Philalas, 119 [Odom], 3 to 1, second; Cassini, 122 [Green], 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:09 2-5. Confederate, Bellanicker, Vino, Accountant, Sly Ben, Muffins, and Kinley Dale ran.

Fourth race, the Thistle stakes, selling, 1¼ miles —Go Between, 106 pounds [Diggins], 8 to 5, won; Geranium, 96 [Reed], 5 to 2, second; St. Valentine, 106 [O'Neill], 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:55. Uncle Charley, Masaniello, Gamara, The Southerner, and Gold Ten ran.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, selling—Consistent, 105 pounds [Baird], 9 to 1, won; Speedway, 105 [Montreuil], 8 to 1, second; Victory, 110 [Shaw], 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:00 4-5. Isolation, Myrtle D.,

COMBINING QUALITY WITH QUANTITY

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FOR SALE—UP TO DATE, WELL EQUIPPED coke and coal yard; full connection; established business; immediate possession; extremely low price. Address A 198, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—OR TRADE—FOR FARM OR COT-tage, good paying newly furnished family hotel; price $5,500; $1,000 cash, $100 in trade, and bal. monthly. Address A 215, Tribune office.

HAVE CLIENTS FOR GOOD STOCK OR BOND issue. We buy sound securities. Commis'on only. W. H. TODD & COMPANY, 112-114 Dear-born-st.

WOULD YOU INVEST $4,000 TO RECEIVE IN-terest on $100,000 in 6 mo., or sell out for $50,000? No scheme

2 CENT MORNING CIRCULATION IN THE WORLD.

REAL ESTATE—NORTH SIDE.

EDGEWATER.

NEW HOUSES.

$4,200, $6,000, $6,500, $6,750
$7,500, $12,500, $19,000 $21,000.
EASY TERMS.

Northwestern L or Clark-st. cable and Evanston electric to branch office at Ravenswood and Evanston-ave. Take basket showing cuts of houses and floor plans.

COCHRAN & McCLUER.
107 DEARBORN-ST.
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 981.

RAVENSWOOD HOMES—
Ravenswood-av. 10 rooms; lot 50x125.5 ..... $ 8,500
Ravenswood-av. 10 rooms; lot 50x125.5 8,500
Ravenswood-av. 12 rooms; lot 62x152.5 12,000
Ravenswood-av. 9 rooms; lot 38x92 4,000
Ravenswood-av. 8 rooms; lot 38x92 3,300
Ravenswood-av. 10 rooms; lot 50x165 to exit 8,500
Terms can be arranged.
FOSTER & ZANDER, 60 Dearborn-st.

SALE—ROGERS PARK; SHOULD YOU decide moving, why not locate on the beautiful north shore? Rogers Park, I will sell you a modern complete cozy modern homes, all sizes, on large lot in choice location, near depot for $4,250. Terms to suit. On basis of interest it would stand you about $20 per month. Address K A 300. Tribune office.

RAVENSWOOD—2 STORY FRAME 8 rooms, brick basement, cement floor, hardwood floors, open plumbing, in good condition; lot 30x165; $5,000; incumbrance $3,000. Address 2815 N. Ashland-av.

SALE OR EXCHANGE—APARTMENT building; four flats rent $1,320; price $5,000; will exchange for small house and $4,000 cash. C. B. MOORE, 1208 Chamber of Com.

SALE—448 DEARBORN-AV., FINE 12 room, hot water heat, hardwood floors and owner's home; cost $20,000; price $15,000. E. W. CASE, 29, 107 Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE—NORTHWEST SIDE.

WALTER W. WILCOX,
THE REAL ESTATE SHOPS,
IRVING PARK.
Irving-av. and W. Irving Park-blvd. Choice homes, modern and complete, on 50 ft. lots, $4,500 and up. Very easy terms.

SALE—HAENTZE & WHEELER BUILD on right prices on easy terms.
Office, Tribune Building. Branch office, Irving Park-av. Open daily.

SALE—THREE STORY STONE FRONT, 7 rooms; hot water heat, built three years ago. MRS. JULIA SANDBERG.
SALE—FINE 2 STORY STONE FRONT 8 rooms—st. 8 rooms, flat; furnace lot; cheap at $5,800.
A. LEWIS & CO., 1105 Milwaukee-av.

REAL ESTATE—MFG. PROPERTY.

SALE—OR TO LEASE—VACANT IN A manufacturing district adjoining Union Stock Yards; switch track and buildings on fair terms reasonable. For particulars apply 1414 First National Bank Bldg.

REAL ESTATE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—BY L. C. PLATT & Co., 616 Postal Telegraph Bldg., Chicago. 12 room house and large grounds at Lake Forest; barn; all modern improvements; $12,000. Large house and fine grounds at Ravinia; about two acres; $10,000. Vacant lot, best part of Riverside. 100x282 ft.; $6,000. Kansas ranch, 10,000 acres; 6,000 good farming land, balance pasture; excellent buildings, farm machinery; about 600 head cattle; about 20 work horses and mules; $6.50 per acre. Six flat building, nearly new; South Side; rental $2,850 per year; $22,000. Nine flat building; steam heat; south side; good location; rents for $2,200 per year; $18,000. Commission to brokers. Offers submitted.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—WE HAVE A SPECIAL FUND OF $500,000
with which to buy Chicago real estate. Send us description of your property, name your price. We will buy it if price is reasonable. Deals closed quick. FREDK H. BARTLETT & CO., 100 Washington-st.

WANTED—FROM OWNERS—WELL LOCATED city vacant, clear or incumbered, for choice Kenmore-av. flats, rented at $3,000 per annum; also clear city improved and 51 farms 12 hours' ride from Chicago. J. F. HECHT, 115 Dearborn-st.

WANTED — WEST SIDE IMPROVED PROPerty; we have cash buyers and can make quick sales; call at once. L. S. COMEN, 715 Jefferson-st.
HARRY GREENEBAUM, 84 Washington-st.

WANTED—CLEAR CITY REAL ESTATE FOR oil paintings by Carmi, Vivant, Garguillo, Vezien, Bonheur, Grenes, Coulon, etc. Address A. 276, Tribune office.

WANTED—WILL PAY CASH FOR BARGAIN IN 2 or 3 flat brick.
C. F. SCHULTZ,
163 Randolph-st.

WANTED—7 TO 9 R. HOUSE, NORTH OF FULlerton, e. of N. W. El., about $6,000; describe fully. Address X 280, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A FEE IN CENtral business property; $50,000 to $100,000. We mean business. Address K A 309, Tribune office.

WANTED—BEST EQUITY IN LARGE APARTment building that $15,000 cash will buy.
OLIVER L. WATSON, 160 Washington-st.

WANTED—WE ARE QUICK CASH BUYERS for improved or vacant West Side property. G. SCHALLMANN & CO., 1204, 154 Washington-st.

WANTED — DESIRABLE VACANT TO IMprove. Forsyth Building Co., 515, 84 La Salle-st.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—MODERN 6 FLAT BLDG. (near Sheridan drive); large porch and balcony; massive columns; well equipped apartments, big parlors and dining rooms; rented to A1 tenants at $3,000 per annum. Will take choice $15,000 farm, well located vacant or clear improved in part exchange; balance long time.
J. F. HECHT, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR EXCHANGE—8 E. COR. 56TH AND Green-sts., 18 flats, rental $3,028. Want good farm for equity or old improved. Look at it and make a proposition. J. L. SHAW & CO., 100 Washington-st.

TO EXCHANGE—50 FT. CORNER; RIPE FOR fine apartment; worth $5,000; price $2,500; take equity in improved. F. D. CALLAN & CO., 145 La Salle-st. Central 834.

$45,000 FINE IMPROVED FARM ON LAKE Michigan, clear; will add some cash for Chicago improved. Holton, Beeler & Co., 204 Dearborn.

TO EXCHANGE—I WILL GIVE CLEAR VACant and cash for $7,000 equity in six flat bldg.; prefer S. S. Address L O 213, Tribune office.

CLEAR STONE RESIDENCE HERE AND CASH for flats. 3026 Lake Park-av.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND CHOICE SUBURBAN real estate at lowest market rates. BUILDING LOANS MADE. PREPAYMENT PRIVILEGES. NO DELAY. as WE pass upon security. SPECIAL FUND to loan on MODERN BRICK store and residence property in sums of $1,000 to $10,000 at 5 per cent. Liberal terms to BROKERS. QUINLAN & TYSON, 79 Dearborn-st.

MONEY WANTED—I WOULD LIKE TO INTERest some parties to consider making building and straight loans on ABSOLUTE SAFE and APPROVED buildings in East St. Louis, Belleville (the latter the county seat of St. Clair county, Illinois), Also making farm loans on good improved farms in this county. F. W. PUDERER, Belleville, Ill.

REAL ESTATE LOANS
WITHOUT COMMISSION
SPECIALLY ADVANTAGEOUS
PREPAYMENT PRIVILEGES.
BUILDING LOANS.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO.,
92 LA SALLE-ST.

WE MAKE 2D MORTGAGE REAL ESTATE loans on improved property.
CHICAGO LOAN & DISCOUNT CO., Suite 612 Fort Dearborn Bldg., 134 Monroe-st.

JENNINGS REAL ESTATE LOAN COMPANY,
First National Bank Building.
MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

MILWAUKEE BUSINESS MAN WANTS $3,000 loan for 5 years on his Chicago flat building in fine residence district; rented to high class tenants; 6% interest; no commission. Will pay legal expenses. Address K N 156, Tribune office.

MONEY TO LOAN—
Special attention to builders.
Call and get our terms.
MADLUNG, EIDMANN & McCORTNEY,
402 Chamber of Commerce.

WANTED—LOAN OF $2,000 FOR 3 YEARS ON 9 room frame residence, stone foundation, steam heat, near north end of Lincoln park; built 3 years ago by owner; 5½% interest. Address K N 101, Tribune office.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY
at 4½ to 6 per cent.
according to amount of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

LOW RATES ON IMPROVED PROPERTY—Very favorable terms; exceptional facilities for building loans.
E. G. PAULING, 132 La Salle-st.

WE'LL PAY YOUR INTEREST, TAXES, OR debts and take 2d mortgage on property to secure advances. Loans made in 24 hours.
U. S. INVESTMENT CO., 1404 Unity Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTate. SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS ON BUILDING LOANS. PROMPT ATTENTION.
S. W. STRAUSS & CO., 144 La Salle-st.

LOANS—
LOWEST RATES.
HENRY H. WALKER & CO.,
201 Tacoma Building.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
84 AND 86 DEARBORN-ST.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE.
LOWEST RATES.

WANTED—TO BORROW $35,000 ON IMPROVED real estate worth more than double for a term of years, at fair rate of interest. Address Lock Drawer 1, South Haven, Mich.

CHICAGO SAVINGS BANK—CHICAGO SAVings Bank Bldg., State and Madison-sts. Chicago. Loans on Chicago real estate at current rates. Building loans made.

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS ON APPROVED Chicago real estate promptly made by the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company.
O. E. PIFIELD, Mgr., 135 Adams-st.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT 5 PER CENT.
ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

REAL ESTATE LOANS. ANY AMOUNT. AT lowest current rates; 4 to 4½%, on central business property. E. A. BARNES & CO., 145 La Salle-st.

ADAMS & FOSTER, 99 WASHINGTON-ST., have special fund to loan at lowest rates on Chicago real estate.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT AT LOWest rates on Chicago real estate.
P. F. McCARTHY & CO., Bankers, State and 39th.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY AND SUBURBAN real estate at lowest rates.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBURban real estate; repayment monthly.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 84 Clark-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON IMproved Chicago real estate security.
JOHN B. KNIGHT & CO., 99 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMP.; LOWEST RATES.
E. W. HART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—HAVE MONEY TO LOAN on small mortgages from $1,500 to $5,000.
SOUTHARD & TRAINER, 142 Oakwood-blvd.

A. C. TISDELLE, BANKER, 94 LA SALLE-ST. 6% FIRST MORTGAGES FOR SALE; $200 TO $50,000 TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE.

JOHN E. COLNON & CO., 99 WASHINGTON-ST. Loans on real estate a specialty; no delay. We pass on security. Building loans a specialty.

$200 TO $2,500 ON VACANT OR IMPROVED city or suburban property at lowest rates. See me first. ARTHUR C. LUEDER, 109 La Salle-st.

CHOICE MORTGAGES FOR SALE, $1,100, $2,100, $2,500, $3,000, $5,000. Room 1300, 100 Washington-st.

CALLISTUS S. ENNIS & CO., 122 MONROE-ST. Money to loan on first mortgages at lowest rates. Mortgages for sale from $1,000 up.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS PROMPTLY made; easy terms; ¼ regular rates. Henry & Robinson, Chicago Opera House, 112 Clark-st., R. 504.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTate at current rates of interest.
WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT CURRENT RATES ON Chicago improved real estate. FRED MILLER, 5 e. cor. 8th-av. and Madison-st., Security Bldg.

LOANS MADE ON CHOICE REAL ESTATE AT lowest rates; building loans made.
HENRY W. HOWE & CO., 146 La Salle-st.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate at lowest current rates; no delay; we pass on security.

MONEY TO LOAN—
On city property at lowest rates; prompt service. MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

REYNOLDS & ROSE,
522 TRIBUNE BUILDING.
Make loans on Chicago real estate at lowest rates.

$200 TO $50,000 TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, 5 per cent. First gold mortgages for sale.
A. C. TISDELLE, BANKER, 94 La Salle-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS AT LOWEST PREVAILing rates. Building loans wanted. No delays.
KOZMINSKI & VONDORF, Bankers, 73 Dearborn.

LOANS, $5,000 AND UPWARD, AT 4½%.
Other sums to loan at market rates.
WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH, 1?? Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS MADE AT 4½% TO 5%.
E. W. MILES, 119 La Salle-st.

GEO. W. COBB & CO., 167 DEARBORN-ST.—Money to loan on mortgages at lowest rates.

WANTED—$2,500; FIRST MORTGAGE, CITY IMproved, 5%; priv. party pfd. X 243, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO., Established 1865.
Room 1105, 119 Monroe-st.
First National Bank Bldg.

Real estate loans of every kind and size made without delay at low rates and best terms.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION OR attorney's fees on Chicago real estate, with privilege of paying all or part of principal before maturity and stopping interest. Borrower sees payments credited on note and pays interest only on the balance due.

BUILDING LOANS made on short notice. Personal attention given to large and small borrowers.

THE COLONIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK
(Formerly Ross & Co.)
N. W. COR. LA SALLE and WASHINGTON-STS.

MONEY TO LOAN—

On Chicago and improved suburban property. Lowest rates. Quick action, as we pass on security. Building loans.

BAIRD & WARNER.
90 LA SALLE-ST.

Cochran & McCluer,
107 Dearborn-st.

Make loans on improved and vacant property; also building loans at lowest rates; quick service; perfect title.

WE LOAN ON VACANT AND IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
Special inducements on building loans.
We have for sale high grade mortgages from $1,000 to $10,000, secured on new brick and stone homes in the best residence streets of Chicago; suitable for trust funds. Send for list.
JOHN F. MARSH & COMPANY,
1020 TRIBUNE BUILDING.

H. O. STONE & CO.,
10 phones, all Main 339. 206 La Salle-st.
NO COMMISSION. NO DELAY. LOANS ON CHIcago and suburban real estate; lowest rates.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—MICHIGAN-AV., NEAR 31ST-ST. modern 11 room dwelling; steam heat; hard wood floors, etc.; private family only; reasonable rent. WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FOR THE SUMMER, 10 ROOM FURnished house; pleasantly situated in good neighborhood; right price to the right people; good references required. Inquire 5119 Madison-av.

TO RENT—4750 LANGLEY-AV., VERY DESIRable, 8 rooms, stone front, furnace, $40; owner will show, to-day, evening.

TO RENT—DWELLING, 2014 MICHIGAN-AV., to a private family only. SEYMOUR MORRIS, 135 Adams-st.

TO RENT—10 ROOM MODERN STEAM HEATed house, fine condition, S. S.; possession now; $65. Tel. Douglas 1818.

TO RENT—5728 ROSALIE-CT.—DESIRABLE 9 room house; large yard; elegant location; $42.50.

West Side.

TO RENT—10 ROOM RESIDENCE ON ASHland-blvd., suitable for fraternal or clubhouse. Apply CASHIER, 661 W. 12th-st.

North Side.

TO RENT—AT MODERATE RENTAL, TEN AND TWELVE ROOM PRIVATE RESIDENCES IN WINONA.
McCormick Theological Seminary grounds on Chalmers-pl., Belden and Fullerton-avs., between North Park and Halsted-sts. Excellent and central location. Churches and schools in immediate neighborhood. Fullerton-av. station of the Northwestern Elevated road at end of grounds.
Lincoln-av., Fullerton-av., and Halsted-st. surface lines pass the property.

OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., RENTING AGENTS, 84 Clark-st. Telephone Main 1015.
Or at offices of seminary. Telephone North 1098.

TO RENT—9 ROOM STRICTLY MODERN house, 2126 Clarendon-av.; large veranda; lawn, etc.; rent $45; open; but two blocks to the lake or Sheridan-rd.; 15 minutes' express station; ¼ block east of Evanston-av. cars. Owner, 603 Atwood Bldg. Tel. Main 970.

TO RENT—46 ALTA VISTA-TERRACE. 7 r., hot air furnace, hardwood floors; $35. REGELIN, JENSON & CO., 1292 Sheridan-rd.

Suburban.

TO RENT—EVANSTON—11 ROOMS, FURNISHed, for the summer; central, facing lake and park; two verandas, large lot; abundant shade. Address X 280, Tribune office.

TO RENT—I OFFER AN 11 ROOM FURNISHED house in the city of Highland Park, Ill. For further information write or inquire P. O. Box 795, Highland Park, Ill.

TO RENT—EVANSTON—FURNISHED HOME, July and Aug.; ten rooms, large porch, lawn, on ridge west of Main-st. station. Inquire Room 506, 100 Washington. Chicago.

TO RENT—LEAVE CITY JULY 1ST; RENT MY beautiful home, 114 S. Humphrey-av., Oak Park, to first class tenants. Owner on premises.

TO RENT—OAK PARK—FURNISHED 8 ROOM house, modern, for summer. G. C., R. 825, 108 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—OAK PARK—MODERN 10 ROOM house, detached; lot 50x175; $50. 338 Home-av.

Summer Resorts.

TO RENT—LAKE GENEVA, ELEGANT 10 room furnished house; lake front; all conveniences; season, $400; formerly $1,000; rare chance. Address X 130, Tribune office.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED COTTAGE on lake, quiet surroundings preferred; price must be moderate. Address X 338, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT.
2940 LAKE PARK-AV.
7 room flats, new decorations, hardwood polished floors; steam heat, etc.; large rooms; very desirable; best location in city; ON LAKE. See janitor. Rent, $45. SARA REIDY, 57 Randolph. Tel. 4191 Cent.

TO RENT—THE LENOX—
Corner 66th and Washington-av.; a beautiful 5 room outside flat in a new and elegant building; just completed; all finished in the finest of hardwoods, and contain all modern conveniences; private phone connection with every apartment; price $35.
JAMES G. KAISER & CO.,
Phone Hyde Park 336. 272 E. 63d-st.

TO RENT—6417 JACKSON-AV., DETACHED 3 flat, 7 large, light rooms, strictly modern; $34 and $37.50.

6171 60th-st., near Drexel, 6 rooms, modern, reduced; $28.50.

Cor. Evans and 42d-st., 1st flat, 6 rooms; choice; $27.50.

TO RENT—5 ROOM FRONT FLAT, UNFURnished, $25; also 3 furnished outside rooms and bath, for housekeeping, $20; steam heat, elevator, all conveniences. 3083 Wabash-av., phone 2009 Douglas. MISS WADSWORTH, or 1214, No. 79 Dearborn-st. H. AMES.

TO RENT—N. W. COR. DREXEL-BLVD. AND 45th-st., opposite new apartments of 7, 8 and 10 rooms; 3 baths; solid mahogany finish; every modern convenience. Apply to attendant at building, or to
J. WORTHINGTON, 801 E. 45th-st.

TO RENT—NEW 8 ROOM FLAT; FOUR BEDrooms, 2 baths, fine large parlor, and dining room; all outside light; near C. Ry. Alley L, and all electric lines. CHAS. A. V. STANDISH, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—5 A., WOODLAND PARK; A BEAUtiful private park, between 33d and 35th-sts., facing Lake Michigan; a 1st duplex heated apartment; 6 rooms; perfect order; rent reduced; 1 block 36th-st. station I. C. R. R.

TO RENT—4500 VINCENNES-AV., 8 ROOM modern steam heated flats, $27.50 to $37.50; concession to good party. See janitor.

TO RENT—FURNISHED SIX ROOM FLAT, completely furnished for housekeeping, for July and August; rent, $45. 195 Oakwood-blvd., 1st flat.

TO RENT—2D FLOOR, 6 ROOM FLAT; ALL hardwood, shellac finish; large yard; plenty light. Call, 3d flat, 4149 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—THE MONTEREY, 63 E. 39TH-ST., 5 rooms and 7 rooms; steam; $16 and $22.50. W. F. PAINE, 171 La Salle-st. Tel. Harrison 1554.

TO RENT—ONE 2 AND ONE 5 ROOM FLAT, with bath; 2022 Cottage Grove-av.
HOLTON, SEELYE & CO., 204 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FLATS, $10 AND UP; HOUSES, $25 to $200. Also barns for sale. Call on
E. E. BALDWIN & CO., 55th and Indiana-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED; COOL 3 AND 4 RM. flats on shore. Kenwood; 1 or more months; $20 up. Call 4531 Lake-av.

TO RENT—ONE LENOX FLAT, 4 ROOMS; $21 winter; $19 summer; steam, hot water, bath, range; nr. I. C. Ry. Office, 3537 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—4456 COTTAGE GROVE, 3 6 ROOM flats, $17 to $18; modern; new building.

TO RENT—2829 CALUMET-AV., TWO ROOM flats; steam heat, hot water, range; adults; $12.

TO RENT—3826 RHODES-AV., FURNISHED complete, up to date modern 2 room flats. Flat 32.

TO RENT—3739 LANGLEY-AV., 4 RM. FLATS, $25; well decorated; light; steam, etc.; janitor.

TO RENT—4008 VINCENNES-AV., 7 ROOM modern steam heated flat; $30. See janitor.

TO RENT—4 AND 5 ROOMS, $22 AND $25; 7 room, cor., $38; modern; elevator. 3106 Calumet.

West Side.

TO RENT—FRONT FLAT, 5 ROOMS AND BATH, 2d floor. Apply to janitor, 163 N. Morgan-st., 2d flat, rear.

North Side.

TO RENT—225 WINTHROP-AV., MODERN 5 room flat; special inducements. Apply 4 to 6 p. m.

TO RENT—6 ROOMS, FURN. FLAT, SHERIDAN Park; ideal for summer. 1082 North-av., Flat 3.

TO RENT—FINE 6 R. STEAM HEATED FLAT, $30. See janitor. 2319 N. Hermitage-av.

TO RENT—MODERN 5 OR 6 ROOM FLAT; steam heat; cheap. 414 Belden-av.

TO RENT—FLATS.

North Side.

TO RENT—
THE PATTINGTON,
IRVING PARK-BLVD. AND THE LAKE.

7, 8, AND 9 ROOM APARTMENTS.
RENT $65 TO $125 MONTH.
Which includes electric light, table ice, cold storage, and automobile garage.
This beautiful building is located in the exclusive residence section of the north shore; 17 minutes' ride from the business center by Northwestern L express trains to Sheridan-rd. station.
Absolutely fireproof construction; rooms finished in costly woods, Mexican mahogany, English weathered oak, solid porcelain bath fixtures; uniform janitor and passenger service.
FIRST CLASS CAFE IN BUILDING.
Handsomely illustrated booklet mailed on application.

W. K. YOUNG & BRO.,
90 LA SALLE-ST.
NORTH SHORE OFFICE,
SHERIDAN-RD. AND IRVING PARK-BLVD.
OPEN EVENINGS.

TO RENT—BUENA PARK—OWNER HAS TWO 6 ROOM AND ONE 5 ROOM APARTMENT LEFT IN THE NEW BUILDING N. W. COR. EVANSTON-AV. AND LINCOLN-AV. (THE CORNER BLOCK); 5 MINS. OF SHERIDAN-RD. EXPRESS STATION, N. W. "L"; TWO BLOCKS FROM LAKE; THE MOST BEAUTIFUL LOCATION IN THE CITY. SEE THESE TODAY AND MAKE OFFER; IF ANYWHERE WITHIN REASON IT WILL BE ACCEPTED, AND IS YOUR CHANCE TO GET A GREAT BARGAIN. AGENT ON PREMISES WILL SHOW AND GIVE PARTICULARS.

TO RENT—NEW, WELL BUILT, LARGE, AND light 5 room apts., Kenmore and Belmont-avs., 1 block to N. W. L. extension. 5 blks. n. of Wilson; best residence location; fine view of lake and Sheridan-drive; immediate possession; $20 and up.
Also 5 and 6 room fine, new apts., 2007 Kenmore-av., near Lawrence; $25 and up. S. HARNSTROM & CO., 125 La Salle-st. Phone M. 1574.

TO RENT—FURNISHED APARTMENT FOR July and August; 7 rooms; Pine Grove-av., near Sheridan road, overlooking lake; desirable location and quarters; servant to be retained; can be had by refined couple or small family of adults; ref. required. Address X 398, Tribune office.

TO RENT—1533 KENMORE-AV. 5 r. steam heated apartment, close to "L" exp. station; $30. 1297 Sheridan-road.

4 r., $27.50.
1222 Wilton-av., 6 r., $32.
REGELIN, JENSON & CO., 1295 Sheridan-rd.

TO RENT—IN THE "COLONA," COR. KENmore and Wilson-avs., 6 r. apartments, strictly high class. Every room light; decorations to suit. Special reduction for the summer; $40 to $45.
REGELIN, JENSON & CO., 1906 Evanston-av.

TO RENT—VERY DESIRABLE EIGHT ROOM apartment in The Wales, Clark and Deming-sts.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO.,
84 Clark-st.

TO RENT—5 AND 6 R. APTS., HANDSOME DEtached bldgs.; abundance of light and air permanently insured; at 3007 Kenmore-av. E. H. ALBOTT, owner. 125 La Salle-st. Phone M. 1574.

LESSING HOTEL—FURNISHED APARTMENT, 5 rooms, bath; electric light, refrigeration, ice for table, telephone; July to October. 1810 Surf-st., 4D.

TO RENT—1233 LAWRENCE-AV.—I HAVE A new up to date 4 room flat; special price; between 4-6 p. m.

TO RENT—493 EVANSTON-AV., NEW 4 OR 5 room steam heated flat; all improvements; special price to desirable tenants; call today.

TO RENT—ONE MODERN STEAM HEATED 8 room apartment; newly decorated; walking distance. 31 Lincoln Park-blvd.

TO RENT—NICE 6 ROOM FLAT, FURNISHED or unfurnished; 1739 Friar-pl. Inquire 2d flat, Sunday, Monday, or evenings.

TO RENT—"SAVOY," N. E. COR. LA SALLE-av. and Locust-st.; mod. 8 rm. apt.; $45. Janitor.

TO RENT—MY NEW 4 ROOM FLAT. APPLY 323 Winthrop-av., between 2 and 4 p. m.

Suburban.

TO RENT—AUSTIN—ELEGANT NEW 5 ROOM flat. N. Waller-av. and Iowa-st.; rent $19.

WANTED—FLATS.

WANTED — TO RENT—8 REFINED YOUNG men, strangers, want furnished flat for summer; must be thoroughly modern and reasonable. Address A 282, Tribune office.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT—STORES IN THE DONOHUE & Henneberry Building, 407-429 Dearborn-st.; steam heat, etc.
THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY,
152 Monroe-st.

TO RENT—217 E. 31ST-ST.; A LARGE, LIGHT corner store, near Indiana-av.; reasonable.
JOHN C. McCORD, 185 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—CAFE. FURNISHED; GOOD LOCAtion; good chance for right party. University Hotel, 51st-st. and Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—STORE, 3527 COTTAGE GROVEav.; steam, hot water; $35. Agent at 3537.

West Side.

TO RENT—STORE AND LOFTS FOR MANUfacturing purposes, 69 and 71 N. Desplaines-st. SEYMOUR MORRIS, Room 901, 135 Adams-st.

North Side.

TO RENT—A KITCHEN AND ROOM SUITABLE for chop suey and short orders, connected with a first class saloon. Apply at bar, 82 North State-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—OFFICES AND STOCK ROOMS SUITable for manufacturers' agents; good light, all conveniences; reasonable rent. Medinah Bldg., 5th-av., cor. Jackson-blvd.

TO RENT—FROM JULY 1; DESK SPACE IN OFfice with Lyman, Richie & Co., Room 516 National Life building, 159 La Salle-st. All conveniences. Apply as above.

TO RENT—OFFICES AND STOCKROOMS SUITable for manufacturers and specialties; all modern conveniences; location central. Garden City Block. Phone Main 1514. Room 300, 56 5th-av.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE OFFICES AT 100 La Salle-st. SEYMOUR MORRIS, Room 901, No. 135 Adams-st.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE OFFICES IN DEXTER and Baltimore Buildings, 84 Adams-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES IN THE PULLMAN BLDG. Apply to Agent, Room 728 Pullman Bldg.

TO RENT—OFFICE; STENOGRAPHER, TELEphone; everything convenient. 414, 79 Dearborn.

TO RENT—ASSOCIATION BLDG.; 2 DESIRAble, light offices. Address 742 1st Nat. Bk. Bldg.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE LIGHT OFFICE; LOW rent. Dickey Bldg., 40 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—ELEGANT OFFICES; SINGLE OR en suite. Boyiston Bldg., 269 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—DESK ROOM; ROLL TOP DESK furnished. 207, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT — PRIVATE OFFICE AND DESK room at 59 Dearborn-st. X 484, Tribune office.

TO RENT—DESK ROOM WITH DESK; ALL conveniences. 1460 Monadnock Block.

Floors and Lofts.

TO RENT—FLOORS—340-342 DEARBORN-ST. We have 15,000 square feet in the newly remodeled Medill building, central location, very light; will rent as a whole or part; steam heat, new passenger and freight elevators; ready for occupancy July 15; will rent at fifty cents a square foot.
WYMAN & CO., 1414 First Nat. Bank Bldg. Central 1453.

Manufacturing Property.

TO RENT—2 FLOORS, SEPARATE OR TOGETHer; 4,000 square feet each; steam power, passenger and freight elevators. Call 42 West Quincy-st., between Clinton and Jefferson-sts.

TO RENT—WITH POWER, 3,600 SQ. FT., 1,800 sq. ft., or 900 sq. ft. Domestic Engineering, 64 N. Jefferson-st.

TO RENT—AND FOR SALE—FACTORY, DOCK, warehouse, and switch property. E. W. SANDER & CO., 114 Dearborn-st. Phone Cent. 1496.

TO RENT—AND FOR SALE—FACTORY, DOCK, warehouse, and switch property. E. W. SANDER & CO., 114 Dearborn-st. Phone Cent. 1496.

Barns.

TO RENT—BRICK BARN, WITH 8 STALLS. Janitor, 163 N. Morgan-st., 2d flat, rear.

TO RENT—BUILDINGS.

TO RENT—
25-27 North Clinton-st., new, modern six story and basement building, 60x150; mill construction; corner of alley; the large sliding platform in rear. Passenger and freight elevators. Suitable for manufacturing or warehouse purposes. Rent reasonable.
H. O. STONE & CO.,
Tel. Main 339. 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT — BUILDINGS, STORES, AND floors in all parts of the city. Send for list.
WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FOR FIRST CLASS SALOON, PROMinent downtown location. CAMPBELL INVESTMENT CO., 614-620 Royal Insurance Bldg.

TO RENT—
Two dry basements, 1,200 and 600 ft.; freight elevator; convenient. Main 1514. Room 300, 56 5th-av.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO RENT—SMALL SHIPPING room, 50x40 ft., 2d or 3d floor; freight elevator; state rent; full particulars. Address L H 508, Tribune office.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

CASH REGISTERS AT GREAT BARGAINS. WE also buy and exchange. Repairing and replating promptly attended to. The Watson Second Hand Cash Register Co., Inc., 195 S. Madison-st.

LET US TELL YOU HOW TO GUARD YOUR bank account; a modern device, $5. No check safe without it. Address Stewart Check Protector, Room 62, 99 Randolph-st., Chicago, Ill.

FULL LINE OF DESKS, FILING CABINETS, etc.; old fixtures taken in trade. Call or telephone Harrison 6446. Chicago Safe and Mdse. Co., 200-207-209 S. Clark-st., near Jackson.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF NEW AND 2D hand office and store fixtures; lowest prices in the city. See us first if you care to save money.
F. CASEY'S SONS, 41-47 5th-av.

DESKS, NEW FULL LINE CHAIRS, FIXTURES, etc., carried in stock; call or telephone. H. A. COTTIS & CO., 108 La Salle-st. Tel. Main 2706.

FOR SALE—1 BOOKKEEPER'S HIGH DESK; 1 letter press and stand. A. S. PARK, care of Knapp Bros., 122 Franklin-st.

NEW AND SECOND HAND STORE AND OFfice fixtures bought and sold.
JAC LEDERER, 372-376 Wells-st.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

Caution to purchasers of second hand cash registers.

Some person, often of questionable responsibility, occasionally advertises National cash registers for sale. These registers often have been damaged and altered, and the serial and style numbers found on every genuine National, changed or obliterated to conceal the age and quality of the register, and to make it more difficult for the rightful owners to trace and regain possession of registers stolen or sold without a clear title.

Our records show that over 300 stolen registers have not yet been recovered. Probable purchasers of registers from such people are for their own protection, urged to satisfy themselves in regard to the title of a second hand register before buying it.

If you will refer to us or our local office, we will gladly tell you whether the register has a clear title, or if the number has been changed.

We buy any registers from which the numbers have been removed.

The safest way is to obtain from our local office, or by writing us direct, prices for slightly used or second hand registers carrying with them a clear title and our guarantee.

NATIONAL CASH REGISTER COMPANY
Dayton, Ohio.
Chicago Office,
48-50 State-st.
Telephone Central 1211.

SEWING MACHINES.

DO NOT BUY OR RENT A MACHINE UNTIL you visit our salesroom. Our Eldredge Rotary is now on the market. To try one is to buy it. Our improved Eldredge shuttle machines, from $25 to $50, have still leaders, and our Eldredge Automatic, from $40 to $50, are the most silent running and finest single-thread machines made. All makes machines repaired reasonably. National Sewing Machine Co., 78 Wabash-av. Phone Central 2296.

SAFES.

FOR SALE—THE LARGEST STOCK OF NEW and second hand safes in the city. We are agents for the Hall's Safe Co.'s safes. They are the best in the market. DONNELL SAFE CO., 52 and 54 Wabash-av.

OUR SPECIALTY IS SECOND HAND SAFES; we buy and exchange them; new safes from $15 up. Sabath Safe and Lock Co., 185 E. Lake-st.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

SECURE OUR PRICES BUYING OR SELLING Electric Ry., Telephone, Mining, Industrial and other stocks and bonds. MARK T. LEONARD & CO., Stock Brokers, 1001 Stock Exchange Bldg.

STUTTERING AND STAMMERING.

CHICAGO SCHOOL OF SPEECH CURES STAMmering, etc.; patronized by teachers, lawyers, and doctors. Pamphlet free. 243 Wabash-av.

TYPEWRITERS.

TYPEWRITERS—RENTED AND SOLD.
Desks, Chairs, Supplies, all makes.
Renting a specialty. Repairs well done.
Call and examine large variety or send for catalogue. ROCKWELL-BARNES CO., 207-209 Wabash-av., Chicago.

WE RENT FOX, OLIVER, REMINGTON, Smith Premier, Blickensderfer, and all makes at $2 and up; machines sold at great bargains.
HEINZ & HEINZ, Office Building 54-56 La Salle-st. Tel. Main 2435.

TYPEWRITER BARGAINS—
ALL THE STANDARD MAKES.
Renting a specialty.
WEBSTER COMPANY,
Phone Main 1840. 211 Madison-st.

THE BLICKENSDERFER TYPEWRITER—Price—No. 7, $50; No. 5, $35. One-half what the others ask. Office, 277 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SMITH PREMIER TYPEWRITER. Almost new; must be sold at once. Address J L 315, Tribune office.

LOWEST PRICES

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN ROADS.

*Daily. †Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. §Ex. Sunday. ¶Ex. Monday.

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway Co.

Union Passenger Station. Telephone Main 877. Canal and Adams-sts. City ticket office, telephone Central 8117, 211 Clark-st., corner Adams.

Leave.		Arrive.
* 9:00 pm	Denver Limited—for Colorado and Utah.	* 8:45 pm
*10:30 pm	Overland Express—for Denver, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.	* 7:30 am
* 6:30 pm	Twin City Limited—for St. Paul, Minneapolis.	* 9:00 am
*10:30 pm	Night City Express—for St. Paul, Minneapolis.	* 8:25 am
* 9:00 pm	Kansas City Limited—for Kansas City, St. Joseph.	* 8:00 am
* 9:15 am	Lawrenceburg, Atchison, Peru & Plattsburg, Burlington, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln & Nebraska Express—for Burlington, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln, and Nebraska points.	* 9:00 am
* 9:00 am	Iowa-Nebraska Express—for Burlington, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln, Creston, Council Bluffs and Iowa points.	* 7:30 am
*10:30 pm	Missouri River Express—for Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln & Nebraska points.	* 7:00 am
* 6:30 pm	Northern Limited—for Rochelle, Oregon, Galena, Dubuque, Winona.	* 9:00 am
*10:30 pm	Illinois-Missouri Express—for Quincy, Brookfield, Kansas City, Atchison, and Leavenworth.	* 9:25 am
*10:30 pm	Illinois Local—Chicago to Aledota, Buda, Galesburg, Burlington, Quincy.	* 7:00 am
*11:00 am	Yales City Cables[†][‡] Vermont [†][‡] Moline[†][‡] Davenport[†][‡] Rock Island [†][‡] Clinton [†][‡]	† 9:20 pm
* 6:30 pm	Illinois Local—Chicago to Galesburg, Ottawa, Streator, Rochelle, Oregon, Forreston, Rockford.	† 9:10 pm
* 8:30 am	Northern Illinois Local—Chicago to Rochelle, Oregon, Forreston, Rockford.	† 5:30 pm
* 4:30 pm	Illinois Local—Chicago to Aledota, Ottawa, Streator, Rochelle, Rockford, Sterling.	*10:25 am

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILWAY—THE ONLY WAY. City ticket office, Rector Building, cor. Clark and Monroe-sts. Phone Harrison 4470. Union Passenger Station, Canal-st. between Adams and Madison-sts. Phone Main 2122.

Lv. Chgo.	St. Louis-Springfield trains—Ar. Chgo.
* 9:00 am	Prairie State Express..... * 5:15 pm
*11:30 am	Alton Limited..... * 3:05 pm
* 2:00 pm	Alton Express..... * 7:15 am
* 9:00 pm	Midnight Special..... * 8:05 am
	Peoria-Pekin trains—
*11:45 am	Peoria Express..... † 5:15 pm
* 3:30 pm	Peoria-Chicago Limited..... † 5:04 pm
* 9:00 pm	Midnight Special..... † 7:15 am
	Jacksonville-Kansas City trains—
* 3:30 pm	Kansas City Express..... * 5:15 pm
* 9:00 pm	Kansas City Express..... * 7:45 am
* 9:00 pm	Bloomington-Jacksonville and Mexico Local..... † 5:04 pm
* 2:15 am	Bloomington Special..... *10:35 am

WABASH RAILROAD—DEPOT DEARBORN Station, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket offices, 97 Adams-st. and 24 Congress-st. Telephone, City 4500 (except Sunday). 4500. Depot, H. 755.

Leave.		Arrive.
* 9:00 am	Springfield & Quincy Exp.	* 4:27 pm
*12:00 nn	Chicago & St. Louis Limited to St. Louis and Peoria.....	* 5:32 pm
* 2:30 pm	Peoria & Decatur Accom....	*12:10 pm
* 4:30 pm	Chicago & St. Louis Limited	* 7:30 am
*11:30 pm	St. Louis and Peoria Express	* 8:05 am
* 9:00 pm	Forest Accommodation.....	* 9:47 am
* 5:30 pm	Kansas City Express.....	* 8:50 pm
*11:30 pm	Detroit, Toledo & Buffalo	* 9:50 pm
* 9:00 pm	Detroit N. Falls, N. Y.	* 9:00 pm
* 4:30 pm	Pittsburg Express.....	*10:02 pm
* 2:30 pm	Chattanooga Accommodation	*10:02 am
* 9:00 pm	Detroit, N. Falls & Buffalo Express.....	* 7:15 am
* 4:30 pm	Toronto, Mont., & Can. Ex...	* 9:50 am

EASTERN ROADS.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, N. Y. C. & H. R. AND L. S. & M. S. Ry.—Pullman Palace Cars, Dining Cars, Buffet Parlor Cars. Ticket offices, 119 Adams St. Auditorium and Great Northern Hotels, and stations 12th St. and Park Row, 22d St., 39th St., Hyde Park, 63d St.

Lv. Chicago	At. Chicago
ex 8.45 am	ex 7.30 am
ex 3.00 pm	ex 2.05 pm
ex 5.00 pm	ex 3.30 pm
ex 8.00 pm	ex 9.30 pm
ex 11.45 pm	ex 9.30 pm

(Trains marked "x" pass Niagara Falls.)

Detroit Night Express	* 10.00 pm	* 7.30 am
Kalamazoo and Intermediate	* 3.00 am	† 7.40 pm
Detroit and Main Line	* 8.15 am	† 7.40 pm
Kalamazoo Accommodation	* 5.15 pm	*10.45 am
Lansing, Owosso, Saginaw, Bay City	* 10.30 am	* 7.30 am
Detroit, Saginaw, Bay City	* 10.30 pm	* 8.30 am
Cincinnati, Three Rivers & Air Line Dispatch	† 11.55 pm	9.20 pm
Kalamazoo, Battle Creek, Jackson	† 7.10 am	*10.45 am
Chicago, Joy, and Benton Harbor	† 1.15 pm	2.05 pm
	† 5.15 pm	† 7.40 pm

Via Grand Rapids & Indiana Ry.

Grand Rapids, Petoskey, Harbor Springs, and Mackinaw	* 8.45 am	* 1.15 am
	† 6.15 pm	* 1.15 am
Grand Rapids and Traverse City	† 11.55 pm	† 12.15 pm
	* 8.45 am	* 1.15 am
Grand Rapids Express	* 1.15 pm	* 4.50 pm

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINE—CHICAGO UNION Station, Canal, Adams, Jackson and Madison-sts. Ticket offices at station and at 248 S. Clark-st., corner Jackson and Auditorium Hotel. Trains leave and arrive as follows:

From Chicago to	Leave.	Arrive.
Pittsburg Limited	† 12.00 nn	† 9.00 am
New York Special	* 8.00 am	*8.00 am
Pittsburg, Baltimore, Washington	* 8.00 am	*8.00 am
Pittsburg, Washington	* 10.00 pm	*5.30 pm
Indianapolis and Louisville	*10.00 am	*5.30 pm
Dayton and Cincinnati	*10.00 am	*5.30 pm
Pittsburg, Baltimore, Washington	* 4.00 pm	* 3.00 pm
Philadelphia and New York	*10.00 am	*5.00 pm
Fort Wayne, Manhattan Limited	*11.00 am	*4.00 pm
Fort Wayne, Washington	*11.00 pm	*4.00 pm
Philadelphia and New York	*11.00 am	*4.00 pm
Fort Wayne, Washington	* 2.00 pm	*1.00 pm
New York 16 hour train	* 2.45 pm	*8.55 am
Pittsburg, Baltimore, and Washington	* 3.15 pm	*8.45 pm
Chicago, Fort Wayne & Pittsburg	* 3.30 pm	*8.45 am
Pennsylvania Limited	* 5.30 pm	*8.45 am
Pittsburg and Washington	* 5.30 pm	*8.45 am
Valparaiso and Knox	* 4.15 pm	*9.45 am
Fort Wayne, Youngstown & N. Castle	* 7.00 pm	*8.00 am
Columbus, Zanesville, and the east	* 9.00 pm	*7.10 am
Pittsburg and Washington	* 9.00 pm	*7.10 am
Indianapolis and Louisville	* 9.00 pm	*7.10 am
Pittsburg and the east	* 11.45 pm	*8.00 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

PERE MARQUETTE—GRAND CENTRAL STATION, Harrison and 5th-avs. 200 S. Clark-st. Ticket offices in Auditorium Hotel and annex, Great Northern, Palmer, and Sherman House, Grand Pacific, Englewood (Union station), Grand Crossing, and South Chicago (Pennsylvania stations).

Leave.		Arrive.
* 7:30 am	Pere Marquette-Pruden Express	† 1.15 pm
12:00 n'n	Grand Rapids Limited	† 6.50 pm
* 4.30 pm	Grand Rapids Night Express	* 10.20 am
*11.55 pm	Grand Rapids Night Express	* 6.55 am
12:30 pm	St. Joseph, South Haven, Pullman, Saugatuck and Sat. only	
	Parlor and cafe cars in all day trains. Sleeping car through to Grand Rapids in night express, open at 9:00 p. m.	

GRAND TRUNK RY. SYSTEM—DEARBORN station. Phone Har. 755. City Ticket Office, cor. Clark-st. and Jackson-blvd. Phone Har. 1757.

Arrive.		Depart.
*12:05 am	All trains arrive. Depart. New York and Philadelphia	*7:42 am
* 3:02 pm	Niagara Falls, the Grand Trunk Limited	*2:00 pm
*10:30 pm	Toronto, Montreal, Portland	*7:42 am
* 3:02 pm	Boston, Niagara Falls, Buffalo	*2:00 pm
*10:30 pm	Detroit and Mt. Clemens	*7:42 am
*10:30 pm	Bay City	*9:10 am
*12:05 am	Saginaw and Bay City	*7:42 am
*10:30 pm	Local, Michigan stations	*9:10 am
* 8:03 am	Local, Valparaiso and Harvey	*7:00 pm
*12:02 pm	Local, Valparaiso	*9:10 am
* 3:02 pm	Local, Kalamazoo	*10:25 am

MONON ROUTE—DEPOT, DEARBORN STATION. Ticket offices, 182 Clark-st. and principal hotels. Central 6467. Leave. Arrive.

* 2:45 am	Indianapolis and Cincinnati	*12:00 n'n
* 8:30 am	Lafayette and Louisville	* 5:55 pm
*11:45 am	Lafayette Limited	* 5:00 pm
* 3:30 pm	Indianapolis, Cincin., Dayton	*12:00 n'n
* 5:00 pm	Lafayette Accommodation	* 8:40 pm
* 9:00 pm	Lafayette and Louisville Express	* 7:55 am
* 9:00 pm	Indianapolis, Cincin., Dayton	* 7:25 am
* 9:00 pm	Indianapolis and Louisville	* 7:55 am
	Effective Sept. 25, 1904.	

NICKEL PLATE—NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS R. R. La Salle station, Van Buren and La Salle. Ticket office, 111 Adams-st. and Auditorium Annex. Phone Central 2057.

Leave.		Arrive.
*10:30 am	New York and Boston Express	* 9:15 pm
* 3:22 pm	New York Express	* 2:25 pm
* 9:15 pm	New York and Boston Express	* 7:40 am

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

MAILS WILL CLOSE AT CHICAGO POST OFFICE as follows:

For Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Roumania, Belgium, Cape Colony, Suez, Canada, Marquee, 4:30 p. m.

For Cuba, 7:30 p. m.

For Alaska, 8 p. m.

For Australia, British Columbia, and Northwest Territory, 8 p. m.

For Jamaica, West Indies, 12 p. m.

For Asiatic Russia, France, Germany, Great Britain, Ireland, Italy, Norway, Netherlands, Russia, and Sweden, via S. S. Kronprinz Wilhelm, Monday, 7:30 p. m.

For Hawaii, Samoan islands, Fiji islands, New Zealand, New Caledonia, and Australia, via San Francisco, by S.S. Ventura, Sunday, June 25, 7 p. m.

For Brazil direct, and for Argentina, Uruguay, and Paraguay, via Brazil, 12 p. m.

E. B. COYNE, Postmaster.

"Grouches I Have Nursed," by Hollis W. Field, begins in the Worker's Magazine next Sunday.

MAKING A DESERT BLOOM.

GOVERNMENT AND HARRIMAN LINES RECLAIMING LAND.

Spending Millions to Irrigate Regions That Never Have Produced Crops—Congressional Committee and Railway Officials Now on Tour Over the District—Earnings of the Illinois Central Show an Increase—Burlington Directors Elected.

Between the government and the Harriman lines, the Union and Southern Pacific, and the Oregon Short line, the great arid plains west of the Missouri river are rapidly being reclaimed by irrigation. Congress has appropriated $22,000,000, which is being spent upon the river beds and ditches which are to carry water to the dry districts, and to this the Harriman roads have added almost $1,000,000 more. When this work is all completed, this whole vast area, which always has been unproductive, will be turned into a fertile field, capable of producing grains or other food products, sufficient to sustain millions.

It will be of the greatest benefit to the Harriman lines to have this waste land made fertile, as they are the only roads which enter the territory, and therefore will get the full benefit of the immense tonnage which will be developed. The money is being spent only on that land which is contiguous to the Harriman lines.

In one district of southern California the Southern Pacific has loaned $500,000 to the corporation formed for the purpose of building irrigation ditches to develop the plant.

Committee of Congress on Tour.

Officers of the interested railroads are accompanying the congressional committees which are now on a tour of that region, and every district, whether it be little or big, is being thoroughly inspected.

The committees are made up largely of western members of congress, who are interested in the development of the country. It is believed that this money, which is being spent will result in transforming these vast plains, which have never yielded a dollar's worth of produce, into a garden spot, where cereals and fruits will grow in abundance. Already in places where irrigation has been secured good results have been achieved. The plan to reclaim the country is one upon which E. H. Harriman has worked for many years, and he is taking the greatest interest in the work, realizing that the life of the west means life to the Harriman lines.

Burlington Directors Elected.

At an adjourned meeting of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad company the following directors were elected: Robert Bacon, George F. Baker, George C. Clark, William P. Clough, Norman B. Ream, and Samuel Thorne of New York, George 'B. Harris and John J. Mitchell of Chicago, James J. Hill and James N. Hill of St. Paul, and Charles E. Perkins of Burlington.

Stockholders of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railway company, which is the operating company, met at Burlington at the same time and elected the following board of directors: George C. Clark, William P. Clough, A. T. French, James J. Hill, James N. Hill, George B. Harris, John B. Kennedy, Darius Miller, Charles E. Perkins, George W. Perkins, and Samuel Thorne.

It is to be noticed that by this election the Harriman interests have been entirely obliterated from the directories of the Burlington properties. Not a name appears on either board which can be identified with Harriman lines, and it means, of course, that Hill is carrying out the policy he adopted at the time of the Supreme court decision in the Northern Securities case, that the same person should not be upon the directorates of competing roads. Already the Harriman interests have been dropped from the directories of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern, and now they have been removed from the Burlington.

Illinois Central Earns More.

Earnings of the Illinois Central railroad for the fiscal year ending June 30 promise to be the best in the history of the company. With the remaining days of June estimated the figures will show a gain of something like $400,000 in the net earnings. The net receipts were cut down badly owing to emergency expenditures which the company was obliged to make, owing to the fire at New Orleans, in which the docks, warehouses, and elevators were burned. Vice President Harahan says that he expects that the next twelve months will show a big increase, as the work on the Panama canal increases the traffic of the road.

The Northwestern will begin the summer parlor car service between Chicago and Waukesha today, the car train leaving Chicago at 3 p. m. and returning leaving Waukesha on Sunday at 6:20 p. m.

Michigan Central Differential.

There is to be a meeting of the Chicago Railroad association today, to consider the insertion on the rate sheet of the differential fares awarded by the arbitration committee to the Michigan Central. It is now announced that these rates will go into effect on July 1. Under the rules of the association, unanimous consent is necessary before any rate can be inserted, and the question has arisen as to whether the Grand Trunk will protest the insertion of the Michigan Central rates. It is possible that they will take the stand that the rate, being the result of arbitration, removes it from the class to which the rule applies. Much interest attaches to the meeting.

Appointments Announced.

Circulars have been issued by J. M. Gruber, general manager of the Burlington, announcing the appointment of L. N. Hopkins to the position of purchasing agent, vice George G. Yeomans, resigned, and T. J. Prier to take Mr. Hopkins' place as supply agent.

Cutter to War on Bumboats.

Chicago now has a revenue cutter of its own for the first time since the beginning of the Spanish war, when the Calumet was transferred to the ocean. The new acquisition is only an electric launch manned by a crew of three, but it is expected to make up in activity what it lacks in size. Complaints from yachtsmen and others making use of the south yacht harbor led to orders from Washington detailing Lieut. C. W. Cairnes to Chicago to investigate and suppress the bumboat traffic.

Owes $99,308 and Has Only $93.

Benjamin H. Pratt, formerly with the D. S. Pratt Elastic Tip company, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy yesterday in the federal court. He scheduled debts amounting to $99,308 and assets of $93. He lives at 1251 Michigan avenue. Most of the liabilities date back to 1897, when Pratt was in business.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE FOLLOWING CORPORATIONS WERE chartered yesterday by the secretary of state at Springfield, Ill.:

American Trust and Savings Safe Deposit company, Chicago; capital, $2,000,000; provide safety deposit vaults; incorporators, William P. Clough, Irving J. Stuart, incorporators.

Ottawa Tent Colony, Ottawa; capital, $20,000; tuberculosis institute; incorporators, E. H. Butterfield, H. H. Bayne, incorporators.

Munich studio, Chicago; capital, $7,500; manufacture glass; Max Guiler, L. Holzschuh, D. S. Shanahan, incorporators.

Paddock & Grenoble Hardware company, Chicago; capital, $5,000; Henry Paddock, C. M. Grenoble, G. W. Allen, incorporators.

Bolte & Weyer company, Chicago; capital, $50,000; manufacturing, dealing in machines, fittings; Charles G. Bolte, Henry Hiestand, Henry Stens, incorporators.

Mitsch Manufacturing company, Chicago; capital, $100,000; manufacturer lemon squeezers, merchandise; O. S. Barbles, Frank Kellersman, A. C. Noble, incorporators.

Schwahn Aluminum company, Belleville; capital, $2,500; manufacturing, smelting, engineering, mechanical; H. D. Mehrhoff, William Struthers, Gustave Schwahn, incorporators.

Towarzystwo Szkolek Polskich No. 2, Chicago; not for pecuniary culture; Fabgia Biechgarsth, nor, Pmarla Ormineka, Pahgia Sosnyzska, incorporators.

Miller Hunting and Fishing club, Miley; not for profit, hunting, fishing; John Braun jr., Jacob Feer, Jesse Perry, incorporators.

Bearing Metal company, principal office at Springfield; to be constructed from Decatur via Shelbyville, Mowequa, Taylorville, Mount Auburn, Mechanicsburg, Clarke, Springfield, Feersburg, Oakford, Chandlerville, Beardstown, Rushville, and Mount Sterling to Quincy, Ill., with branches from Springfield to Tabula, and from Petersburg via Fancy Prairie, Sweet Water, and Greenview to Lincoln, and from Springfield to Gratton via Pleasant Prairie, Ashland, Jacksonville, Winchester, and Pittsfield; incorporators and first board of directors, John H. Meiick, George M. Skelly, James S. Sutton, Charles T. Bleck, and Cyrus F. Morrow of Springfield, Ill.; capital stock, $2,500.

Quincy Gas and Electric company, Quincy; name changed to Quincy Gas, Electric, and Heating company; number of directors increased five to seven; capital stock increased from $500,000 to $2,000,000.

Jones, Zolle and Binkert Printing company, Quincy; name changed to Monarch Printing company; number directors increased four to five.

Laurens Hull Lumber company, Chicago; capital stock increased $100,000 to $150,000.

Scott Brothers company, Chicago; capital stock increased $50,000 to $80,000.

MORE JOLIET FRAUDS FOUND IN CONTEST FOR MAYORALTY.

Ballots Are Tampered With Over Night to Secure Election of Former Mayor Crolius.

Joliet, Ill., June 23.—[Special.]—More tampered ballots were found today in the election contest case between Mayor Barr and ex-Mayor Crolius. Thirty-nine additional ballots from the Fifth ward were found that had been changed in the same manner as those found in the Third ward yesterday.

These ballots found today were in a bunch of straight republican votes. The crosses in the republican circles had been made with ordinary black pencils and were apparently made by different men, while in the squares in front of the name of ex-Mayor Crolius were crosses made with an indelible pencil, and apparently by the same person who changed the Third ward ballots.

The new evidence made it plain that the changing of the ballots was done after they had gone into the hands of the city clerk. The judges, clerks, and watchers of both parties at the Fifth ward polling place testified today that the ballots had been tampered with since they left their possession on the night of election. The judges and clerks of the Third ward did the same.

Attorney P. C. Haley, father of Robert Haley, the present city attorney, announced that he would start a fund with $100 as a reward for the arrest of those who made the alterations.

Many believe that City Clerk Berscheid might have been imposed upon at the time the ballots were in his possession and in the vault of the city clerk's office and that some one entered the vault containing the ballots and marked them.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Decrees.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Brentano—238871—Dethloff vs. Dethloff; ord. amdg. dec.—7121—Hoos vs. Roos; dec. div.—94460—Lyon vs. Garrison; defl.; dec.

Judge Kavanagh—3330—Kollsher vs. Kollsher; final dec.—7085—Pack vs. Pack; dec. appty. comrs. —7068—Giles vs. Race; final dec.

Judge Chytraus—6822—Tilt Shoe Co. vs. Madden; lv. to amd. bill and ord. for inj.; int. dec.—6823—Tilt Shoe Co. vs. Madden; dec.

Judge Patton—6915—Hartnek vs. Hartnek; dec. div.

Judge Heard—6029—Aspelmier vs. Aspelmier; dec. div.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Tuley—370—Campbell vs. Stuns; lv. to file suppl. cross bill instr.; dec.—1311?—Parry vs. Vebon; defts.' dec.—8516—Cowan vs. Cowan; dec. distrib.—14361—Ryan vs. Salemins; dec.

Judgments.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Chytraus—225001—Kitty Moore vs. C. C. Ry. co.; on ver.; $50; satisfied.—260406—Lumber co. vs. Lesser Franklin; on ver., $700.—230562—Pauline Welchsner vs. Federal Council U. S. Fraternal Leagues; on ver. $704.90.—229344—Automatic Vending co. vs. J. E. Adams jr.; on ver., $1,113.

Judge Patton—245085—John Murphy vs. city; on findg., $275.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Clifford—260115—Lewis P. Hammond vs. Edward L. Kappelman; mo. n. t. denied and judgt., $64; satisfied.

Judge Honoré—243946—Amelia Jakubowski vs. Gottfried Brg. co.; on findg., $100; satisfied.—260406—Equit. Trust co., as trustee of Joel Ellis, vs. Andrew Dunning; by default, 24 March 21, 1905, for $3,437 revived.—263780—Joseph Dax vs. C. C. Ry. co.; on ver., $220; satisfied.—262903—Mary Tracey vs. John O'Grady; by def., $1,345.70.—262656—Mrs. John Dignan vs. John O'Grady; by def., $323.50.

Judge Thompson—223940—Sarah Corbett vs. city; on ver., $1,000.

COUNTY COURT.

Judge Slusser—22181—Daniels Scenic Studios vs. Minerva co.; dis. as to certn. defts.; on ver., $1,000.

Court Calls for Today.

CRIMINAL COURT.

Judge Brentano—Default divorce cases.

Judge Kavanagh—Default divorce cases, Campbell Parker, 6050, Stark. Lear, Vrigley, 596, Mitchell.

Judge Gary—Motions for new trial, 6354, 10061, 7486, 10237.

Judge Holdom—Motions for new trial, 8730, 7558, 6126, 8744, 8471.

Judge Chytraus—Law motions of course and law contested motions, motions for new trial, 13451, 16144, 16202, 9642, 16220, 16213, 12798, 16754, set motion 243191.

Judge Dupuy—Motions for new trial, 6210, 6514, 6277.

Judge Holdom—Motions for new trial, 9480, 8744, contested motions, 6285, 9379, 5877, 6285, 8256.

Judge Wright—Motions for new trial, 2480, 8456, 4809, 5010.

Jude Patton—Motions for new trial, 2633, 2406.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Tuley—Default divorce cases.

Judge Healy—Default divorce cases.

Judge Clifford—Motions for new trial, 12136, 12136, 11944, 873, 12263, 871, 30629, 28773, 12214, 11680.

Judge Honoré—Law motions of course, Law contested motions, motions for new trial, 13451, Motions for new trial, 27828, 29803. Default divorce cases.

Judge Mack—Set case, Fuss vs. P. G. L. & C. Co.

Judge Walker—Motions for new trial, 30050, 28124, 11693, 26924, 29901, 10628, 12017, 1123094, 29808, 30221, 28280, 10245, 29812, 29795.

Judge Windes—2467. Motions for new trial, 10143, 12645, 11310.

Judge Thompson—No court.

COUNTY COURT.

Judge Carter—28515.

Judge Slusser—Motions for new trial, 21979, 20804.

CRIMINAL COURT.

Judge Barnes—Call not extended.

Judge Chetlain—Call not extended.

Judge Kersten—Motions in 237, 4223, 4044, 4370, 4383.

Judge Tuthill—Call not extended.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Kohlsaat—No court.

Judge Landis—Trial calendar, 23658, 27413, 27414, 27425, 27426, 27483, 27505, 27502, 27611, 27241, 27218.

Judge Anderson—Cases from Judge Landis' call.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

Judge Bethea—Set cases, 9065.

Illinois Supreme Court.

Springfield, Ill., June 23.—[Special.]—Supreme court proceedings today were:

People ex. rel. Healy vs. Thornton; motion by respondent for order on relator to furnish names of witnesses within 5 days denied.

People ex. rel. Healy vs. Arthur G. Waterman; motion for leave to file information allowed; respondent to answer by first day of next term.

People ex. rel. Healy vs. Benjamin F. Mitchell; motion for leave to file information.

Crane vs. Stafford et al.; motion by defendant for leave to cite additional counterparts instanter allowed.

People ex. rel. attorney general vs. A. T. & S. F. ry. company; submitted on briefs and oral argument for appellant by Wm. H. Boyd, and for appellee by James McKeown.

Illinois State Trust company vs. St. Louis Iron Mountain & Southern Ry. company; submitted on briefs and oral argument for appellee by M. L. Clardy.

Graham et al. vs. Deuterman et al.; submitted on briefs.

People ex. rel. Healy vs. Propper; motion to make rule absolute denied; motion to refer to master to take proof allowed; referred to G. F. Rush, master in chancery of the Superior court of Cook county; relator to close Aug. 15, respondent to reply by Sept. 15, relator for Sept. 25 for rebuttal, and report evidence first day of October term.

People ex. rel. Schwartz vs. Nelson W. McLain, superintendent St. Charles Boys' Home; motion for writ of habeas corpus allowed; writ returnable first day of next term as per stipulation.

Enright vs. Gibson; submitted on briefs and oral argument for appellant by Wm. E. Mason.

Brown vs. the people; hearing allowed; submitted on briefs.

Fairbanks et al. vs. Carle et al.; rehearing allowed; submitted on briefs.

Celis et al. vs. Celis Cap. Ind. ry. company; rehearing allowed; submitted on briefs.

Chicago City ry. company vs. Schmidt; rehearing allowed; submitted on briefs.

Opinions were handed down today as follows:

Affirmed—Wells & French company vs. Kaspaczynski; city of Venice vs. Madison County Ferry company; O'Brien vs. People ex rel. Kellogg Switchboard company; Queenan vs. people ex rel. Kellogg Switchboard company; Fischer vs. people ex rel. Kellogg Switchboard company; O'Brien vs. people; Fraternal Army of America vs. Evans; Hartshorn vs. Illinois Valley railway company; Christensen vs. people ex rel. Kellogg Switchboard company; Coleman vs. Coleman; city of Chicago vs. Motto; people ex rel. city of Chicago; P. P. and W. railway company vs. Hammett; Blair vs. Johnson; Linn et al. vs. Browning et al.; Pinkney vs. Weaver; Illinois Third Vein Coal company vs. Coal Coin; Doris vs. Priddle; Lewis vs. Malley et al.; Madison Coal company vs. Hayes; Spiegler vs. city of Chicago; Hinkley, for use of, vs. Champaign National bank; Stern, administrator, vs. Johnson; Johnson et al. vs. Farrell; Rankin vs. Rankin; St. Louis and Southern railway company vs. Smith et al.; Rader vs. city of Chicago; Frank et al. vs. city of Chicago; Pennsylvania Plate Glass company vs. James N. Rice company; South Chicago City railway vs. Kinnare; First National bank of Litchfield vs. Southworth; Christy vs. Elliott; Heintz vs. Denig; Joyce vs. Lindblow; Pinnduff vs. Stern; Everett vs. the people; Volleweider vs. the people; Wistrand vs. the people; Bush et al. vs. city of Peoria; Wilson vs. Cauthaun; Eddy et al. vs. Morgan; Kiebel et al. vs. Keick; in matter of estate of Fannie Speed Wilker vs. Illinois Central railroad; Chicago Terminal railway company vs. Winslow Hall vs. Waterman; city of Chicago vs. McCaughna; Anglo-Wyoming vs. Fields company vs. Miller; Adams vs. McCormack; Williams vs. Bruning; Provident Savings Life Assurance company vs. King; Thompson vs. Calhoun; Tou et al. vs. city of Chicago; Hoe vs. Davis; Hermann vs. Becher; Maxwell et al. vs. Lincoln and Fifth Ward Building and Loan association; Kerting vs. Hatcher; people ex rel. vs. Olsen.

Reversed and remanded—Billings vs. Warren; city of Chicago vs. McCartney (Magruder dissenting); Chicago & Northwestern railway company vs. Polsear drainage district; Michigan Central railway company vs. Spring drainage district; Joliet and Northern Indiana railway company vs. Lockport district; Chicago Union Traction Co. vs. Lauth; Cullen vs. Higgins; People ex rel. vs. Peoria and Eastern railway company; Bowyer vs. people; people ex rel.; Miller vs. people; Sayer et al. vs. Humphrey; Chicago Terminal Transfer company vs. Schintz; Chicago & Northwestern railway company vs. Hostetter; West Chicago park commissioners vs. city of Chicago; Wilder vs. Aurora, De Kalb and Rockford Electric Traction company; Donovan vs. people; Stevens vs. people; Calkins vs. Calkins; Hron vs. people; Heintz et al. vs. Travis; Burke et al. vs. Hulett, admr.

Reversed and remanded, with directions—Pitzal vs. Schneider; Dye et al. vs. Dye.

Affirmed in part and remanded in part—Gage vs. city of Chicago.

TONE OF STOCKS IS GOOD.

ADVANCE IN NEW YORK PRICES CONTINUES UPWARD.

Movement, While Not So Consistent Nor So Marked as on the Previous Day, Is Healthy and Strong—Disposition to Take Profits Appears, but Shorts, on the Whole, Help Gain by Withdrawal of Orders Made Above Level.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, June 23.—[Special.]—On the stock market today the good feeling continued, and the prices made more gains, although the advance was slight. The advance was not so marked nor was the movement so consistent as yesterday, because of the strong disposition to take profits. The operators, however, who appear determined to push up prices, kept at it, and showed no small amount of confidence, taking over the stocks necessary in order to hold the advance. On the other side also the feeling was good, and some short selling orders made above the market were withdrawn owing to the better feeling.

The selling for London account was a special burden today, the foreign markets being unsettled by renewed anxiety over the Moroccan situation. Operators in stocks, however, showed the same disposition to ignore unfavorable factors as for several days past. The prospect of criminal suits in the Equitable Life affair was cited even as helpful to the market.

Both the wheat and cotton markets were decidedly unsettled by reports of conditions against the crops. The granger stocks were prominent in the day's advance. The demand for the Pacifics was accompanied by renewed rumors of a coming dividend on Southern Pacific. The week's currency movement has resulted in a large accumulation here, estimates running to as high as $7,000,000. The buying subsided during the afternoon and the closing was distinctly easy. Bonds were irregular. Total sales, par value, $3,100,000. United States bonds were all unchanged on call.

Close: Prime mercantile paper, 3¼@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange firmer with actual business in bankers' bills at 487.05@487.10 for demand and at 485.15@485.20 for 60 days' bills. Posted rates, 486 and 488. Commercial bills, 485. Bar silver, 59¾. Mexican dollars, 45¼. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds irregular. Money on call easy; highest, 2¾ per cent; lowest, 2; ruling rate, 2¾; last loan, 2¾; closing bid, 2; offered at 2¾. Time loans steady; 60 days, 3 per cent; 90 days, 3¼; six months, 3¾@4.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Closing—June 23
Amal. Cop	54,300	$1	52¾	$1	51¾ 51¾
Am. Chem	300	24	24½	24	24 24
Am. Car & F	400	34¼	34¾	33¾	34¼ 34½
Do pfd	200	98½	98½	98½	98½
Am. Cot. Oil	100	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾
Do pfd	100	98	98	98	98
Am. Ag. Chem	100	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
Am. Hide	700	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
Do pfd	6,100	37	37¾	37	37¼ 37½
Am. Linseed	100	18	18	18	18
Am. Loco	5,900	47¾	48¾	47¾	48¾ 48
Do pfd	500	113	113	112¾	113 113
Am. Malt	100	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
Am. Smelt	26,500	117¼	118	117¼	117¼ 117
Do pfd	200	120½	120½	120½	120½
Am. Sug. Ref	1,100	140¾	140¾	140	140 140¼
Do pfd	100	109	109	109	109
Am. Sugar	3,900	137	137¾	137	137¾ 137¾
Am. Tob	1,400	86	86	85¾	86 86¼
Am. Woolen	2,000	35¼	35¾	35¼	35¾ 35¾
Do pfd	500	105	105	105	105 105¼
Anaconda	5,400	47¾	48¼	47¾	48¼ 47¾
Ass. Mer. 1st pfd	100	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾ 99¾
Atchison	18,500	82¾	83¾	82¾	83 83¾
Do pfd	200	104	104	104	104 104
A. C. Line	1,000	161	161	160	160¾ 163
B. & O	18,500	110¾	111¾	110¾	110¾ 111¾
B. R. T	30,800	67	69¾	67	67¾ 68¾
Brunswick	100	16	16	16	16
Can. Pac	14,500	151	151¾	151	151¼ 152¾
C. & Ohio	2,700	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾ 51¾
C. & Alton pfd	200	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾ 78¾
C. G. W	6,500	19¼	19¾	19¼	19¾ 19¾
Do pfd	100	64	64	64	64
Do pfd "B"	300	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾
C., M. & St. P	15,500	175¾	177¾	175¾	176¾ 176¾
Do pfd	100	180	180	180	180
C. St. P. M. & O	100	180	180	180	180
C. & N

ICKS SELL NIA HOTEL

Property Given i
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Building.

T AT $430,000

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D. Galbraith of Erie, Pa.

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over $600,000. It is now
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with the Chicago Beach
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building is one of the best
in the central business
occupied for many years
Scott & Co., with their
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Co.'s wholesale house was
corner of Madison and

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on Franklin, and is fou
story building erected in
estimated as worth some
$25,000 as the value of the
the rate of $5,247 a front
ison street front and $28
ds is regarded as a good

report on crop conditions for the
generally favorable, the Modern
considered bullish. Argentine ship-
were liberal, 2,816,000 bu, compared
,192,000 bu last year, but Liverpool
were ¼d to ⅝d higher and Paris ½c

was a big trade in the pit, local
ern and northwestern shorts cov-
ering through Logan-Bryan, Ware-
Baggett, Rankin, Barrell, and oth-
Bartlett-Rankin were large buy-
kin adding to his long line. Watson
sold 1,000,000 bu September, Knee-
ld over 1,000,000 bu July and Septem-
bought back most of the September
t five minutes of the session. There
open selling by Pringle and Ar-
the bulge. Of the local bulls Champ-
Comstock were buyers. Bartlett-
Ware-Leland, Lake, and other com-
houses sold on the late bulge.

Corn Prices Yield.

prices, which have held stubbornly
final days in the face of heavy liquida-
ally yielded yesterday under the
more liquidation and more liberal
After a little early spurt to 55¼c
turned weak, selling down 1½c and
at 54⅞c on sellers, a loss of 1c. New
about as much and the September
lost ⅝c.

fact that receipts were 591 cars, or 144
s of the estimate, and the later esti-
of 633 cars as the day's arrivals, en-
ed selling pressure. Country sales to
were only moderate, but a good deal
is being consigned and receipts are
to keep liberal for some days. Cash
broke ½c to 1c under the heavy ar-
and, in view of the break, shipping de-
was only fair, sales 240,000 bu.
receipts were 587,000 bu, compared
,000 bu a year ago. Clearances were
bu, export sales at seaboard 48,000 bu.
shipments were 2,136,000 bu, com-
with 2,526,000 bu last year. Liverpool
were ½d higher.

heavy selling of July was by Bartlett-
and it continued throughout the
There was other commission liqui-
with the buying harder to trace, al-
Kidston and Pringle took some.
break. The September futures were
because of less pressure and sup-
by Comstock, the leading holder.

Oats Are in Demand.

was a firm tone in oats in spite of
prices in the corn pit, and at the close
showed an advance of ¼c, at 32¾c
and September a gain of ⅜c, at 30⅝c.
receipts, wet weather, and the buying
1,000,000 bu by a local operator gave
it its strength. There was an ad-
of ⅛c in prices on the sample tables,
shipping demand was moderate
150,00 bu. At the seaboard export-
to 100,000 bu, and there were clear-
23,000 bu. Receipts were 110 cars
are estimated for today. A fair num-
of complaints of too much rain were
The best buying was by Kidston,
took July, September, and December,
the latter, and supposedly for Howe.
Grain company bought September
and December. There was scattered
by commission houses, McReynolds,
and others.

Provision Prices Buoyant.

were firm, but inactive early,
ations were firm, at times slightly
fering light and scattered buying in
based on the advance of 5c in prices
yards. Later, however, the market
stirred up by Gregson and others, who
lard and ribs and sent local shorts to
At the close pork was 12½@15c above
previous close, lard 5@7½c higher, and
ribs higher. There was buying by Far-
Bailey, Weil, and Tietjens, the last
selling on the advance. The bulk of the
came from Congdon-Steever, who
lard, and Boyd-Lunham ribs, the lard
to be for Cudahy. Local hog re-
were 16,000 head and 12,000 are esti-
for today. At the western markets
were receipts of 61,400 head, compared
38,300 last week, and 46,000 last year.
demand was fair. Liverpool quoted
to 6d higher.

Rye, Barley, and Seeds.

rket steady; July 66c and September
bid. No. 2, carlots, bold at 75c f. o. b.
were no receipts.
was unchanged; melting sales from
to 36c and screenings from 25c to 42c.
were 5 cars.
was steady and dull. No 1
Northwest was $1.43 and No. 1 $1.25.
were was $1.50 asked. Receipts were
at Minneapolis, 2 at Duluth, and none

seed ruled firm on unfavorable
of the condition of the crop. Sep-
was $3.25 bid and June $3.00 bid.
lots ranged from $2.00 to $3.00, ac-
to quality. June closerseed was
at $11.75@12.25.

Range of Active Futures.

WHEAT.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Closing—June 23.	June 22.
July	83@83½	85¼	83	83¼	84
September	84@84⅝	85¾	84	85¼@⅜	84¾
December				86¾	85¾

CORN.

May	53⅝@54	55¼@¾	53⅝	53⅝@¾	54⅜@⅝
July	55@55⅛	56⅝	55¼	55¾	54⅝
September	53¾@53⅝	54⅝	53⅛	53⅝@¾	53⅝@54
December	45⅞@46	46	45¾	45¾	45⅞@46
January	46⅛@⅜	46⅜	46	46⅛	46⅜

OATS.

May	32@32¼	33¼	32	32¼	31⅝@32
July	31¾@32	32⅝	31¾	32⅛	31⅝@32
September	30⅜@30½	31	30⅜	30⅝	30⅜@30½
December	30⅛@30¼	30⅜	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛@30¼

MESS PORK.

July	12.50	12.60	12.50	12.47½
Sept.	12.82½	12.97½	12.80	12.95	12.80

LARD.

July	7.22½	7.30	7.22½	7.30	7.22½
Sept.	7.42½	7.52½	7.42½	7.50	7.42½

SHORT RIBS.

July	7.87½	7.97½	7.87½	7.97½	7.55
Sept.	7.80	7.90	7.77½	7.90	7.77½
Oct.	7.85	7.92½	7.85	7.92½	7.82½

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	Standard.	No. 3.	Low grade.	Total.
Spring wheat	...	...	...	...	1
Corn	166	...	270	155	591
Oats	16	18	61	15	110
Rye	...	...	...	...	...
Barley	...	...	2	3	5
Totals	182	18	333	174	707

Inspected out—Wheat—No. 2 hard, 36,050 bu; No. 2 red, 7,000 bu; No. 1 northern, 2,200 bu. Corn—No. 2, 15,900 bu. Loaded from unlicensed elevators—Wheat—Winter, 3 cars and 1,920 bu; No. 2 red; spring, 1 car No. 1 northern, 1 car No. 4. Corn—32 cars and 95,000 bu No. 2 yellow, 16 cars and 1,375 bu No. 3 yellow, 3 cars No. 2 white, 1 car and 14,500 bu No. 2, 740,000 bu No. 3. Oats—6 cars No. 3 white, 3 cars No. 2, 6 cars No. 3 white clipped.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Firm. Hard spring [favorite brands]: $6.20@6.40; hard winter patents [in wood], $5.50@5.70; straight [export bags], $4.90@5.00; clear [export bags], $3.60@4.00; soft winter patents [export bags], $4.20@4.30; straight, $4.00@4.10; hard winter patents [export bags], $4.20@4.30; clear [export bags], $3.50@3.90; rye flour, brls, $4.00@4.35; sacks, $3.50@3.90.

WINTER WHEAT—Dull, but up with futures. Sales in store and to go: 15,000 bu No. 2, hard at $1.06; mixed lots, 27,000 bu.

SPRING WHEAT—Higher. Sales free on board: No. 1 northern, $1.18.

CORN—Prices ½@1c lower. Sales in store and to go: 275,000 bu for shipment on p. t. Sales free on board: No. 2 yellow, 54½@55c; No. 3, 54@54⅜c; No. 3 yellow, 54½@55c, No. 2, 54¾@55c; No. 3 yellow, 54½@55c; No. 2 yellow, 54¾@55½c; No. 3 white, 54½@54⅝c; No. 2 white, 54¾@54¾c; No. 3 white, 54¾@54⅞c; No. 2 white, 55@55½c.

OATS—Steady to ¼c higher. Sales in store and to go: 150,000 bu for shipment on p. t. Sales free on board: No. 4, 30@31c; No. 4 white, 31½@32c; No. 3 white, 32@33c; standard, 32¾@33c; No. 2 white, 33@33½c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 32c; No. 3 white, 32½@33c; standard, 32½@33½c; No. 2 white, 33@33½c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 31c; No. 3 white, 32¼@33c; standard, 32½@33½c; No. 2, 31c; No. 2 white, 33@33½c.

RYE—Steady. Sales free on board: No. 2, 78c.

BARLEY—Steady. Sales free on board or switched, by sample: Screenings, 37@39c; barley, 44@48c.

PROVISIONS—Cash lots: Pork, $12.55@12.60; lard, $7.22½@7.25; ribs, $7.65@7.75.

BEEF PRODUCTS—Quiet and steady. Prices quotable as follows: Beef bams, $18.75@19.00; extra mess beef, $9.00@9.50; plate beef, $9.75@10.25; extra plate beef, $10.25@10.75; tallow steady at 5¼@5¾c for edible; 5@5¼c for prime packers; 4⅝@4¾c for No. 1 do; and 3½@3⅝c for No. 2 do; 4¼@4¾c for city renderers; 4⅝@4¾c for prime country; 3½@3⅝c for No. 2 do. Oleo-stearine in moderate demand and quotably steady at 7¾@7½c.

GREASE—Quiet and steady at 3¼@3¼c for brown, 3⅝@3¾ for yellow, 3¾@3¾c for house, 4@4¼c for B white, and 4½@4¾c for A white.

COOPERAGE—Offerings fair and demand light. Ash pork barrels, 87½@90c; oak pork barrels, 92½@95c; lard tcs, $1.17½@1.20. No sales reported.

WHISKY—Steady, basis of $1.25 for finished goods.

DOMESTIC PRODUCE MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Wheat—Receipts, 7,800 bu. Spot firm and closed irregular at 1@1¼c net advance. July closed 86¾c; September closed 86¼c; December closed 89¼c.

Corn—Receipts, 32,250 bu; exports, 11,716 bu. Spot easy. The option market was quiet and generally weaker, closing ¼@¾c net lower. July closed 59¼c; September closed 58¾c.

Oats—Receipts, 22,500 bu; exports, 25,338 bu. Spot firm; mixed oats, 29@32 lbs, 35½@36c; natural white, 30@32 lbs, 36@38c; clipped white, 38@40 lbs, 37@40½c.

Cotton seed oil—Irregular; prime crude, 21¾c; do yellow, 28¼@28½c.

Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining, 3¾@3 11-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 5-16c; molasses sugar, 3¼@3 7-16c; refined easy.

Quotations on Cotton.

Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 10 points higher; middling uplands, 9.30c; middling gulf, 9.55c. Sales, none. Futures opened firm and closed steady.

	Previous			
	High.	Low.	Close.	close.
June	8.80	8.69	8.69	8.73
July	8.85	8.73	8.75	8.79
August	8.84	8.81	8.81	8.84
September	8.94	8.83	8.85	8.92
October	9.00	8.86	8.88	8.96
November	9.00	8.86	8.93	8.96

Quotations on Coffee.

Coffee—Spot Rio steady; mild quiet; futures opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 10 points, but was finally firm at a net advance of 5@15 points; sales, 32,250 bags.

	Previous				
	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	close.
July	6.30	6.35	6.20	6.20	6.25
September	6.50	6.60	6.50	6.50	6.45
October	6.60	6.65	6.60	6.60	6.55
December	6.80	6.85	6.80	6.85	6.75
January	6.80	6.90	6.80	6.85	6.80

Cotton in Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, June 23.—Cotton—Spot in moderate demand; prices 14 points higher; American middling fair, 5.55d; good middling, 5.23d; middling, 5.05d; low middling, 4.80d; good ordinary, 4.73d; ordinary, 4.55d. Sales, 8,000 bales. Futures opened steady and closed steady.

Foreign Produce Market.

LIVERPOOL, June 23.—Wheat—Spot, nominal; futures, steady; July 6s 10¼d; September, 6s 8¾d; December, 6s 8d. Corn—Spot, firm; American mixed, 5s ½d; futures, firm; July, 4s 8¾d; September, 4s 7½d.

Western Grain Markets.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 23.—Wheat—July closed, $1.09; September, 90¾c; December, 87c. Cash wheat was in fair demand; July closed $1.08; September, 90¾c. On track, No. 1 hard, $1.14; No. 1 northern, $1.12. Flax—Market steady and unchanged. Closing prices were $1.46¾. Bran—In bulk, $12.75@13.00.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 23.—Wheat—Firmer; No. 1 northern, $1.11½@1.14. Rye—Steady; No. 1, 83c. Barley—Steady; No. 2, 51c; sample, 40@50¼c. Oats—¼c higher; standard, 33c. Corn—¼c lower; No. 3, 54¼@55c; July, 53¾c bid.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 23.—Close: Wheat—Higher; No. 2 red, cash, elevator, 93½c; track, $1.06; No. 3 hard, $1.00@1.07. Corn—Lower; No. 2 cash, 52½c; track, 53¼c. Oats—Steady; No. 2 cash, 31c; track, 31½c.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 23.—Close: Wheat—July, 81¼c; cash No. 2 hard, 90@91.00; No. 3, 90@98c; No. 2 red, 90@98c. Corn—July, 49½@49¾c; cash No. 2 mixed, 51½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 32@32½c.

PEORIA, Ill., June 23.—Cash corn—Lower; No. 3 yellow, 54c; No. 3, 54c; No. 4, 53c; no grade, 51@51¼c. Oats—Higher; No. 3 white, 32c; No. 4 white, 31@31¼c.

TOLEDO, O., June 23.—Cloverseed—October, $5.52½; prime alsike, $7.40; August alsike, $6.50; prime timothy, $1.53½.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

The hog market at the stockyards showed continued activity yesterday. Values advanced another 5c. The gain was steady to the close, and the demand brought an early clearance of offerings. A sale was made at $5.42½, but this was exceptional and the general top was $5.40.

More steadiness was apparent in the market for cattle. The light receipts were quickly sold out. The bulk of the receipts was steers. Few sales were made above $5.25 and only local buyers were in the market. Butcher cattle generally were steady. Stockers and feeders were dull. Calves were steady.

The sheep and lamb markets showed an improved tone. Spring lambs especially were in request. One lot sold up to $7.60. The gain was less apparent, however, in the medium and common springers. The demand for feeding sheep improved.

Cattle.

The cattle market developed more steadiness and offerings were cleaned out early. Quotations:

Choice to prime steers	$5.60@6.00
Common to good steers	4.25@5.60
Inferior to common steers	3.75@4.25
Fair to good cows and heifers	2.75@4.50
Fair to choice feeders	4.25@4.50
Fair to choice stockers	3.00@4.30
Good cutting to fat beef cows	2.50@3.50
Common to good canning cows	1.40@2.00
Bulls, poor to choice	2.75@4.00
Calves, common to fair	3.00@6.25
Calves, good to choice	5.50@6.50

Hogs.

Hog values advanced 5c. The gain was steady to the close. Quotations:

Good to choice shipping	$5.30@5.40
Good to choice butcher weights	5.30@5.40
Good to choice heavy mixed	5.25@5.35
Heavy packing	5.25@5.32½
Light mixed	5.30@5.40
Good to choice 185@250 lb weights	5.30@5.40
Choice to prime heavy	5.30@5.42½
Poor to choice pigs	4.50@5.20

HOG PURCHASES.

Anglo-Am	1,500	S. & S.	1,900
Armour & Co.	1,500	R. & G.	200
Boore & Co.	450	Small pack. & but.	600
Boyd, Lunham & Co.	900		
Continental	500	Total	10,750
G. H. Ham. Co.	600	Shippers bought	4,500
N. Morris & Co.	800	Left unsold	2,000
Swift & Co.	1,700		

Sheep and Lambs.

The market for sheep and lambs was active. Spring lambs particularly were in demand. Quotations:

Export wethers	$4.70@4.95
Fair to prime wethers	4.75@5.10
Fair to fancy ewes	4.40@4.80
Yearlings, fair to fancy	5.35@5.60
Culls, ewes, poor to fair	7.25@4.60
Bucks and stags	2.50@4.50
Native lambs, medium to prime sorts	5.25@6.55
Native lambs, culls and fair class, shorn	4.25@5.25
Western lambs, shorn	5.25@6.55
Western lambs, medium to prime	6.50@6.75
Western lambs, poor to fair	5.25@6.25

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Beeves—Receipts, 2,845. Slow, but prices steady. Calves—Receipts, 184. Veals selling more freely, but at low figures. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 3,504. Sheep steady; good to choice lambs firm. Hogs—Receipts, 1,167. Easy.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 23.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,100, including 500 southerns. Steady to shade lower. Hogs—Receipts, 6,000. Opened 2½@5c higher. Closed easy. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000. Steady.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 23.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,000, including 800 Texans. Strong. Hogs—Receipts, 6,000. Market 5c higher. Sheep—Receipts, 1,800. Steady.

SOUTH ST. JOSEPH, Mo., June 23.—Cattle—Receipts, 245. Dull to steady. Hogs—Receipts, 6,390. Strong to 5c higher. Sheep—Receipts, 356. Steady.

OMAHA, Neb., June 23.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,000. Market 10c higher. Hogs—Receipts, 13,000. Strong to 5c higher. Sheep—Receipts, 2,300. Steady.

BLOW TO TRACTION STOCK

RESUMPTION OF STATE OF WAR WITH CITY HURTS VALUES.

American Trust and Savings Bank People Incorporate Company to Finance Building Project—Talk of Payment of Dividend on Southern Pacific—Annual Report of North American Company—Estimate of Steel Corporation Earnings.

What looked like a hopeful situation for the local street railroad securities ten days ago has suddenly changed, and all that could have been said then in favor of better prices no longer obtains. At the moment it is again the old state of warfare between the city and the companies. It was understood ten days ago that the mayor looked favorably on the proposition of the companies, as submitted to the committee on transportation on Thursday.

If the legal contest is to be continued, and the city is to parallel lines and build on others whose franchises have expired, there is little left to encourage security holders in the properties. At no time since the controversy began have conditions appeared more adverse from the viewpoint of traction security values.

American Trust and Savings.

The American Trust and Savings Safe Deposit company was incorporated at Springfield yesterday by officers of the American Trust and Savings bank. The capital stock authorized is $2,000,000. The incorporation is for the purpose of financing the bank's new building plans.

While it is probable bonds will be issued, as has been decided to do in the case of the Commercial National, President Potter of the American Trust said yesterday the matter would not be decided until some time next week.

Southern Pacific Dividend Talk.

Talk of the payment of a dividend on Southern Pacific common is new of a pronounced character, and deserves more credence than previous rumors. The probability of a dividend operated to advance both Southern and Union Pacific shares.

While the New York talk did not suggest the rate of distribution, one of the local commission houses had some information that it would be 3 per cent.

North American Company.

In his annual report President Wetmore of the North American company says, among other things:

"From two of its most important investments the North American company has not yet received dividends, the surplus earnings, otherwise applicable thereto, having been devoted to construction work not yet completed.

"In accordance with the authority granted at a special meeting of the stockholders of the company, its capital stock was increased from $17,000,000 to $30,000,000. Of the increased stock authorized, 71,045 shares were sold at par for cash, 55,310 shares were issued at par directly in part payment for shares of the Union Electric Light and Power company and the Laclede Gas company, and 3,645 shares remain unissued at the report.

"Of the cash received from the sales of stock, after paying the loans appearing in the balance sheet of Dec. 31, 1904, and completing payment for the interests specified in the extract above quoted, a balance of approximately $2,500,000 remained applicable to the future uses of the company, thus placing it in possession of sufficient cash working capital."

In order to supply for an indefinite period the company's needs in the matter of fuel, the North American company has concluded contracts for the purchase of lands and mineral rights, 22,000 acres in the coal fields situated at the junction of the Ohio and Tradewater rivers, in western Kentucky. Mr. Wetmore continues:

"A new corporation has been formed to acquire title to the properties purchased under the name of the West Kentucky Coal company. It is proposed to finance this company largely by an issue of first mortgage bonds, and that it shall enter into contracts with the St. Louis companies for the constant supply of all the coal that they may require during a long period of time."

Financial Notes.

The Southern Power company has been incorporated at Trenton, N. J., with $7,500,000 capital, of which $2,500,000 is 7 per cent cumulative preferred stock and $5,000,000 common. The company is to furnish power for light and heat.

The Twin City Rapid Transit company has applied to the New York stock exchange to list $1,000,000 additional common stock.

Bank Statement Forecast.

Known movements of money indicate for the week ended with the close of business on Thursday a gain in cash by the New York banks of approximately $7,000,000. Of this amount $3,360,200 represents the net increase in cash received from the interior, and the banks gained in addition $3,331,000 from the subtreasury.

United States Steel Earnings.

Wall street estimates that net earnings of the United States Steel corporation for the first half of the calendar year—estimating April, May, and June—will be at least 65 per cent greater than for the first half of 1904, 13½ per cent less than for the first half of 1903, and 18½ less than for the first half of 1902. Net earnings by months for the first half of the last four calendar years, give the following comparisons:

	1905.	1904.	1903.
January	$ 6,810,547	$ 2,868,213	$ 7,427,775
February	6,540,073	3,760,361	7,750,361
March	9,585,586	5,800,000	9,912,571
April	*10,400,000	6,865,833	16,906,204
May	*10,400,000	6,256,518	12,744,324
June	*10,400,000	6,370,374	12,850,000
Total	$54,225,896	$32,699,611	$61,570,235

*Estimated.

Railway Earnings.

WABASH RAILROAD.

	Earnings.	Increase.
May—Gross	$ 1,860,159	$ 28,905
Operating expenses	1,073,325	236,085
Net	186,834	*204,990
From July 1—		
Gross	22,761,738	1,766,175
Operating expenses	18,867,155	2,667,579
Net	3,804,583	*901,404

*Decrease.

Dividends Declared.

The Texas Central railroad company has declared a semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent on preferred stock, and also a dividend of 5 per cent on common, both payable July 15. Books close July 5, and reopen July 17.

The John B. Stetson company has declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent on preferred stock and an interim dividend of 10 per cent on common stock, payable July 15. Books close July 8, and reopen July 16.

The Washington Water Power company of Spokane has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent, payable July 1 to holders of record June 20.

New York Curb Transactions.

	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amp. Can	200	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾
Bay State Gas	100	3	3	3	3
Amn. W. Paper pfd	100	22½	22½	22½	22½
Beth. Steel pfd	120	77¾	77¾	77¾	77¾
B. C. Copper	200	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
Cent. La. W. I.	1,200	46	46	46¾	45
Do pfd	900	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾
Chicago Subway	1,125	69¾	70	69¾	69¾
G. Copper	1,800	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾
G. Gold	2,500	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
G. H. Ham. Co.	400	203	203	203	203
Mackay Co.	150	39¼	39¼	39¼	39¼
Mackay Co. pfd	900	104¾	105	104	105
Tor. Sec.	100	25	25	24¾	24¾
Seaboard A. L., new	420	26	26	24¾	24¾
Do 1st pfd, w. l.	1,000	85¼	85¼	85¼	85¼
Un. Copper	2,100	24	24¼	23	23
	BONDS.				
$83000 Cont. La. 5s, w. l.		99¼	99¼	99	99

*And interest.

Closing Bid and Asked Prices.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Writing Paper	4¾	4¾
Bay State Gas	2½	2¾
American Tobacco	3	3
Compressed Air	20	21
Electric Boat	70	75
Do pfd.	...	¼
Electro Pneumatic	15	17
Electric Vehicle	20	22
Do pfd.	70	75
Havana Tobacco	2½	3
Do pfd.	23	30
Int'l Mercantile Marine, com.	10¾	11
Do pfd	29½	30
Manhattan Transit	...	⅜
Montreal and Boston	9-16	⅝
N. Y. El. Veh. Trans.	3	5½
Northern Securities	160	165
Otis Elevator	60	62
Do pfd	33	38
Pittsburg and Bessemer	63	75
Do pfd	108	111
Royal Baking Powder pfd	19½	20
Seaboard Air Line	23½	24
Do pfd	29	30
Standard Oil	620	630
Standard Coupler	20	30
Do pfd	120	135
Tenn. Copper	38¼	39
Bethlehem	30	35¾
Safety	250	300

Foreign Exchange.

The market yesterday was steady, with quotations practically unchanged. Actual sterling rates for bankers' sixty day bills were 4.85156@4.8525; demand, 4.8710@4.8720; cable transfers, 4.8740@4.8750; sight francs, 5.15⅛ less 3-64@5.16¼; short marks, 95 3-16 plus 1-32@95⅝.

Following are the posted rates of the principal drawers of foreign exchange:

Sterling	4.86
Paris, francs	5.15⅞
Berlin, reichsmarks	95⅞
Amsterdam, florins	40⅞
Zurich, francs	5.16¼
Genoa, lire	5.16⅞
Antwerp, francs	5.16¼
Stockholm, kroners	27
St. Petersburg, rubles	51⅝
Vienna, kronen	20.40

Approximate rates for demand drafts on the orient:

Hongkong	46.35
Manila	50
Shanghai	65¾
Yokohama	50
Singapore	50¾

American Street Railway Investments.

"American Street Railway Investments" (the electric traction "red book") for 1905 has just been issued by the McGraw Publishing company of 114 Liberty street, New York, publishers of the Street Railway Journal. This is the twelfth annual edition of this manual, which is recognized as the authority on financial statistics of American street railway companies. The book contains 415 pages of statistical matter and is fifty-three pages larger than the edition of 1904. This increase has been due in part to the addition of reports from new roads, but more largely to the fact that many roads have furnished a statement of earnings this year, from which such figures have not heretofore been obtainable. Among the new features in the manual this year is an increase in the index, which is bound in the back of the book. Heretofore only the names of the companies reported have been included in the index. This year the index has been enlarged to include the names of all underlying companies which have bonds outstanding, even though the company may not at this time have any separate corporate existence. This enables investors to refer readily to the report of the company which now operates the road of any former company.

Personal Mention.

William H. Davies, assistant manager of the Chicago branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia, has been appointed manager of the Boston branch, and left yesterday to assume his new duties.

Chicago Stocks.

Local stocks were again steady. Shipbuilding common has been influenced by the decision of the directors not to take action on the resumption of dividends until July or August.

The following were the sales on the Chicago stock exchange yesterday:

	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	450	11⅝	11¾	11½	11½
Do pfd	200	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾
Am. Shipbuilding	140	53¼	53¾	53¼	53¾
Chicago Subway	475	70	70¾	69¾	69¾
C. & Oak Park El.	100	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
Diamond Match	25	140¾	140¾	140¾	140¾
Illinois Brick	50	62	62	62	62
Met. Elevated	25	25½	25¾	25½	25¾
Do pfd	150	87½	87½	87	87½
National Biscuit	192	63	63¾	63	63¼
Do pfd	100	117	117	117	117
National Carbon	10	83	83	83	83
N. W. Elevated	150	22½	22½	22½	22½
Quaker Oats	40	80	81	80	81
Do pfd	140	94	94	94	94¼
South Side El.	5	95	95	95	95
Swift & Co.	100	107¾	107¾	107¼	107¾
Union Stockyard	150	18	18	17¾	18
Do pfd	150	94	94	94	94

BONDS.

$2000 Met El gold 4s	94¼	$18000 S S El 4½s	...	108¾	

CHICAGO EXCHANGE CLOSING.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Can	11¾	11¾	Met L	24¼	26
Do pfd	69¾	69¾	Do pfd	66¼	67
Biscuit	63	63¼	Do pfd	94¾	95
Do pfd	117	117¾	N W El	22½	23¾
Boxboard	1¾	1¾	Do pfd	63¼	63
Do pfd	10	10	Ogden	94	94¾
Carbon	65	66	No Chgo	64	70
Do pfd	117	120	Pneu Tool	44¾	45
Chi City Ry	190	200	Quak Oats	80¾	81
Chi Subway	69¾	69¾	Do pfd	94	94¾
Dia Match	140	140¾	Swift's	107¾	108
Edison	158	160	Title & Tr	100	102
E C Ry & L	4¾	...	Un Tract	7¾	8¼
Do pfd	35	38	Do pfd	33	38
Do bonds	100¼	100¾	West Chgo	45	50
Lake St	8½	...	Do con 5s	...	86

Clearings in Chicago yesterday were $22,022,783, and a week ago $33,230,000.

New York exchange sold yesterday in Chicago at 25c premium.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

Boston, Mass., June 23.—There was little buying from outside in the Boston exchange today, fair arbitrage business done because of frequent changes.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Alloues	1,272	24	24¾	24	24¾
Amalgamated	35,481	81	83	81	81¾
Arcadia	20	1	1	1	1
Atlantic	20	13	13	13	13
Bonanza	625	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
Boston	250	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
Calumet	...	645	645	645	645
Cent. Oil	50	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
Centennial	115	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Con. Mercur	50	30	30	30	30
Copper Range	1,550	70¾	71	70¾	70¾
Daly West	50	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼
Dom. Iron & Steel	10	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾
Franklin	10	27	27	27	27
Granby	400	57	57	57	57
Greene	1,110	22¾	23	22¾	23
Guanajuato	200	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Isle Royale	460	19	19¼	19	19¼
Michigan	300	9	9	9	9
Mohawk	...	50¼	50¾	50¼	50¾
Old Dominion	10	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾
Osceola	100	107	107	107	107
Parrott	200	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾
Phoenix	100	70	70	50	60
Santa Fe	100	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
Shannon	310	7¾	8	7¾	8
Tecumseh	25	22	22	22	22
Trinity	...	...	...	...	12
U. S. Oil	175	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
U. S. Mining	855	29¼	29¾	29¼	29¾
United Copper	150	24¼	24½	23¾	24¼
*Utah	2,397	44¼	44½	43¾	44¼
Victoria	145	15	15	15	15
Winona	100	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
Wolverine	100	110	110	110	110
Amer. Agri.	850	23¾	24¾	23¾	24¼
Do pfd	30	90	90	90	90
Amer. Pneumatic	485	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
Do pfd	695	30	30	29	30
Amer. Woolen	1,315	35¾	35¾	35¼	35

GREATEST ACTUAL TEST OF BURNING FUEL OIL IN THE CENTRAL WEST WILL BE MADE AT REFINERY OPENING JULY 4.

Refinery Stock Will Be Advanced at Least 20 Per Cent July 3, and Present Allotment of Stock May All Be Sold Before That Date—Better Telegraph Your Orders.

Company Now Owns and Controls 78 Oilers, Four Pumping Plants and Over 17,000 Acres of Oil Lands in Labette, Montgomery and Elk Counties—Has Quarter of a Million Dollar Refinery Practically Completed, Franchises for Pipe Line to Navigable Waters, With Miles of Pipe Arriving Daily.

Upwards of Thirty Miles of Laterals Pipe Lines Completed.

Pipe lines now run from the refinery in every direction connecting the greater part of the Cherryvale field. Every minute, hour and day the oil is pouring from the various fields into the refinery storage tanks. Other lines are being laid and soon over 200 wells will be connected up with the refinery tankage.

Photo of Solid Train of Pipe for Uncle Sam Pipe Line Pulling Out of Wheeling, W. Va., Wednesday, June 14, En Route for Kansas. White Spots Are Banners on Engine and Cars.

The above photo was taken about a week ago at Wheeling, W. Va. The Uncle Sam company is securing the pipe for the Kansas City pipeline from the Wheeling Steel and Iron works of Wheeling, W. Va. This is the greatest independent pipe company in the United States. Write to them and they will tell you that they are rushing their shops to crowd our shipments of pipe, as the Uncle Sam company now has the first big refinery completed, and will turn all its attention to the pipeline and will soon crowd her to completion. Remember that the very minute that the pipeling reaches Kansas City you will not be able to buy the stock that you can now secure at $80 per thousand shares at even six times that price. There is a banner on each side of each car of pipe in this train and the Uncle Sam pipe constitutes the entire train.

See That Train of Pipe, Boys!

THE Uncle Sam company have just what they have advertised from the start and are making special efforts to assist people to come to Cherryvale and see for themselves. They have gladly joined hands with the Cherryvale fire department to hold one of the greatest celebrations ever known in southern Kansas. Special trains will bring in thousands of business men who will combine business with pleasure on July 4, and join Kansas in dedicating this great independent refinery, one that has over 1,000 Kansas stockholders, has the moral support of practically the entire state and is receiving unlimited financial aid from all over the United States.

SPECIAL trains will be run into Cherryvale from all directions. From Winfield, headed by Camon's Military band, and from Wichita, led by Sanford's Military band, will come large and enthusiastic delegations. From northern Oklahoma and all over southern Kansas great crowds will come to Cherryvale. The G. A. R. commander of Kansas, Patrick Henry Coney, assisted by other boys of the '60s who are still in the fight for justice and a square deal and to down oppression, will fight the fire under the Uncle Sam furnaces. All Kansas is backing this great independent refinery and there is a storm gathering in the central west, backed by righteous indignation, that will checkmate the present oil robbery in the oil fields and the Uncle Sam company, with its pipe lines and refinery, owned and controlled mostly by Kansas taxpayers and home people, is a forerunner of a successful campaign which will yield handsome profits to every investor.

FUEL users of the central west are especially invited to visit Cherryvale on July 4, where, at the refinery grounds, every man can see for himself the actual heating value of fuel oil. By trunk and lateral pipes this great independent enterprise will lay down nature's own fuel to the taxpayers of the central west at living prices. Company now owns and controls enough oil lands on which to drill over 6,000 producing wells. Owning its own productions and its own transportation facilities, the Uncle Sam company offers a practical and profit-making investment, one that will increase twenty-fold.

Come and See an Actual Test of Burning Fuel Oil.

There is hardly a hamlet in Kansas, or in adjoining states, that is not vitally interested in the fuel problem. Now at Cherryvale, on July Fourth, the management of the Uncle Sam Refinery Company will have an oil burner in operation showing the fuel oil as it heats the boilers. Come and see an actual test. If you are a miller or a machine man, or running a threshing machine, take a day off at Cherryvale. You can have a good time and at the same time see something that may mean the saving of a good many dollars to you. Better send in $80 and secure 1,000 shares of this valuable refinery stock, and then be doubly interested. Remember that in ten days you may not be able to buy the stock at two times this price.

Will Organize Oil Granges and Establish Oil Stations All Over Kansas.

The Uncle Sam company now has in the state of Kansas alone over 1,200 stockholders, and there are thousands of people whose good will and influence will back the company, because it is a home concern and offers a square deal to a home product. Kansans stand by each other, and the Uncle Sam refined and fuel oil will sell at a premium. Get on the right side now and invest some money where it will be safe and increase in value several fold. The people are behind this company and that means protection of your property. You can now secure 5,000 $1.00 shares for $400.00 by sending draft or check by return mail, while in a week the stock that will be sold at this price may all be gone. Oil granges will be organized all over the state, and distributing stations at all important points.

Railroad Switch Long Ago Completed.

The Uncle Sam company has crowded things from the word go. While others have talked it has done the work. A railroad switch was completed into the refinery grounds over six weeks ago. Everything is now nearly completed for work next month, when the company will commence refining oil and turning gold into the treasury.

Stockholders in Every State and Territory in the Union and in Canada and Old Mexico.

The Uncle Sam company is not only protected by the strong arm of the state of Kansas and backed by public approval, but is securing financial aid from every state in the union. Men are woking for it everywhere. The company is strong and hourly growing stronger. Better buy 10,000 shares now at $800.00 and come down and celebrate July Fourth.

Room for Over Six Thousand Producing Wells and Oil Enough to Supply the Refineries and Feed the Pipe Line, When Field Is Developed, for More than a Century.

It's not every day that you have such a practical and profit-making enterprise offering you a square deal, and stock at a price that is certain to make you great dividends and be a bread winner for your family after you are gone. Stop and consider a minute. The Uncle Sam company has a great production of oil that it owns or controls right now, and it has room on oil lands for over 6,000 additional wells. It has surrounded its consuming territory with hundreds of stockholders. It is building solid as it goes, discounting all bills, and with the crude product to start with can not help but be a great money maker. This will absolutely be your last chance to secure any of this stock at present prices. Better think twice before you let this opportunity go by. If you don't see this ad until late you should remit by draft or check and telegraph the secretary to hold your stock or it may soon be taken by other parties.

Quarter of a Million Dollar Refinery Practically Completed and Paid For.

The Uncle Sam company has crowded the work from the word go with great vim. They now have nearly completed one of the largest and most up-to-date refineries ever built in the west and it is the first one constructed since the favorable Kansas legislation of last winter.

Come down and see this great plant as it turns the crude oil into refined oil ready to burn in your lamps. The company has just what it advertises and will be only too glad to prove each and every advertised statement, if you will come to Cherryvale and be shown. There are assets back of this refinery stock and if you have from $1,000 to $8,000 to invest, better get busy quick and send in your remittance and order for stock.

Owns and Controls Over Seventeen Thousand Acres of Oil Lands — Seventy-eight Oilers, Four Pumping Plants and Miles of Lateral Pipe Lines.

In Labette, Montgomery and Elk counties the Uncle Sam refinery holds some of the richest and most choice developed and undeveloped oil properties to be found. The company is proceeding on a safe and conservative course. It owns its own production; the men at the head of the company are practical oil men. They know about every rabbit path in the oil fields. The company is daily securing additional properties. When you buy the stock of this company you secure property that is increasing in value. Don't wait until the pipe line to Kansas City is half completed and 10,000 acres of additional oils lands secured and then expect to buy stock at even 50 cents per share. Now is the time to act, when you know it is selling at a price that is certain to advance suddenly. If you can not invest a thousand or so dollars you are just as welcome to take 500 shares at $40.00. This is a common man's company.

The Great Million and a Half-Gallon Storage Tank.

The first great storage tank ever built in the west by an independent company has been completed by the Uncle Sam refinery. It is now being filled with oil. It holds 1,600,000 gallons. It cost a small fortune, but like verything else connected with the Uncle Sam company, it was put up to stay and is paid for. When you join this company you join a wide-awake, energetic company, one that is a winner and one that will pay you dividends on your investment. Doesn't it look good to you? It does to hundreds of other investors. At any rate, if you ever get in at the present prices you will have to act quickly. Remember, $1,000 will buy 20,000 $1 shares if taken at once, while in less than two weeks there may not be any for sale, and at any rate, will cost you 20 per cent more. This is an item worth considering, but don't delay too long.

Patrick Henry Coney, Kansas Commander of the G. A. R., Assisted by Other Able Men, Will Start the Wheels of the Refinery Going on July Fourth.

All Kansas is interested in seeing a square deal in the oil fields. They are not only wishing that such may be the final outcome but they are mixing in the game. They are going to compel just such conditions, for Kansans generally finish what they start. No other man than the commander of the boys in blue of the great commonwealth of the Sunflower state could have been better fitted for the starting of this great independent enterprise. The gang of thieves that have so long bulldozed and blewn up properties and destroyed competition until they have successfully robbed both consumer and producer in the eastern fields had better not "monkey" with this Kansas buzzsaw that is back of the Uncle Sam refinery. The old soldiers of Kansas are still in the fight for freedom and justice. Hundreds of them are stockholders in the Uncle Sam company. Property has always been safe where these kind of men fathered its protection. There is a storm gathering in Kansas that stolen millions cannot checkmate. If you line up with this company you can depend on a square deal, Kansas will see you get it and the nation will back her up.

There is over 350 per cent profit in refining oil. True, the Uncle Sam company does not intend to try and make such profits, but it can make every man a small fortune on his investment in this stock and at the same time give the consumer equitable prices. Better buy some of this stock. Join our band now over 3,000 strong and help yourself and the company too by sending in your remittances at once for what stock you can carry at $80.00 per 1,000 shares. Your interests will be protected. If you don't think so just come to Cherryvale on the Fourth and you will find that there are thousands of men in the central west who will spend thousands of dollars and give their time to secure a free market for a home product.

Camon's Military Band from Winfield, Sanford's Military Band from Wichita and a Parade Several Miles Long With Fifty Teams Hauling Pipe for the Cherryvale-Kansas City Pipe Line.

There will be no place in the central west that will celebrate the Fourth of July with any more enthusiasm than Cherryvale. A great parade will be pulled off about 11 o'clock. Speaking at the auditorium at 1 o'clock. Oil display at 4 o'clock. Special trains and free hacks to the refinery grounds. Band concert and fireworks in the evening. It will be worth the price to come and hear the music; it will be worth three times the price to see the starting of the Uncle Sam refinery. If you are a fuel user, you will get information that will save you several dollars in the saving of fuel that you will soon be able to secure from the Uncle Sam refinery. Better come to Cherryvale and spend a profitable day and have a good time besides. You are welcome. Celebration is under the management of the Cherryvale fire department with the Uncle Sam refinery helping out, as this company has just what it has advertised and wants the people to come and see for themselves.

Bank Presidents Are Buying This Stock.

When you invest in Uncle Sam, remember that conservative business men all over the United States are buying it. More than twenty bank presidents in Kansas own stock in this company. Men who know the value of a dollar are with us. The same conditions prevail in the east. In Illinois, Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky and Pennsylvania this company has an average of 300 stockholders in each state. Merchants, farmers and lawyers are buying stock. Don't delay your remittances. You can invest safely from $40.00 to $8,000.00. If you have a friend with money to spare let him know about this company before the advance, which is certain to come soon.

Franchise for Pipe Line to the River Front.—Connections for Fuel Stations Will Be Made Every Ten Miles.

Clear across the eight Kansas counties the Uncle Sam company has secured valuable franchises for the 179 miles of pipe line that is now being built. This line will push its way through some of the richest fields of the Sunflower state and will lay down to thousands of homes fuel at living prices. Figure for yourselves. Farmers all along this line pay from $4 to $6 per ton for coal. Three barrels of fuel oil is equal to one ton of good coal. The refinery can lay this oil down free of freight rates by pumping it from its own wells to the taxpayer of Kansas. Is it any wonder that Kansans are backing this company? By following such practical lines as these is what makes a certainty of refinery stock going to 50 cents per share.

Kansas City Has a Fuel Oil Consumption of Over Seventy-five Thousand Barrels Daily. Uncle Sam's Pipe Line Goes Through a Friendly Oil Field for Over Sixty Miles.

The Uncle Sam pipe line will pay for itself in eighteen months in the saving of freights. It will have for over sixty miles oil on every side. It will go through an oil field in Woodson county that has never had a pipe line. The refinery site at Kansas City is close to the manufacturing center. Kansas City has a fuel consumption daily equaling close to 90,000 barrels a day. Now, don't you see it is practical to build this pipe line? Don't you see that with the oil we own to start with, and the thousands of barrels which can be secured at a reasonable price, all transported through this line at a good profit, we will soon pay for the line in the saving of freights alone? Size up this proposition from every standpoint and you will find it one of real merit. It is not impossible for the stock now selling at $80 per 1,000 shares to go to $1 per share or par. If you have money to invest, better give this matter serious thought before you turn it down, for there is a great future for the Uncle Sam company. Get in now at a price that hundreds have paid and one that you know will advance inside of two weeks.

One-third of the Kansas City Pipe Line Will Be on the Grounds and Paid for in Six Weeks.

Thirty-five carloads of this pipe is now on the road. Don't wait until 100 men are working from both ends of this line, rushing it to completion, but buy stock today. Just a matter of time until our pipe line will be one-third completed and paid for. Then the company will start in on the home stretch and will have the line completed to Kansas City before some people realize it, for the Uncle Sam company is doing things, you know.

There Is $3.00 to $5.00 Profits Per Barrel in Lubricating Oil.

There are great profits in lubricating oil. The big thing is to secure a market where freight rates do not rob you of your property. From the Kansas City plant the Uncle Sam refinery will have a ready market at three great manufacturing centers, along the Missouri and Mississippi rivers, and will own its own oil barges and steamboat its oil to where it pleases. It will not be compelled to pay robber freight rates to any thieving oil combine but will be independent and free and able to float its products to the ocean steamers regardless of anybody or anything. Now this is the kind of company to line up with. We are not leaving any loopholes for the enemy to pillage the stockholders of their rights. Money invested in this stock is bound to be safe and a great winner.

Financial Condition of the Company.

Authorized capitalization $10,000,000. Par value, $1 per share. Stock is non-assessable. Each share of stock draws the same amount of dividends as any other share. The company now has in oil wells, franchises, right of ways, machinery and valuable oil holdings, properties worth on a very conservative basis over $400,000. Besides this, it has a refinery practically completed and paid for which is worth to this company at least another $250,000. There is still in the treasury a little over 5,000,000 shares of stock. This stock is selling readily at 8 cents per share cash, and 9 cents on installments. It is in fact in great demand. Figuring on a conservative estimate, at least $800,000 will yet be realized to the treasury of the company before the treasury reserve is all placed. With this money the company will build a third refinery in Oklahoma and secure at least 15,000 acres of additional oil lands, complete some river barges and build refinery No. 2 at Kansas City and develop the valuable holdings now owned by the company. It will take time to do all of this, but the company will continue to walk right along. At the end of every day we will be nearer the goal than the day before. The management of this company believe the stock can in the next year be increased in solid values to 50 cents per share. The company is paying as it goes and will continue this course.

REFERENCES.

The Montgomery County National bank, Cherryvale.

The People's National bank, Cherryvale.

Cherryvale State bank, Cherryvale.

If you know of a prominent business man in Cherryvale write to him. We could give five hundred references among them about twenty of the leading newspapers of the United States all of which have had personal representatives on the grounds.

PERSONNEL OF COMPANY.

President—James Ingersoll.
Vice President—J. H. Ritchie.
Secretary and treasurer—H. H. Tucker, jr.

The above mentioned men placed the Publishers' Oil company on a dividend paying basis in less than one year. The great bulk of the Publishers' stock sold at from 8 to 12 cents per share.

STOCK WILL BE ADVANCED 20 PER CENT ON MONDAY, JULY 3d.

Every day business men insist that the stock of this company should sell for more money. In fact, the management knows that the stock should bring right now at least 15 cents per share, and the company will not accept much more money on the basis below. We mean this, too. On July 3d this refinery stock will absolutely be advanced at least 20 per cent. All the present allotment may be sold in the next week. Don't wait with your remittances. Hurry your order in, for the stock is too cheap at 8 cents and is going fast. If you don't think so, come down to the office, where from five to seven clerks work from morning till night taking care of the correspondence and the orders for stock. This company is under the management of business men. The homes are in Cherryvale. There is no graft connected with it. There is no dead stock. The company is "on the square" in fact as well as name, and we are prepared to prove it. Everybody in Cherryvale is working for the company. There is no knocking on the company, except by a few hirelings, who would slander any legitimate enterprise if they got their price for doing such dirty work. Don't let them cheat you out of a good investment, but buy now. Don't delay an hour after reading this announcement, for it will appear in the leading papers of the nation, and this stock is going to be oversubscribed, and you want to get in first or others will secure what you want.

Now Is the Time to Buy Your Stock.

For a Few More Days the Uncle Sam Co. Will Sell Treasury Stock as Follows:

500 Shares	$40.00	2,500 Shares	$200.00
1,000 Shares	$80.00	5,000 Shares	$400.00
1,500 Shares	$120.00	10,000 Shares	$800.00
2,000 Shares	$160.00		

The Stock is non-assessable and the par value is $1.00 per Share.

INSTALLMENT OFFER GIVES EVERY MAN A CHANCE.

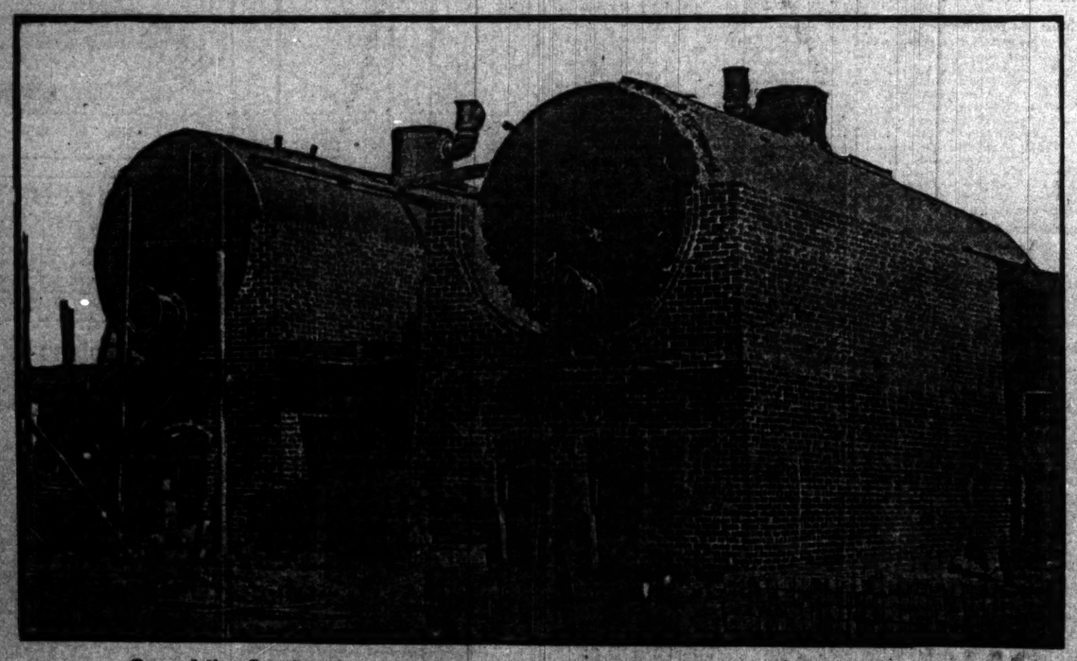
Subject to raise without notice, the company will sell stock as follows on installments:

500 shares $5 cash, with 5 monthly payments of $8.
1,000 shares $10 cash, with 5 monthly payments of $16.
2,000 shares $20 cash, with 5 monthly payments of $32.
3,000 shares $30 cash, with 5 monthly payments of $48.
4,000 shares $40 cash, with 5 monthly payments of $64.
5,000 shares $50 cash, with 5 monthly payments of $80.
10,000 shares $100 cash, with 5 monthly payments of $160.
20,000 shares $200 cash, with 5 monthly payments of $320.

HOW TO SEND MONEY

Make your checks, drafts or money orders payable to the Uncle Sam company or to H. H. Tucker, jr., secretary. Write your name plainly, tell us how, or to whom you want the stock issued, and we will forward stock by return mail, and also send you weekly report thereafter, thus keeping you fully posted. Address

H. H. TUCKER, JR., Secretary,
CHERRYVALE, KANSAS.



One of the Great Batteries of Stills Now Almost Completed. Photo June 10th.

This photo was taken a few days ago and shows two of the great stills at the refinery and the brick work over the furnaces as it is nearing completion. At this date these stills are almost ready to refine the crude oil. Every day carloads of machinery arrive on the refinery grounds. It is impossible to show the great plant in one photograph as we would like to. This is one little corner. The refinery property has to be seen to be appreciated. Buy your stock now and come down and look it over July 4. Two hundred dollars will buy 2,500 $1 shares. Remember that the stock advances 20 per cent on July 3, if not before, and 20 per cent is a pretty substantial advance.